

Hadronic molecules and kinematic singularities

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Charmonia and charmonium-like structures

Mass (MeV)

- Abundance of new states from peak hunting
 - \square *b*-hadron (*B*, Λ_b) decays
 - □ Hadron/heavy-ion collisions
 - $\Box \gamma \gamma$ processes
 - □ e⁺e⁻ collisions: vectors and states produced from vector decays
 > BESIII
 - Future tau charm facilities
- What are they?

 $\square Nonperturbative QCD \Rightarrow difficult!$



Charmonia and charmonium-like structures



Different pictures of the internal structure see also talks by M. Karliner, A. Polosa





charmonium

compact tetraquark



hadronic molecule



hadro-charmonium



hybrid charmonium

□ Nonperturbative, mixing is unavoidable ⇒ dominant component?
 □ Other effects: threshold cusps and triangle singularities (see later)

Theoretical methods

- Lattice QCD
- EFT based: heavy quark symmetry, flavor symmetry
- □ Phenomenological approaches: quark model, QCD sum rules, ...
- A unified description/classification is still missing



Many thresholds $\gtrsim 4 \text{ GeV}$

 J/ψ

0-(1--)

3000

 $\eta_c(1S)$

 $0^{+}(0^{-+})$





Thresholds play an essential role

Complicates extraction of resonance properties!

Measurements on various final states are important

Hadronic molecules?

Hadronic molecules

Composite systems of hadrons

 \Box analogues of the deuteron ($\approx pn$ bound state)

 \Box bound by the residual strong force, more extended than $1/\Lambda_{OCD}$

• Compositeness 1 - Z



See Polosa's talk for more discussion

S. Weinberg (1965); V. Baru et al. (2004); T. Hyodo et al. (2012); F. Aceti, E. Oset (2012); G.-Y. Chen, W.-S. Huo, Q. Zhao (2015); Z.-H. Guo, J. Oller (2016); I. Matuschek et al. (2021); Esposito et al. (2022); J. Song et al. (2022); M. Albaladejo, J. Nieves (2022); ... for reviews, see T. Hyodo, IJMPA 28 (2013) 1330045; FKG, C. Hanhart, U.-G. Meißner, Q. Wang, Q. Zhao, B.-S. Zou, RMP 90 (2018) 015004

probability of finding the physical state in two-hadron component (S-wave loosely bound)

 \Box can be expressed in terms of low-energy observables \leftarrow line shapes, scattering parameters

> coupling constant $g_{NR}^2 \approx (1-Z) \frac{2\pi}{\mu^2} \sqrt{2\mu E_B}$ E_B : binding energy; μ : reduced mass

 \succ ERE parameters (scattering length, effective range) $a \approx -\frac{2(1-Z)}{(2-Z)\sqrt{2\mu E_P}}, r_e \approx -\frac{Z}{(1-Z)\sqrt{2\mu E_P}}$ (for $r_e \leq 0$)

> phase shift $1 - Z = 1 - \exp\left(\frac{1}{\pi}\int_{0}^{\infty} dE \frac{\delta(E)}{E - E_{R}}\right)$ Y. Li, FKG, J.-Y. Pang, J.-J. Wu, PRD 105 (2022) L071502

- \checkmark derived with separable T-matrix & pole-dominance approximation of $\delta(E)$
- \checkmark valid independent of the sign of $r_e \Rightarrow Z = 0$ for $r_e > 0$ with ERE up to $\mathcal{O}(p^2)$

Complications due to kinematic singularities

- Singularities of S-matrix / scattering amplitudes
 - **Dynamics** \Rightarrow **poles**: bound states, resonances
 - □ Kinematics ⇒ additional singularities: threshold cusps, triangle singularities, ...
- Triangle singularity (TS)
 L.D. Landau (1959); J.D. Bjorken (1959); J. Mathews (1959); N. Nakanishi (1959); Coleman, Norton (1965); Schmid (1967); ...
 For a review, see FKG, X.-H. Liu, S. Sakai, PPNP 112, 103757 (2020)

Crucial to have measurements at various energies, in different processes



TS effects for $Z_c(3900)$: Q. Wang et al. (2013); M. Albaladejo et al. (2015); JPAC (2016); Q.-R. Gong et al. (2018); I. Danilkin et al. (2020); ... (more see later)

Binding mechanism of hadronic molecules

• Phenomenological picture: boson exchanges

□ One-pion exchange

N.A. Tönqvist, ZPC 61 (1994) 525; ...

> systems like $D\overline{D}$, $\Sigma_c\overline{D}$ unbound

Composite	J ^{PC}	Deuson
$Dar{D}^*$	0-+	$\eta_c (\approx 3870)$
$Dar{D}^*$	1++	$\chi_{c1} (\approx 3870)$
$D^*ar{D}^*$	0++	$\chi_{c0} (\approx 4015)$
$D^*ar{D}^*$	0-+	$\eta_c (\approx 4015)$
$D^*ar{D}^*$	1+-	$h_{c0} (\approx 4015)$
$D^*ar{D}^*$	2++	$\chi_{c2} (\approx 4015)$
$Bar{B}^*$	0-+	$\eta_b (\approx 10545)$
$Bar{B}^*$	1++	$\chi_{b1} (\approx 10562)$
$B^*ar{B}^*$	0++	$\chi_{b0} (\approx 10582)$
$B^*\bar{B}^*$	0++	$\eta_b (\approx 10590)$
$B^*\bar{B}^*$	1+-	$h_b (\approx 10608)$
$B^*ar{B}^*$	2++	$\chi_{b2} (\approx 10602)$

M. Voloshin, L. Okun, JETP Lett. 23 (1976) 333



□ Vector-meson exchange S. Krewald, R. Lemmer, F. Sassen, PRD 69 (2004) 016003; ...

$> 0^{++} D\overline{D}$ bound state predicted

Y.-J. Zhang, H.-C. Chiang, P.-N. Shen, B.-S. Zou, PRD 74 (2006) 014013; D. Gamermann et al., PRD 76 (2007) 074016; ...

But not seen in D. Wilson et al. [HadSpec], arXiv:2309.14070

→ Hidden-charm pentaquarks above 4 GeV (including $\Sigma_c \overline{D}$) predicted J.-J. Wu, R. Molina, E. Oset, B.-S. Zou, PRL 105 (2010) 232001; ...

Survey of the molecular spectrum in a simple model

♦ light-vector-meson exchanges

 \diamond single channel

 \diamond neglecting mixing

X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, Progr. Phys. 41 (2021) 65; CTP 73 (2021) 015201

Extension of the survey including more meson exchanges:

F.-Z. Peng, M. Sanchez-Sanchez, M.-J. Yan, M. Pavon Valderrama, PRD 105 (2022) 034028; M.-J. Yan, F.-Z. Peng, M. Pavon Valderrama, arXiv:2304.14855; ...

Survey of hadronic molecules: hidden-charm mesons w/ P = +





X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, Progr. Phys. 41 (2021) 65

- \checkmark > 200 hidden-charm hadronic molecules
- ✓ X(3872) as a $\overline{D}D^*$ bound state
- $\checkmark \tilde{X}(3872)$ COMPASS, PLB 783 (2018) 334
- ✓ $\overline{D}D$ bound state from lattice S. Prelovsek et al., JHEP06 (2021) 035
 - & other models C.-Y. Wong, PRC 69 (2004) 055202; Y.-J. Zhang et al., PRD 74 (2006) 014013; D. Gamermann et al., PRD 76 (2007) 074016; J. Nieves et al., PRD 86 (2012) 056004; ...

But not seen exp., not seen in HadSpec, arXiv:2309.14070

$\checkmark X(3960) \text{ in } B^+ \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^- K^+$



Data from LHCb, PRL 131 (2023) 071901; Fit in

T. Ji, X.-K. Dong, M. Albaladejo, M.-L. Du, FKG, J. Nieves, B.-S. Zou, Sci. Bull. 68 (2023) 2056

Survey of hadronic molecules: hidden-charm mesons w/ P = +





X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, Progr. Phys. 41 (2021) 65

✓ $D_s \overline{D}_s^*$, $D_s^* \overline{D}_s^*$ virtual states?



Virtual poles found from the fit in X. Luo, S.X. Nakamura, PRD 107 (2023) L011504

$$\checkmark \text{ Exotic } J^{PC} = 2^{+-} [h_{c2}]: e^+ e^- \rightarrow h_{c2} \pi \pi$$
$$\downarrow J/\psi \pi \pi, \overline{D} D^* \pi, ...$$

Hidden-charm mesons w/ P = -





- ✓ $Y(4260)/\psi(4230)$ as a $\overline{D}D_1$ bound state ✓ $\psi(4360), \psi(4415): D^*\overline{D}_1, D^*\overline{D}_2$?
- ✓ Evidence for $1^{--} \Lambda_c \overline{\Lambda}_c$ molecular state in BESIII data
 - Sommerfeld factor
 - near-threshold pole

Data from BESIII, PRL 120 (2018) 132001; see also Q.-F. Cao et al., PRD 100 (2019) 054040



✓ Positive-C parity states: 0^{-+} [η_c], 1^{-+} [η_{c1}], 2^{-+} [η_{c2}], 3^{-+} [η_{c3}]

Also predicted in Z.-P. Wang, F.-L. Wang, G.-J. Wang, X. Liu, arXiv:2312.03512

- ✓ Numerous states with exotic quantum numbers
 - $0^{--}[\psi_0], 1^{-+}[\eta_{c1}], 3^{-+}[\eta_{c3}]$
 - e.g., $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma \eta_{c1,3}, \omega \eta_{c1,3}; \eta_{c1,3} \rightarrow D\overline{D}^*\pi, J/\psi \omega, \dots$
- ✓ Many 1⁻⁻ states in [4.8, 5.6] GeV: future tau-charm facilities

Closer look at the 0^{--} state



T. Ji, X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, PRL 129 (2022) 102002

- 0⁻⁻ spin partner $\psi_0(4360) [D^*\overline{D}_1]$ of $\psi(4230), \psi(4360), \psi(4415)$ as $D\overline{D}_1, D^*\overline{D}_1, D^*\overline{D}_2$ hadronic molecules
- Robust against the inclusion of coupled channels and three-body effects

Molecul e	Components	J ^{PC}	Threshold	E _B
ψ(4230)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(D\bar{D}_1 - \bar{D}D_1)$	1	4287	67 <u>±</u> 15
ψ(4360)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(D^*\bar{D}_1 - \bar{D}^*D_1)$	1	4429	62 ± 14
$\psi(4415)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(D^*\bar{D}_2 - \bar{D}^*D_2)$	1	4472	49 ± 4
ψ_0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(D^*\bar{D}_1 + \bar{D}^*D_1)$	0	4429	63 ± 18



• May be searched for using $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi_0 \eta$, $\psi_0 \rightarrow J/\psi \eta$, $D\overline{D}^*$, $D^*\overline{D}^*\pi$, ...

 $M = (4366 \pm 18)$ MeV,

 $\Gamma < 10 \; \text{MeV}$



Hidden-charm pentaquarks



X.-K. Dong, FKG, B.-S. Zou, Progr. Phys. 41 (2021) 65

- ✓ P_c states as $\overline{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$ molecules
- The LHCb data can be well described in a pionful EFT



✓ $P_{cs}(4459)$: 2 $\overline{D}^*\Xi_c$ molecular states ✓ $P_{cs}(4338)$: $\overline{D}\Xi_c$ molecular state



Cross section estimate for P_c



• Rough estimate of events number for $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi p\bar{p}$ $\mathcal{A}(e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi p\bar{p}) \sim \mathcal{A}(e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi gg) \otimes \mathcal{A}(gg \rightarrow p\bar{p})$ $\mathcal{A}(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}) \sim \mathcal{A}(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma gg) \otimes \mathcal{A}(gg \rightarrow p\bar{p})$ $\Rightarrow \frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi p\bar{p})}{\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p})} \approx \frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi gg)}{\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma gg)}$

leads to

 $\sigma(e^+e^- \to J/\psi\,p\bar{p}) \approx \sigma(e^+e^- \to J/\psi\,gg) \times 4 \times 10^{-3}$

K.-T. Chao, FKG, Y.-J. Zhang, in preparation



 $\approx \mathcal{O}(4 \text{ fb}) @ 6 \text{ GeV}$ using NRQCD for $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi gg)$ from Y.-Q. Ma, Y.-J. Zhang, K.-T. Chao, PRL 102 (2009) 162002 With integrated luminosity of 1 ab^{-1} , $\mathcal{O}(4 \times 10^3) J/\psi p\bar{p}$ events annually

Assuming $\mathcal{B}(P_c \to J/\psi p) \sim$ a few per cent, $\leq \mathcal{O}(10^5) P_c \bar{p}$ events annually

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \to P_c\bar{p}) \lesssim \frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \to J/\psi \, p\bar{p})}{\mathcal{B}(P_c \to J/\psi \, p)} = \mathcal{O}(0.1 \text{pb})$$

 Open-charm final states should have much larger cross sections + P_c states are expected to decay dominantly into open-charm states

Analysis w/ TS: example of the $Z_c(3900)$





Y.-H. Chen, M.-L. Du, FKG, arXiv:2310.15965



Conclusions:

- > needs a $Z_c(3900)$
- > $D\overline{D}^*$ molecular and non-molecular components are of similar importance for $Z_c(3900)$

Analysis w/ TS: example of the $Z_c(3900)$



A global analysis with a phenomenological method S. Nakamura, X.-H. Li, H.-P. Peng, Z.-T. Sun, X.-R. Zhou, arXiv:2312.17658



+ many more e^+e^- cross section data

- more than 170 parameters
- > error analysis?

Perspective at future tau-charm facilities

• A rich program for hidden-charm resonances



- High luminosity: to study the known vector states and Z_c, Z_{cs} in much more detail; their connections to X states
- $\square E > 5 \text{ GeV}:$
 - ➤ above thresholds of excited charm-meson pairs; to establish a hidden-charm family ⇒ a unified description
 - $\succ e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega X(J^{\pm+}), \rho W_c$ (spin partners of Z_c)
 - $\succ e^+e^- \rightarrow \phi X(J^{++})$, to study the heavier PC = + + states observed in $\phi J/\psi$
 - > e^+e^- → $\eta X(J^{+-})$, to study the J^{++} and 1^{+-} states (spin multiplet structure is crucial)
 - > production of hidden-charm states with exotic $J^{PC} = 0^{--}, 2^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 3^{-+}, \dots$
 - > $J/\psi p\bar{p}$, $\Lambda_c \overline{D}^{(*)} \bar{p}$, $\Sigma_c^{(*)} \overline{D}^{(*)} \bar{p}$, ... accessible, hidden-charm pentaquarks, rich spectrum above $\Lambda_c \overline{D}$ threshold

 $\square Energy scan \implies handle of kinematic singularities in multi-hadron final states$

Thank you for your attention!

Reviews in the last few years

● >>10 review articles:

- H.-X. Chen et al., *The hidden-charm pentaquark and tetraquark states*, Phys. Rept. 639 (2016) 1
- A. Hosaka et al., Exotic hadrons with heavy flavors: X, Y, Z, and related states, PTEP 2016 (2016) 062C01
- J.-M. Richard, *Exotic hadrons: review and perspectives*, Few Body Syst. 57 (2016) 1185
- R. F. Lebed, R. E. Mitchell, E. Swanson, *Heavy-quark QCD exotica*, PPNP 93 (2017)143
- A. Esposito, A. Pilloni, A. D. Polosa, *Multiquark resonances*, Phys. Rept. 668 (2017) 1
- FKG, C. Hanhart, U.-G. Meißner, Q. Wang, Q. Zhao, B.-S. Zou, Hadronic molecules, RMP 90 (2018) 015004
- A. Ali, J. S. Lange, S. Stone, Exotics: Heavy pentaguarks and tetraguarks, PPNP 97 (2017) 123
- S. L. Olsen, T. Skwarnicki, Nonstandard heavy mesons and baryons: Experimental evidence, RMP 90 (2018) 015003
- □ Y.-R. Liu et al., Pentaquark and tetraquark states, PPNP107 (2019) 237
- N. Brambilla et al., The XYZ states: experimental and theoretical status and perspectives, Phys. Rept. 873 (2020) 154
- Y. Yamaguchi et al., Heavy hadronic molecules with pion exchange and quark core couplings: a guide for practitioners, JPG 47 (2020) 053001
- **FKG**, X.-H. Liu, S. Sakai, *Threshold cusps and triangle singularities in hadronic reactions*, PPNP 112 (2020) 103757
- G. Yang, J. Ping, J. Segovia, Tetra- and penta-quark structures in the constituent quark model, Symmetry 12 (2020) 1869
- C.-Z. Yuan, Charmonium and charmoniumlike states at the BESIII experiment, Natl. Sci. Rev. 8 (2021) nwab182
- H.-X. Chen, W. Chen, X. Liu, Y.-R. Liu, S.-L. Zhu, An updated review of the new hadron states, RPP 86 (2023) 026201
- L. Meng, B. Wang, G.-J. Wang, S.-L. Zhu, Chiral perturbation theory for heavy hadrons and chiral effective field theory for heavy hadronic molecules, Phys. Rept. 1019 (2023) 2266;

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+ a book:

A. Ali, L. Maiani, A. D. Polosa, *Multiquark Hadrons*, Cambridge University Press (2019)



Double-charm tetraquarks and dibaryons





\checkmark *T_{cc}*(3875) as *D*^{*}*D* molecule

✓ The LHCb data can be well described in a pionful EFT w/ 3-body effects



M.-L. Du et al., PRD 105 (2022) 014024

- \checkmark isoscalar DD^* molecular state
- ✓ It has a spin partner $1^+ D^*D^*$ state
- \checkmark Many (> 100) other similar double-charm molecular states



More about TS





While a resonance would persist independent of energy.

Counterclockwise argand plot, resembling that of a resonance





 $K\overline{K}$ threshold