

Status of the SCT detector software

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A HEP software framework

A typical HEP experiment requires complete stack of relevant offline software:

- event generators,
- fast and full detector simulation,
- event reconstruction algorithms,
- event data model (EDM),
- I/O interface to conditions data base,
- I/O interface to data storage,
- offline data analysis algorithms,
- build system and release management software. . .

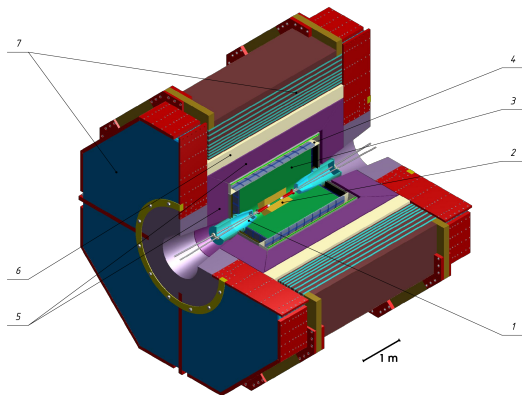
Also requires a well-defined computing environment.

Detector construction

SCT Detector overview

Requirements:

- Occupancy 350 kHz
- Good energy and momentum resolution
- High detection efficiency of soft tracks
- Best possible π/K and π/μ separations
- Minimal CP detection asymmetry



subsystem	options	subsystem	options
1	Beam pipe beryllium	2	Inner tracker TPC, cGEM, Si-strip
3	Main tracker drift chamber	4	PID system FARICH, ASHIPH?, DI
5	Calorimeter Csl, LYSO, LXe?	6	Magnet thin coil?
7	Muon system Scintillators, RPC?, ...		

Detector construction

General considerations of its implications on the software

- The SCT Detector construction is not finalized
- The detector structure is more or less typical for its size
- Similar experiments of less scale are planned (VEPP-6)
- Similar detector KEDR operates in BINP

We are considering to develop the software
in a generalized way

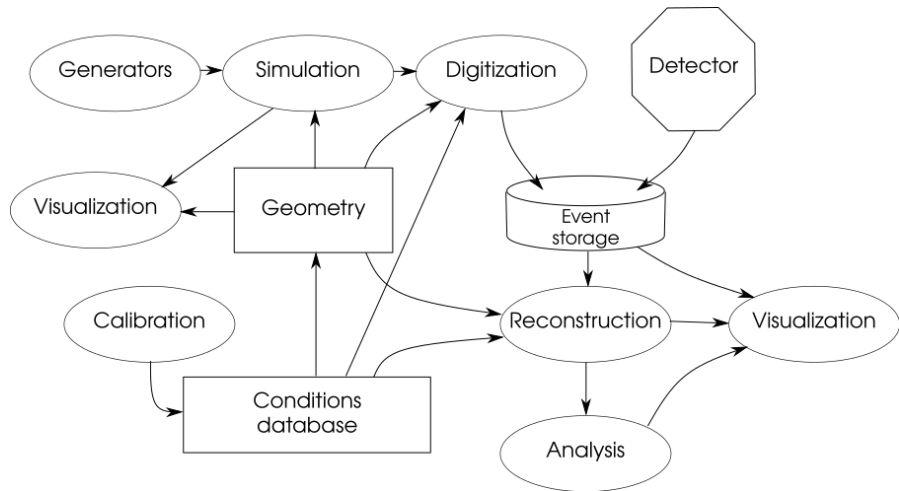
- Universal approach
- Tests on real data

The Aurora framework

- Generally inspired by ATLAS Athena
- Based on Gaudi
- Conventional and recently emerged HEP software tools:
 - ▶ ROOT, Geant4
 - ▶ DD4Hep (Key4HEP), ...
 - ▶ misc. event generators
- Other experiments software
 - ▶ Belle II, ILC, FCCSW...
- Build & configuration system adopted from ATLAS
- 1cgcmake-derived system to build external packages

Aurora

Framework elements and data flows



A conventional set of event generating tools available

- Exclusive decays of hadrons and tau lepton
 - ▶ EvtGen, Tauola, PHOTOS, Pythia
- Inclusive generators for $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
 - ▶ preliminary solution based on Pythia
- Generators for luminosity measurements and calibrations
 - ▶ MCGPJ, BabaYaga, BBBREM, KKMC...

Important issues:

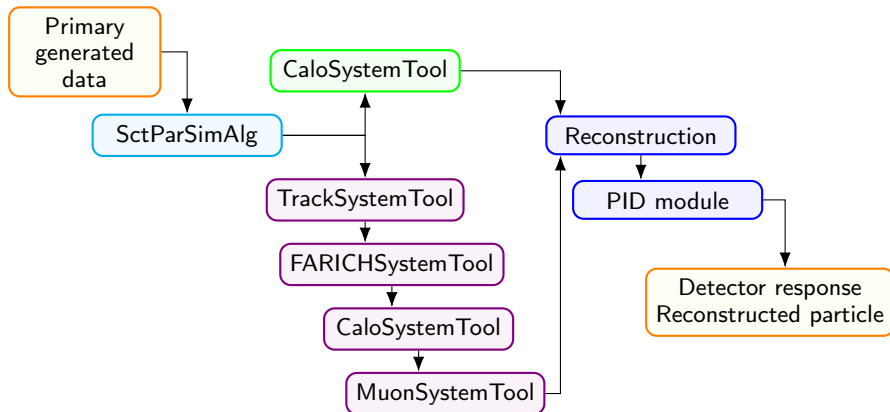
- correctly account for the beam(s) polarization
- need physics analysis people contribution

SCT Detector fast simulation

- Implemented as a set of Aurora packages
 - ▶ relies on Aurora MC generators and data flow
 - ▶ parameters controlled via Aurora mechanisms
 - ▶ about 150 times faster than full simulation
- Subsystems:
 - ▶ DC
 - ★ based on standalone simulations & BaBar experience
 - ★ expanded to cover the inner tracker region
 - ★ \vec{p} , $L(h; p, dE/dx)$, $L(h; p, dN_{cl}/dx)$.
 - ▶ FARICH
 - ★ based on standalone simulations & test beams
 - ★ $N_{ph.e.}$ and/or β , $L(h; p, N_{ph.e.})$, $L(h; p, \beta)$
 - ▶ calorimeter
 - ★ based on standalone simulations & test beams
 - ★ energies of charged and neutral clusters
 - ▶ muon system
 - ★ based on full simulation in Aurora
 - ★ l and $L(l; p, \theta)$ for μ and π

SCT Detector fast simulation

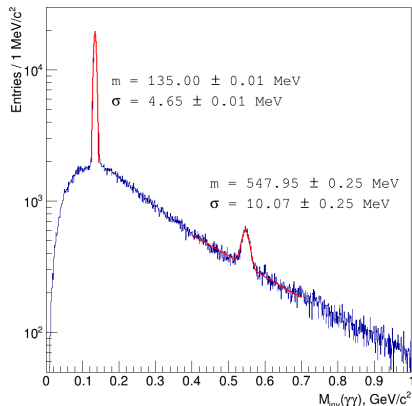
Fast simulation scheme



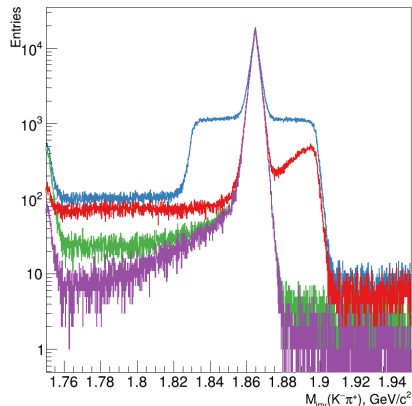
SCT Detector fast simulation

Some results

Invariant masses of two photons in decays of J/ψ



Reconstruction of $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ from inclusive decay of $\psi(3770)$

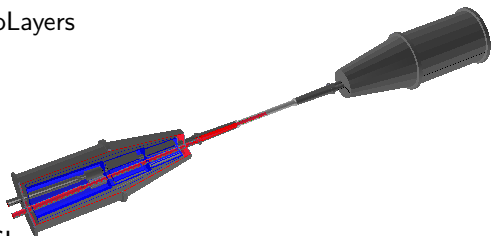


For the details please refer to the “Fast Simulation for the Super Charm-Tau Factory Detector” article (DOI: 10.1007/s41781-023-00108-7)

- ROOT-based
- PODIO to generate C++ classes using yaml file
- Not stable while active development is going on
→ Rebase to EDM4hep?

- Subsystems implemented at the moment:
 - ▶ Beam pipe & final focus magnets
 - ▶ Inner tracker (three options)
 - ▶ Advanced DC with StereoLayers
 - ▶ Particle ID
 - ▶ Crystal calorimeter
 - ▶ Simplified s/c coil
 - ▶ Muon system & yoke
- Geometry testing tools for CI (overlaps, material scans. . .)
- Simplified magnetic field inside the solenoid and yoke iron

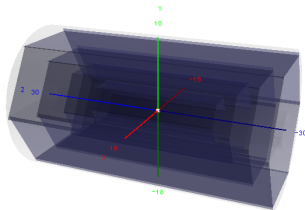
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Geometry

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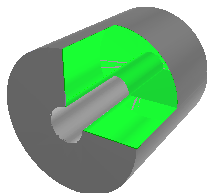


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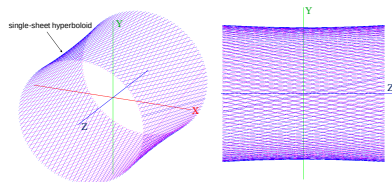
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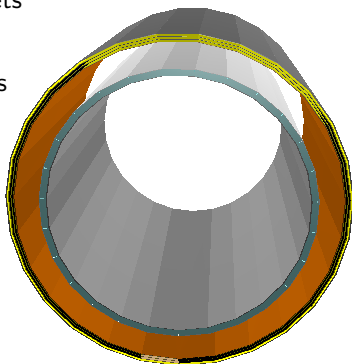


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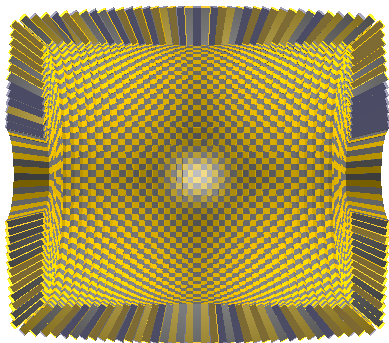
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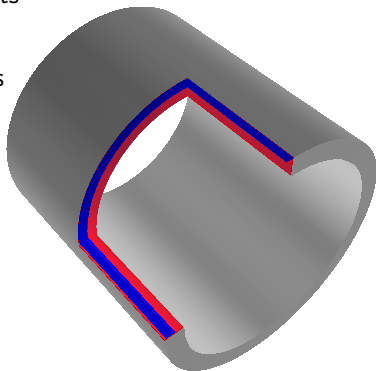
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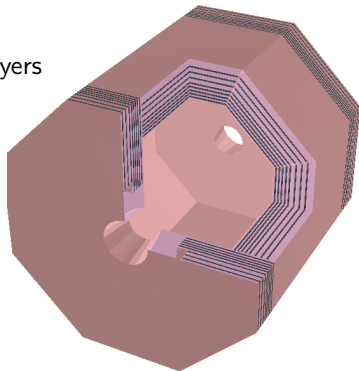
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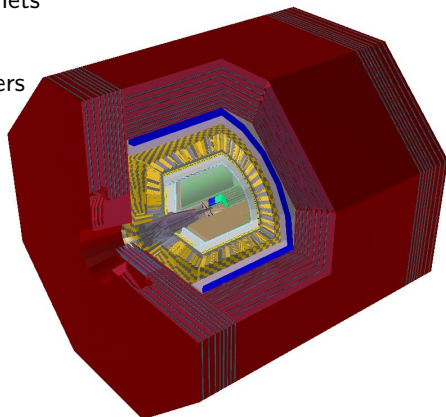
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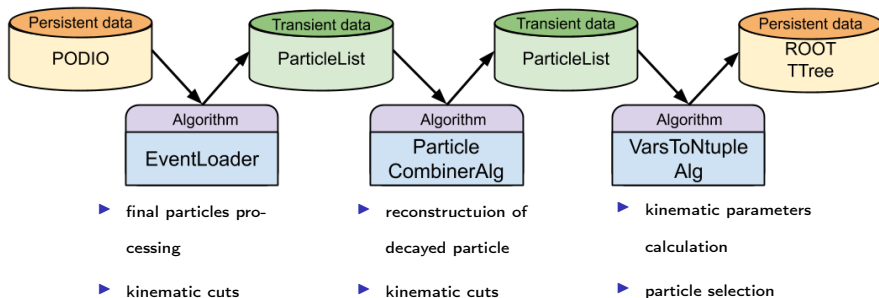
- Set initial parameters via job options file:
 - ▶ generate primary particles / read pre-generated events
 - ▶ choose active subsystems and select variants
 - ▶ tools to save output collections
 - ▶ ...
- Geant4 is used for the particle propagation and hit generation
 - ▶ Optical photons activated for FARICH
 - ▶ G4Hit — information about hit, time, energy deposit, track ID and etc.
 - ▶ Special Gaudi tools to save G4Hit for each sensitive detector subsystem

- most subsystems miss separate Digitization stage yet
 - ▶ integrated into reconstruction
 - ▶ based on standalone studies
 - ▶ modules prepared for Silicon Strip and Muon system
- 1st stage Reconstruction: individual subsystem level
 - ▶ in preparation by subsystem expert (need more activity)
 - ▶ MU is the most advanced at the moment
- 2st stage Reconstruction: combining subsystems, PID...
 - waiting for Rec. level 1 ready, need extra people

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Data Analysis

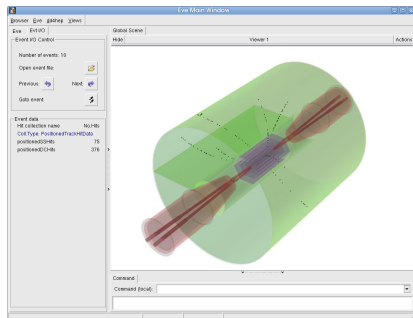
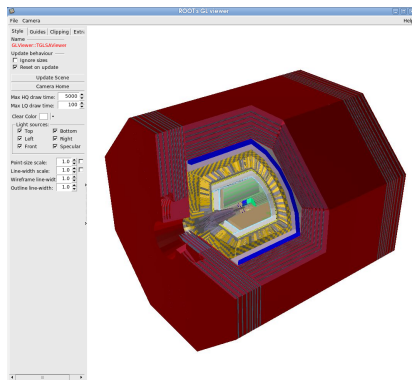
- Adopting Belle II recipes and solutions for analysis
- Base set of analysis algorithms ready:



- Need contributing users

Aurora: detector & event visualization

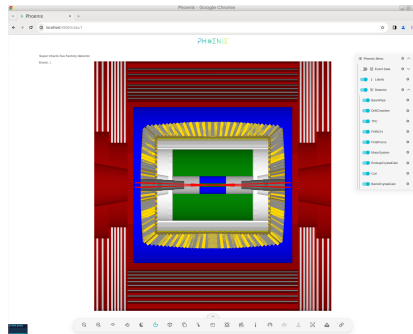
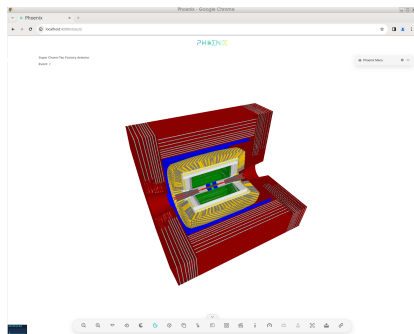
Standard DD4hep tools



- Geometry Display tool is ready
- Event Display (DDEve-based) available, lots of things to improve

Aurora: detector & event visualization

Web-based Detector/Event Display



- based on the Phoenix project
- supports VR
- still lots to be done...

Aurora

The software distribution

User's options to access the software are:

- Be registered at BINP/GCF cluster and use the “master” installation
- Download VirtualBox and QEMU/KVM VM images and run the VM locally
 - ▶ a Linux system image (currently SL7)
 - ▶ a specific Aurora release image (e.g. `re1_2.1.0.qcow2`)
 - ▶ an empty expandable `/home` image (optional)

This variant completely emulates the BINP/GCF Aurora environment for a given release

- (Hopefully in the nearest future) worldwide directly via CVMFS

Instructions in the SCT Detector wiki

Aurora

The software distribution

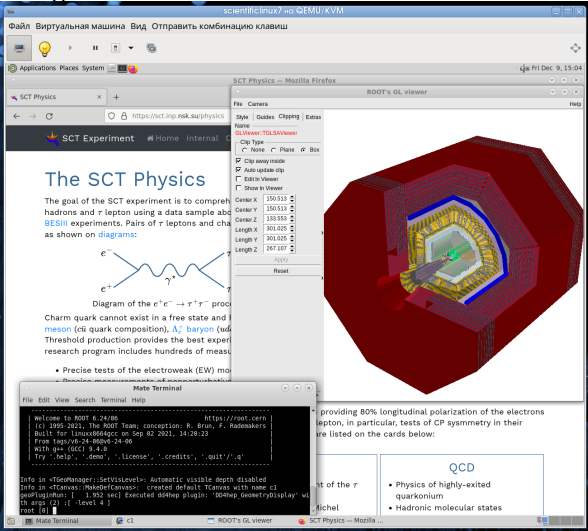
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- Be registered at BINP
- Download VirtualBox locally
 - ▶ a Linux system image
 - ▶ a specific Aurora release
 - ▶ an empty expansion pack

This variant completely replaces the previous one for a given release

- (Hopefully in the near future)

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Conclusions

Aurora 2.1.0 released last year, featuring

- a basic set of primary MC event generators,
- ready-to-use fast simulation,
- common detector geometry description (with at least basic description for all detector elements, and several options for some subsystems),
- full Geant4-based simulation,
- digitization modules for some subsystems,
- reconstruction modules (from basic to really advanced, depending on subsystem),
- analysis and job configuration tools,
- test and service tools, including brand-new web-based detector display utility.

We thank all the people whose software is incorporated into or used by Aurora

Conclusions

Aurora 2.1.0 is available at BINP/GCF, via VM images, and (soon) via CVMFS.

Further development:

- framework “generalization”,
- digitization & reconstruction modules (need experts participation),
- generators & analysis tools (need physics people participation),
- visualization improvements,
- computing environment & software stack upgrade,
- ... and lots more.

Thank you for attention