Accelerating Artificial Intelligence for High Energy Physics



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FTCF 2024 (https://indico.pnp.ustc.edu.cn/event/91/) University of Science and Technology of China Jan 17 2024



Exploring the Quantum Universe Pathways to Innovation and Discovery in Particle Physics

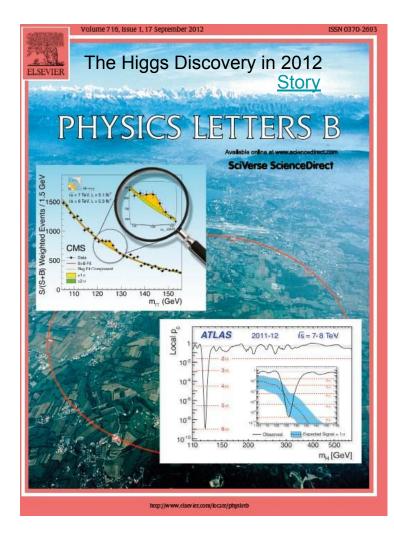
DRAFT Report of the 2023 Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel

Executive Summary

P5 Report (Draft Dec 2023)

https://www.usparticlephysics.org/2023-p5-report/

Investing in the scientific workforce and enhancing computational and technological infrastructure is crucial. To achieve this goal, funding agencies should support programs that foster a supportive, collaborative work environment; help recruit and retain diverse talent; and reinforce professional standards. Targeted increases in support for theory, general accelerator R&D (GARD), instrumentation, and computing will bolster areas where US leadership has begun to erode. These areas align with national initiatives in artificial intelligence and machine **learning (AI/ML)**, guantum information science (QIS), and microelectronics, creating valuable synergies. Such increased support maximizes the return on scientific investments, fosters innovation, and benefits society in domains from medicine to national security.





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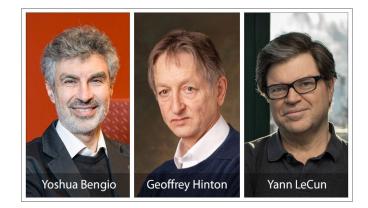
© Nobel Media AB. Photo: A. Mahmoud Peter W. Higgs





AlexNet Comm. ACM. 60 (6): 84–90

2012: A Breakthrough Year for Deep Learning



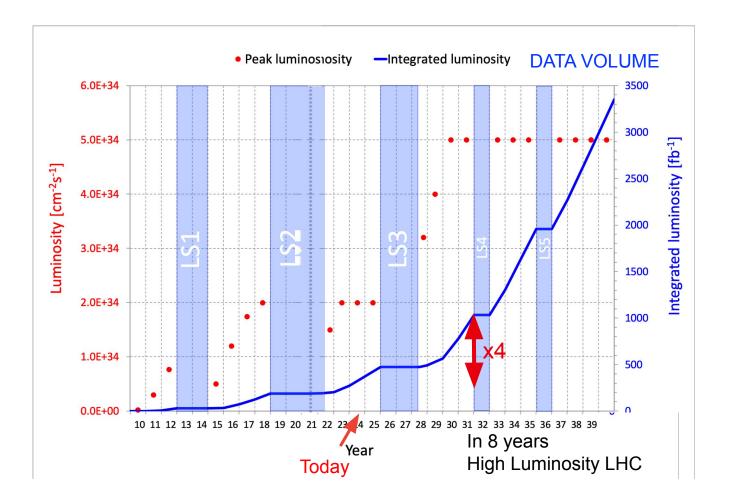
ACM 2018 Turing Award

| | Creating and Creat | |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Top discovery | Neutrino Oscillations | Higgs Discovery |
| 1995 | 2001 | 2012 |
| 1995 | 2001 | 2012 |
| Support Vector Machine | Gradient Boosting | AexNet |

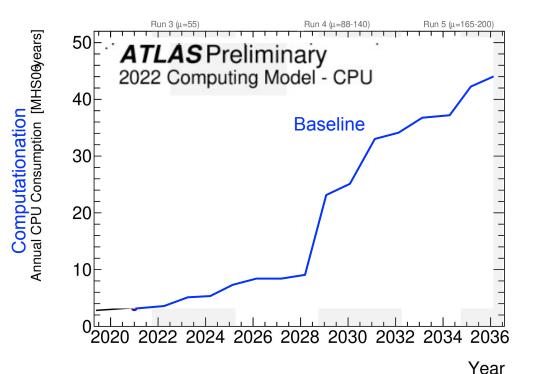
У 2016 2022 AlphaGo ChatGPT Deep Learning revolution



Credit: Onpassive

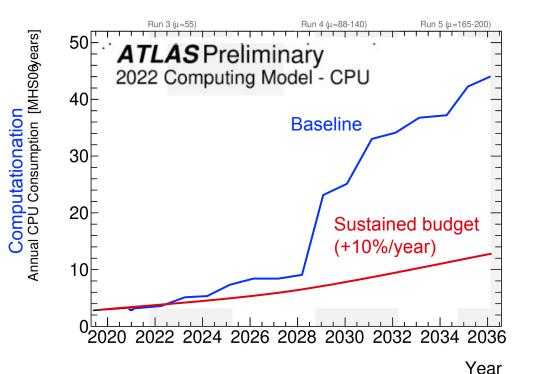


Critical computing challenge



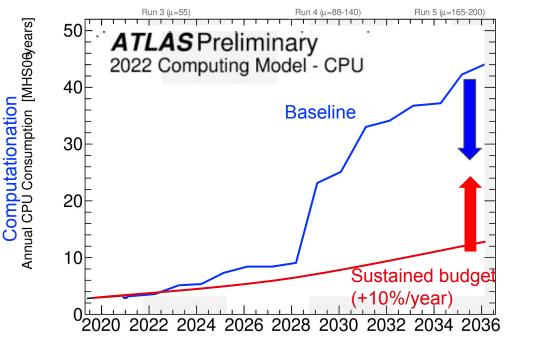
- To preserve current physics we are upgrading the system
 - Our event size will have to be 10x larger
 - We will have to take data at 4 times the current rate

Critical computing challenge



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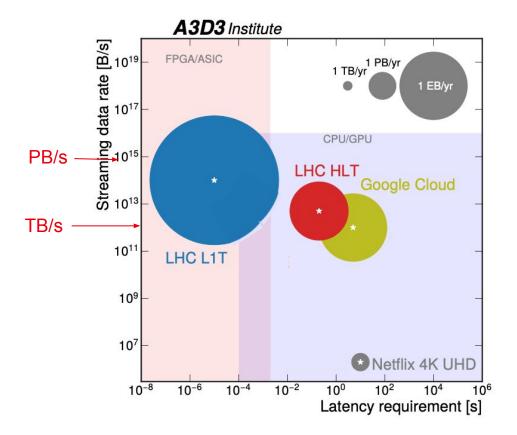
Critical computing challenge



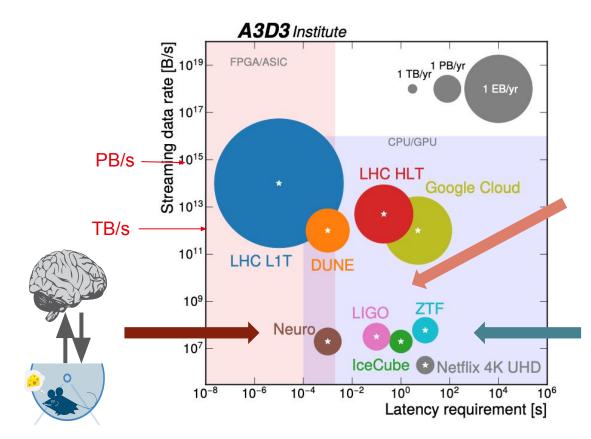
Smarter Algorithms - Al

Faster Hardware - Co-processor

Critical computing challenges



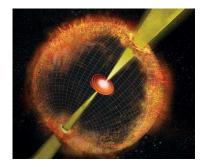
Common big data challenges



Gravitational Wave



<u>Supernova</u>

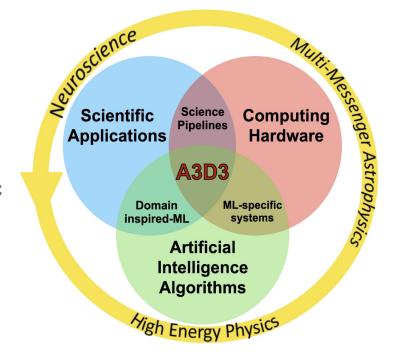


NSF HDR Institute A3D3

Accelerated Artificial Intelligence Algorithms for Data-Driven Discovery

Mission:

To enable real-time Al techniques for scientific and engineering discovery by uniting three core components: Scientific Applications, Artificial Intelligence Algorithms, and Computing Hardware



Cross-institution

Spread across the USA at **16** institutions for **104** members





Cross-discipline





Hsu

PI





Liu







CS/EE





Hauck





Han





Lai (NYCU) 賴伯承 15





Coughlin co-Pl



Harris

co-Pl

Neubauer

co-Pl



Hanson

Katsavounidis







Shlizerman Dadarlat Makin Orsborn

Duarte

Rankin

Sravan

Li





Chen



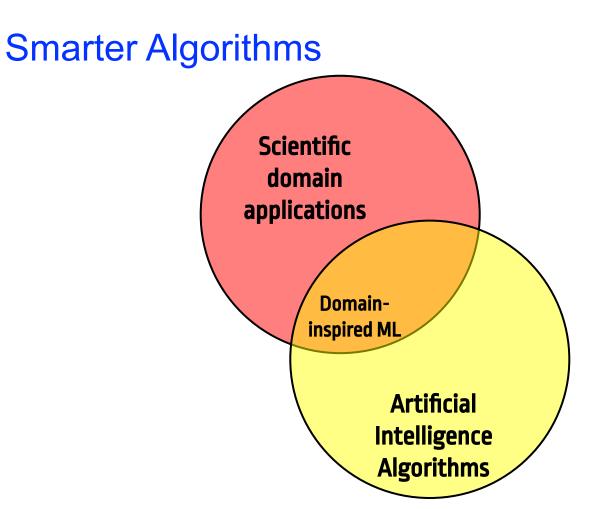




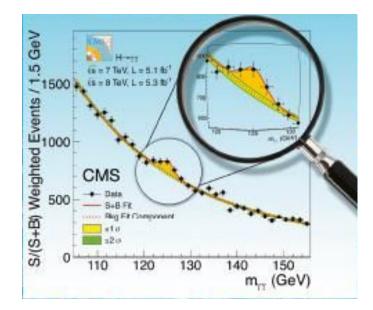


- **17** Senior Personal
- **5** Affiliates
- **10** Postdocs





AI has made critical contributions to the Higgs Discovery!

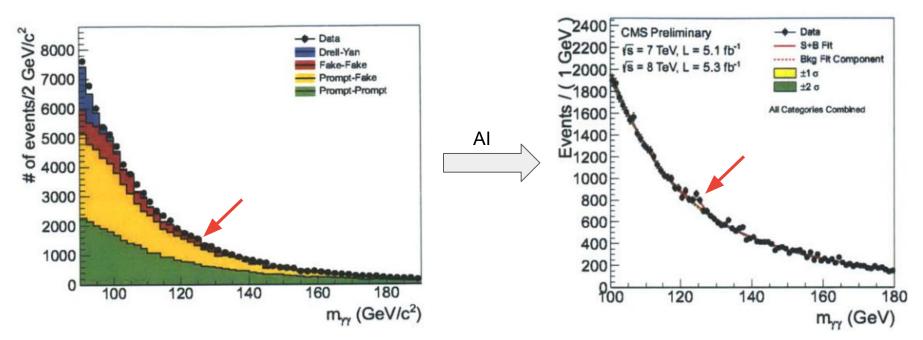


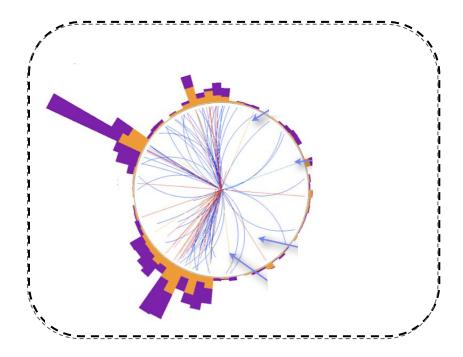
PHYSICS LETTERS B Volume 716, Issue 1, 17 September 2012

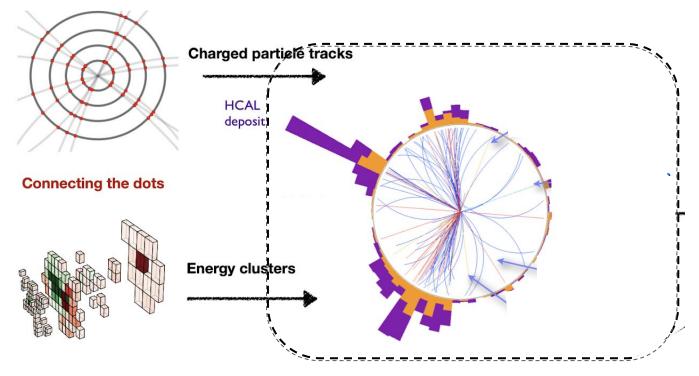
CERN-THESIS-2013-079

Key for discovery

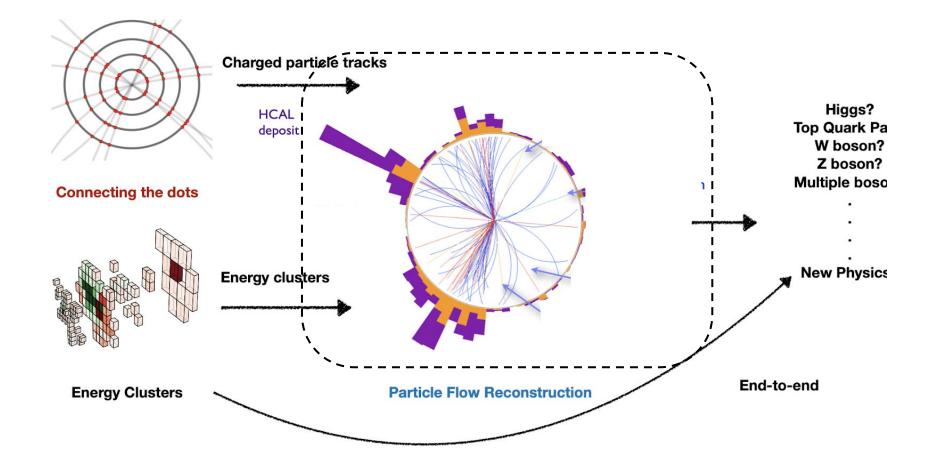
• Optimizing signal-to-background ratio





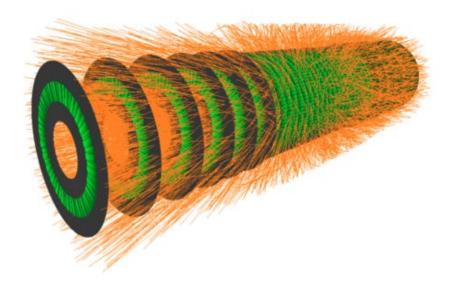


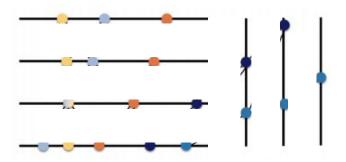
Energy Clusters



Track Reconstruction as Graph





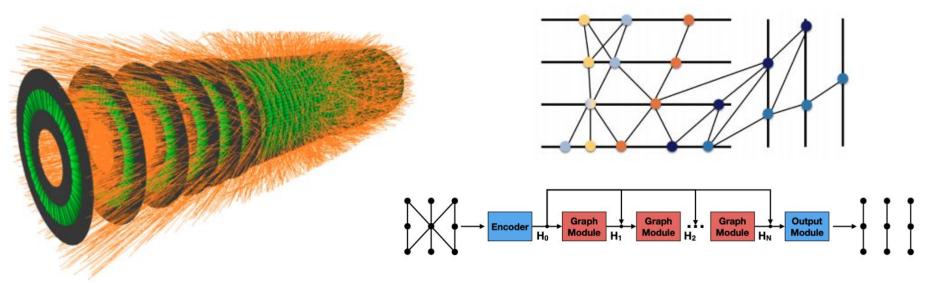


X. Ju, et. al. (Hsu, Thais) EPJC 81, 876 (2021)

Track Reconstruction as Graph

In FTCF24: <u>J. Zhang BESIII</u>, <u>H.</u> <u>Zhou STCF</u>, <u>A. Salzburger ACTS</u>

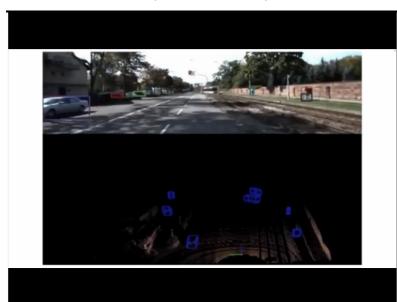
Graph Neural Network to identify correct edge connecting adjacent nodes

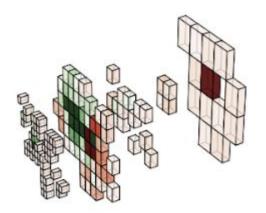


Clustering with Sparse Point Voxel Convolutional Neural Network <u>J. Krupa FastML'23</u>

Torchsparse/ Torchsparse++ (Haotian Tang, et al. @ MLSys'22)

2.9X faster than MinkowskiEngine (NVIDIA)**1.8X** faster than SpConv (TuSimple).





Energy Clusters

Clustering with Sparse Point Voxel Convolutional Neural Network

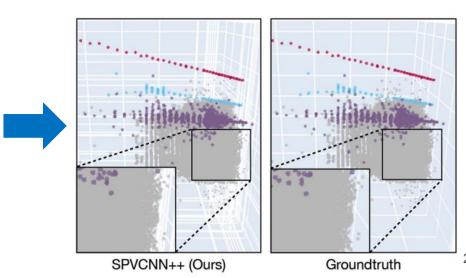
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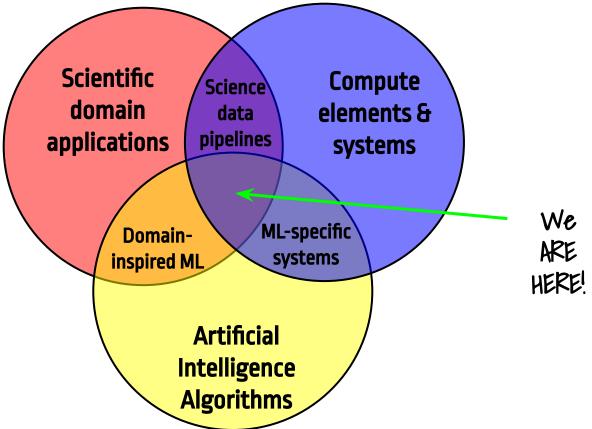


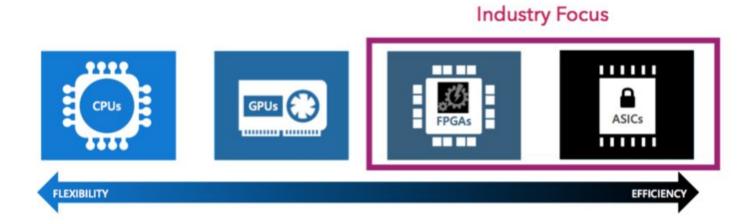
Particles are a set of 3D points and can be processed by our efficient 3D algorithms.

4% higher mIoU and 10+% higher PQ



Smarter Algorithms and Faster Hardware

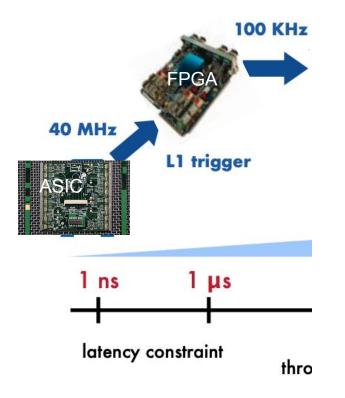


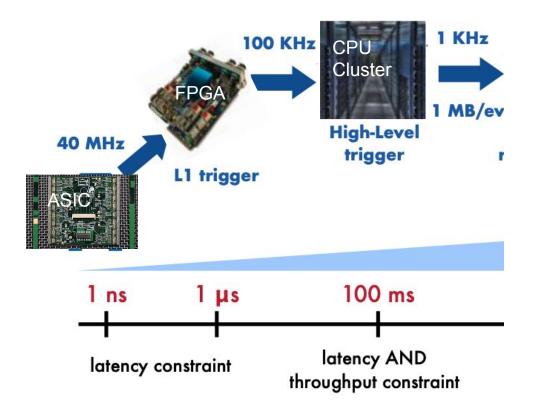


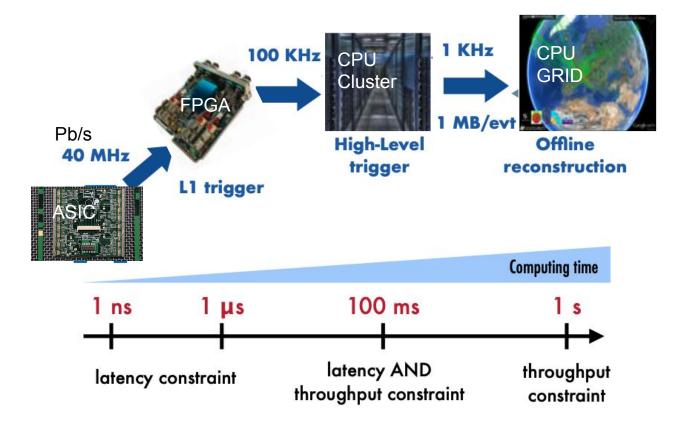
The Need for the FastML



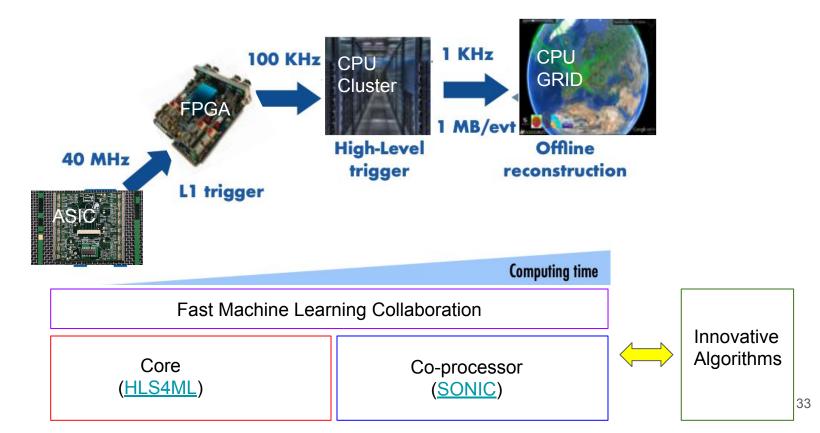




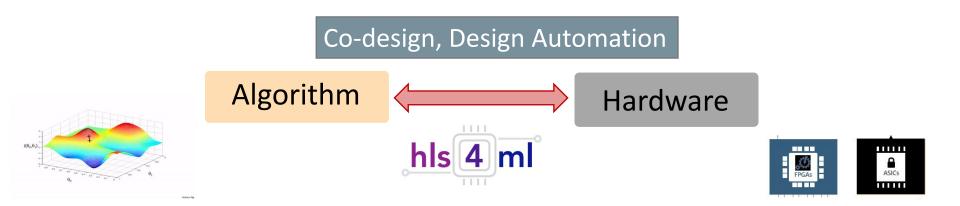




The Need for the FastML



HAC Research Focus



. . .

Challenges in Algorithm Design:

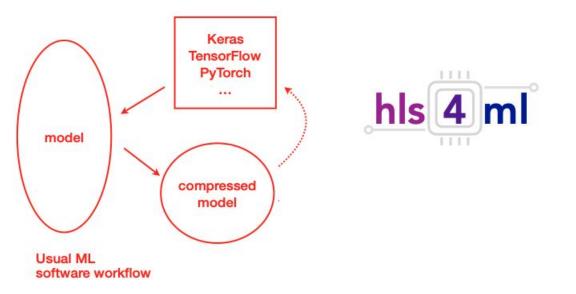
- Irregular data (graphs, point clouds)
- Label scarsity
- Al models are hard to be interpreted

Challenges in Deployment in Hardware:

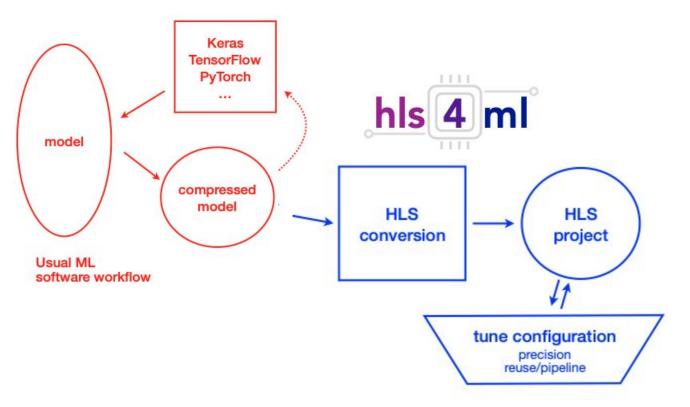
- Computation efficiency issues
- Power/memory constraints
- Hard to be implemented on FPGA/ASIC

--> hardware design automation tools

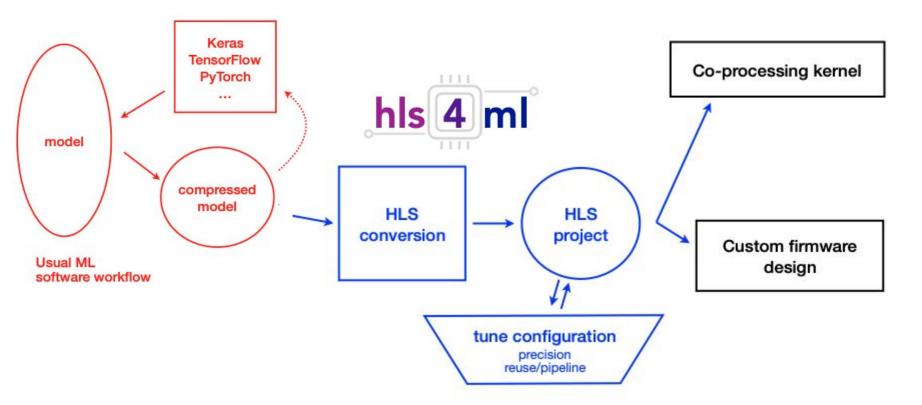
HLS4ML translating ML into FPGA firmware



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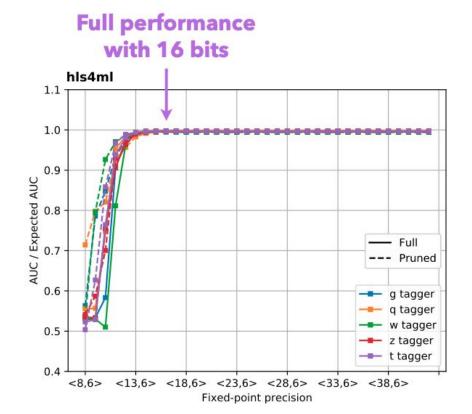


Quantization

Xilinx Vivado 2017.2 Clock frequency: 200 MHz FPGA: Xilinx Kintex Ultrascale (XCKU115-FLVB2104)

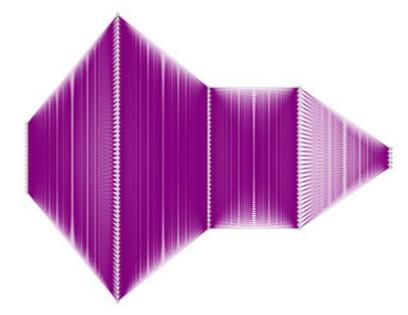
 Scan the bit width until you reach optimal performance

ap_fixed<width,integer>
0101.1011101010
integer
fractional
width



Compression

- Remove smallest weigł
- Iterate



Compression

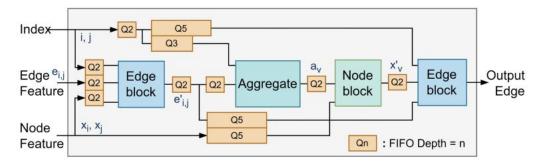
- Remove smallest weights
- Iterate

70% REDUCTION OF Weights with No Loss in Perf.

LOW LATENCY EDGE CLASSIFICATION GNN

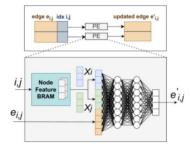
Shi-Yu Huang, Yun-Chen Yang, Yu-Ru Si, et. al. FPL 2023

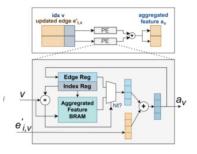
Modularized parallel architecture for each computational pipelines



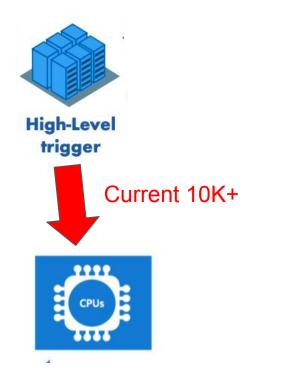
Achieving 2.07 us Latency with 3.225 Throughput (MGPS)

• Xilinx Virtex UltraScale+ VU9P HLS 2019.2





High-Level Trigger (100 KHz, 100 ms latency)

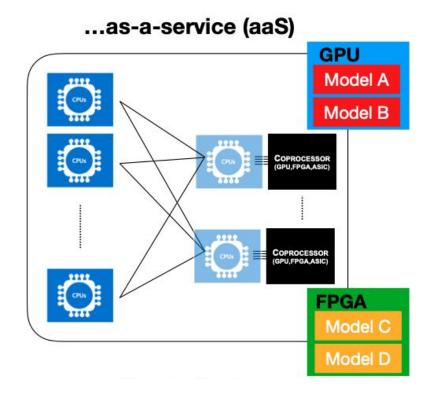


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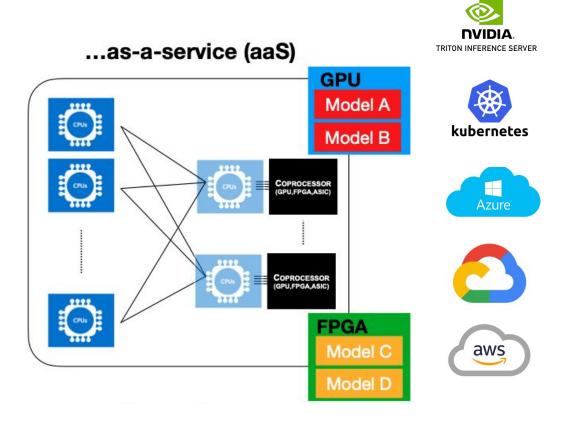
ML-as-a-Service

- Simple support for mixed hardware
- Scaleable
- Throughput optimization for multiple-core
- Simple client-side

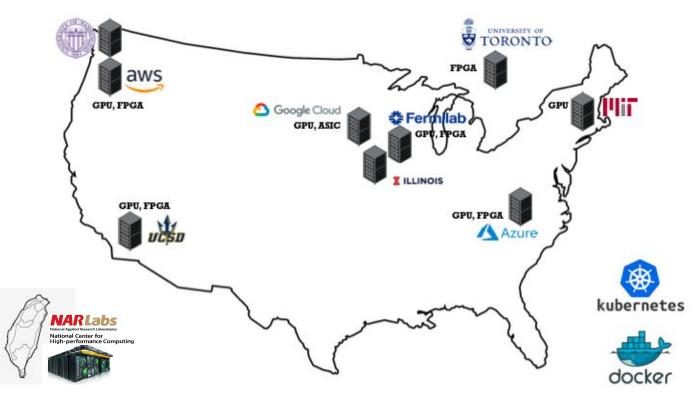


ML-as-a-Service

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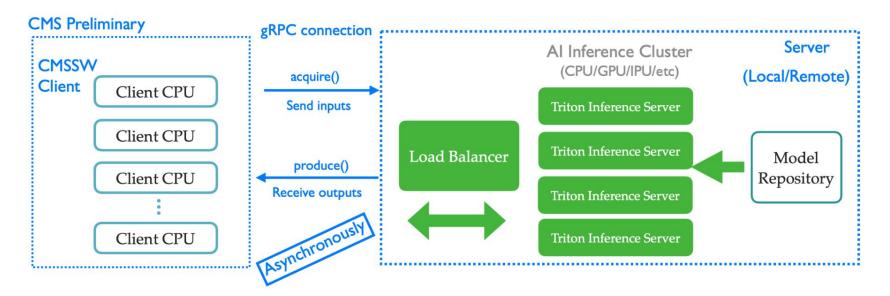
Scalability Test





Building a network of heterogeneous resources in the cloud and on-premises

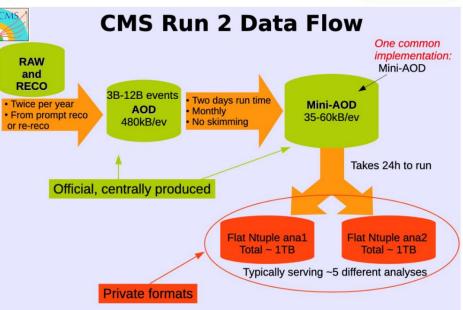
Work-in-progress: how to coordinate and orchestrate distributed heterogeneous resources • Within CMS software (CMSSW), the IaaS deployment scheme is called "Services for Optimized Network Inference on Coprocessors" (SONIC)



Studying SONIC at scale

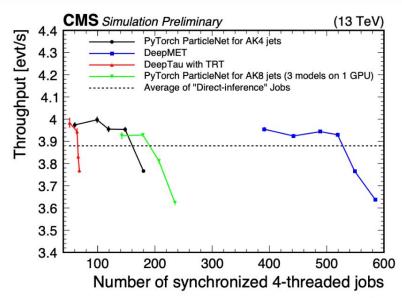
1702.04685

- As a testbed for SONIC-enabled deployment, we created a MiniAOD demonstrator workflow
 - Runs a refinement and slimming step of CMS data processing
 - Full MiniAOD processing workflow typically run ~monthly



Mini-AOD production typically takes about 0.5 seconds per event on production grid nodes

Optimizing performance: CPU-to-GPU ratio



- Having explored server parameters, we can test the number of client jobs that a single GPU can handle
- We perform these tests in the cloud, as we need to synchronize jobs running on O(1000) CPU cores

Summary

- Artificial Intelligence heavily applied to Physics Discovery
 - For examples, Higgs discovery!
- HL-LHC confronted Big Data challenge
 - Smart Machine Learning could offer partial solutions
- A3D3 focusing on accelerating AI to solve common challenges through interdisciplinary collaboration
 - Perfect time to join the growing community
 - Upcoming events
 - HDR Ecosystem conference, UIUC (Sep 9 2024)
 - https://indico.cern.ch/event/1364455/
 - Machine Learning Challenge (2024)



Shih-Chieh Hsu http://faculty.washington.edu/schsu/ schsu@uw.edu

Backup

Studying SONIC at scale

- Inferences for three classes of algorithms were run through SONIC:
 - ONNX-based jet tagger
 - TensorFlow based missing energy calculation
 - TensorFlow based CNN for tau lepton ID
- These algorithms consume about 10% of total workflow latency

| Algorithm | Time [ms] | Fraction [%] | Input [MB] |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| PN-AK4 | 42.4 | 4.3 | 0.04 |
| PN-AK8 | 11.4 | 1.1 | 0.003 |
| DeepMET | 13.2 | 1.3 | 0.33 |
| DeepTau | 21.1 | 2.1 | 1.18 |
| ParticleNet+DeepMET+DeepTau | 88.1 | 8.8 | 1.55 |
| Total | 993.3 | 100.0 | _ |