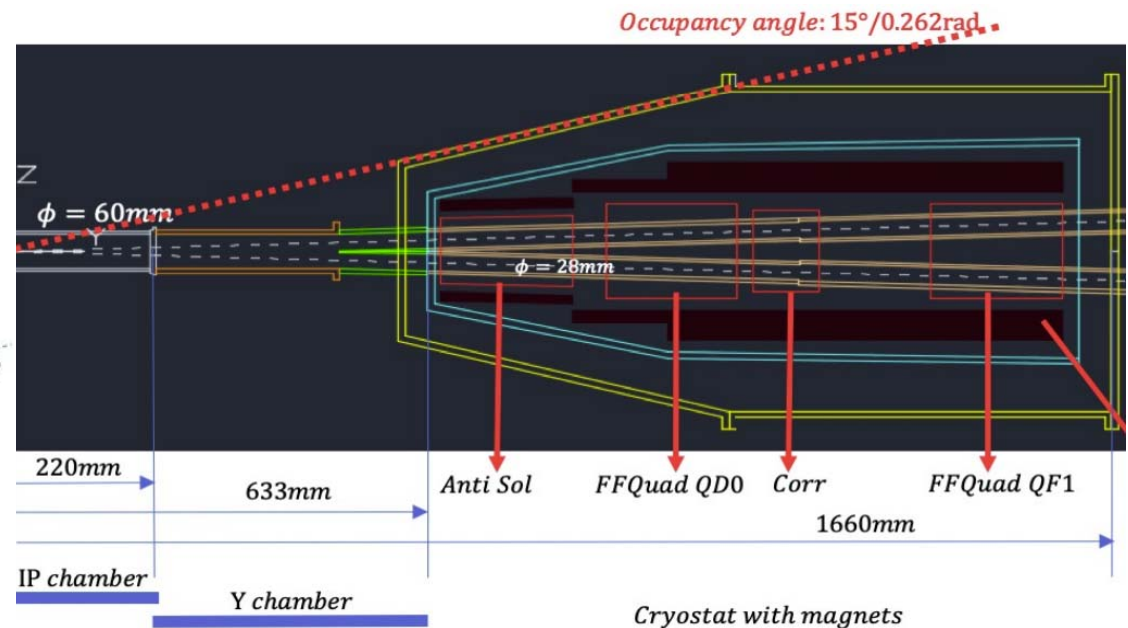
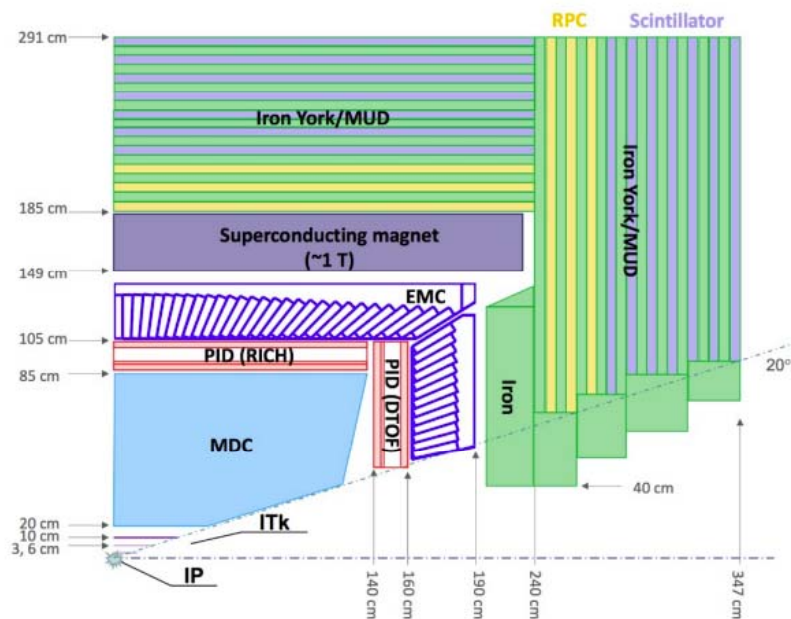


侯書雲 Suen Hou
Academia Sinica
2025.09.20

Bhabha acceptance at STCF

- o **BHWIDE** Bhabha simulation
- o Radiation gamma measurement
- o Event rate in Forward region



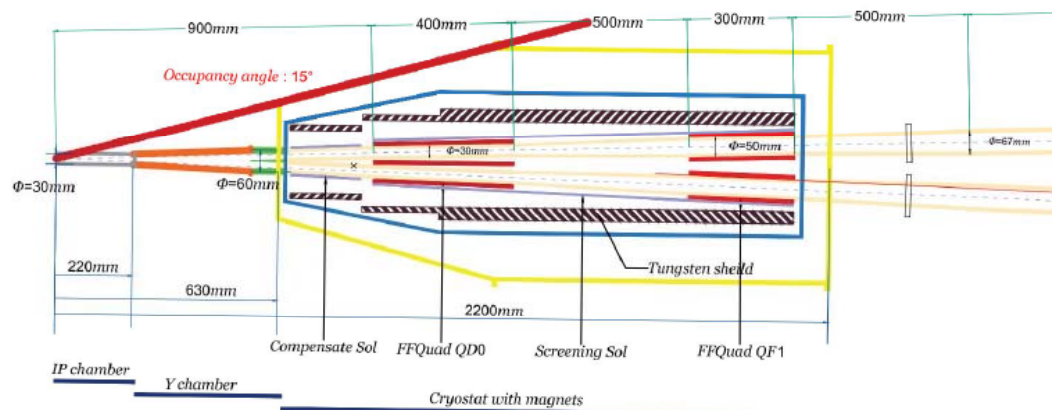
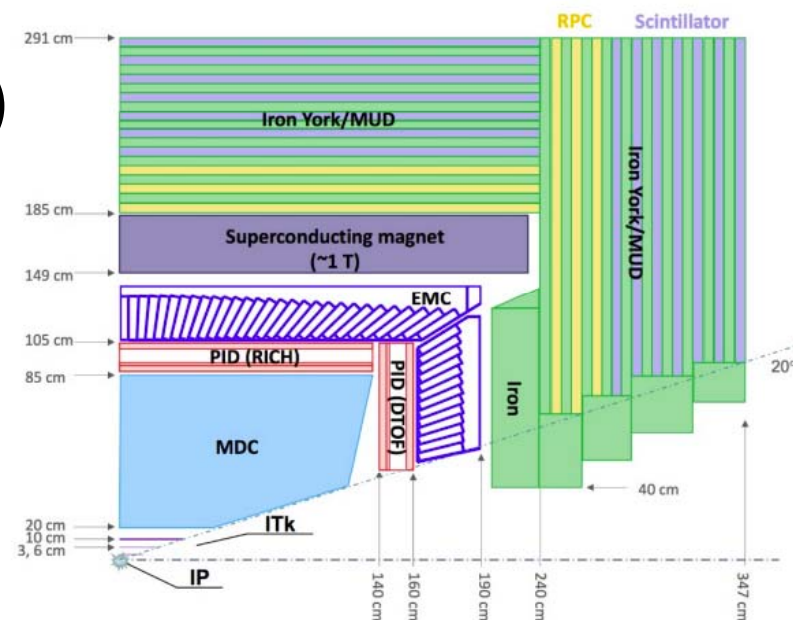
STCF Bhabha acceptance

2

Small Angle: 60 – 240 mRad (3.4° - 14°)

Large angle: 20° – 160° by EMC

- o **BHWIDE** generator in two regions
1° – 20°, 20° -160°
- o Boosted for 60 mRad beam crossing
 $\sqrt{s} = 2 - 10 \text{ GeV}$
- o Beam pipe $\phi=30 \text{ mm}$
FWD at $|z| = 500 \text{ mm}$



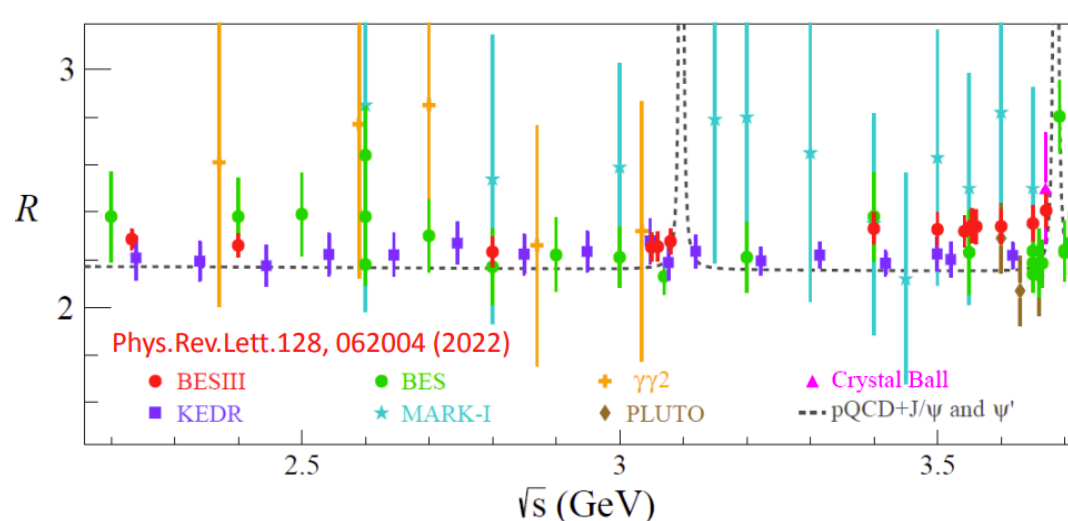
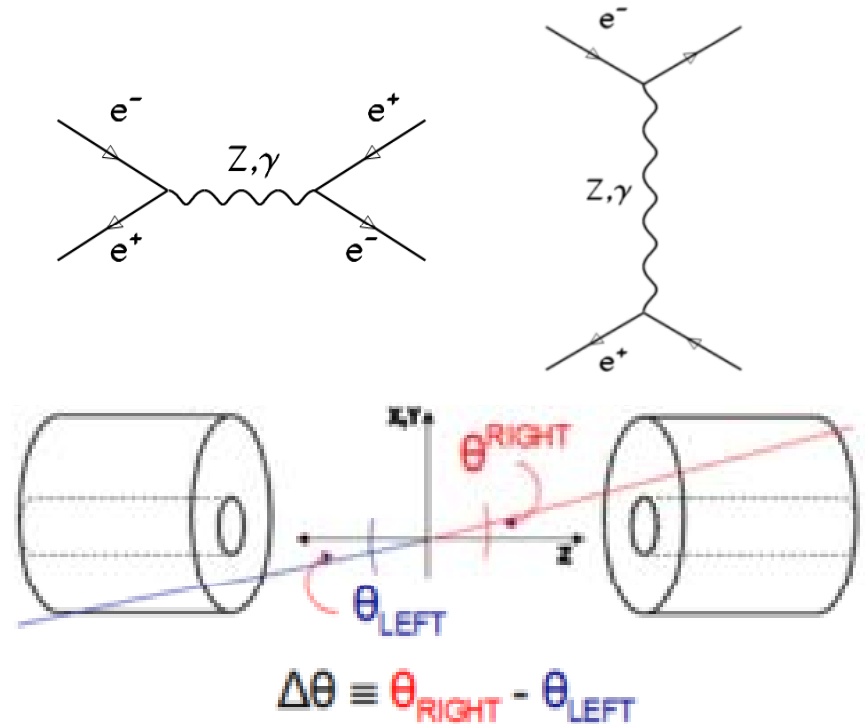
Luminosity precision required for SM, R

Bhabha $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- (n\gamma)$

$R(s)$ ratio for SM predictions
 $a_\mu = (g_\mu - 2)/2$ and $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(M_Z)$

$$a_\mu = \frac{\alpha^2}{3\pi^2} \int_{m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds K(s) \frac{R(s)}{s}$$

$$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}(M_Z^2) = -\frac{\alpha M_Z^2}{3\pi} \text{Re} \int_{m_\pi^2}^{\infty} \frac{R(s) ds}{s(s - M_Z^2 - i\epsilon)}$$



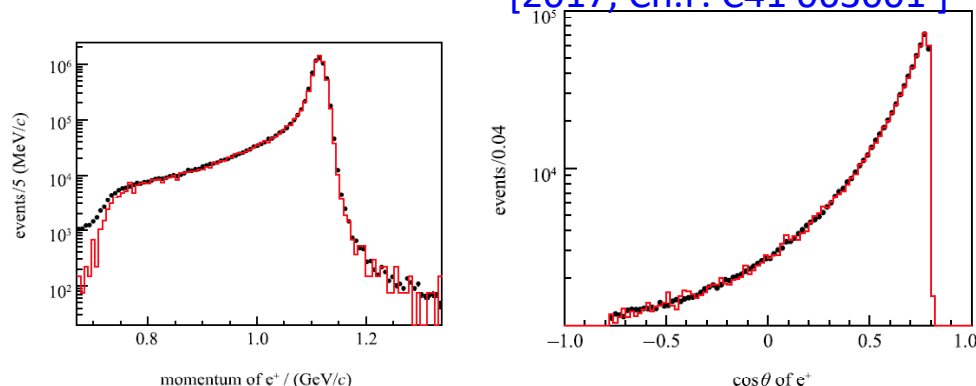
BESII in 2–5 GeV, precision 6%
 BESIII 2022 3%

Bhabha experimental results $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- (\gamma)$

BESIII Luminosity $(\gamma)e^+e^-$, $(\gamma)\gamma\gamma$
Systematic error $\sim 0.7\%$

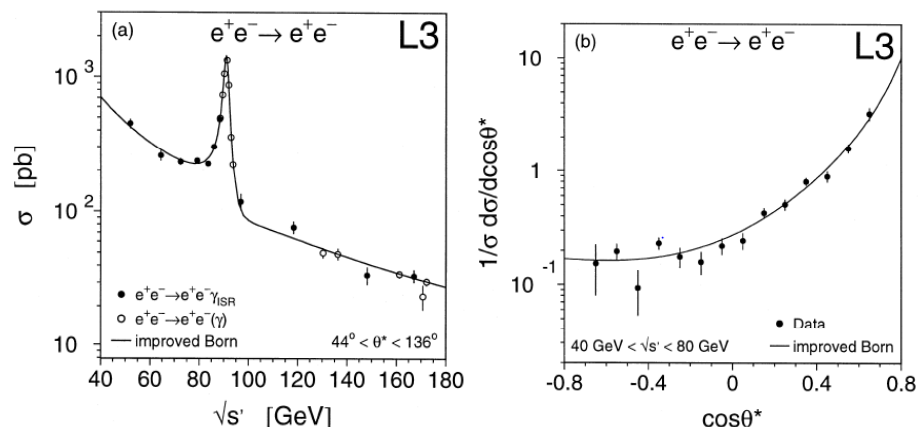
$\sqrt{s} = 2.23 - 4.59$ GeV

[2017, Ch.P. C41 063001]



L3 radiative Bhabha with **ISR**
Systematic error at $\sim 1\%$ level

$\sqrt{s} = 50 \sim 170$ GeV, 232 pb^{-1} , 2856 event



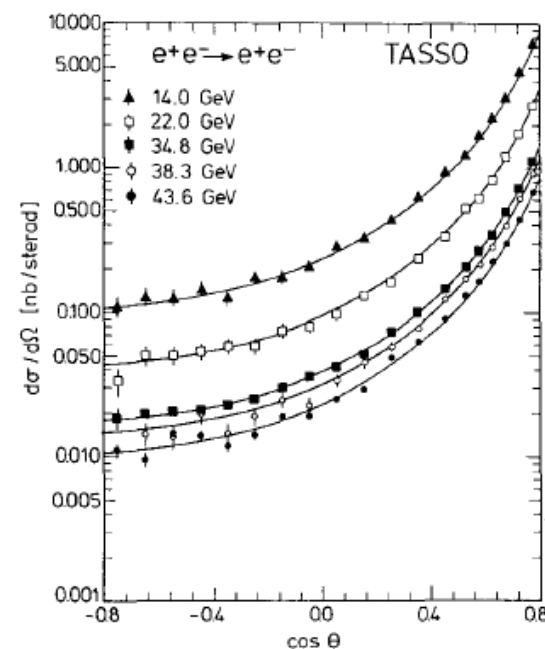
[1998, PLB 439, 183]

TASSO Bhabha
Systematic error $\sim 3\%$

$\sqrt{s} = 12 - 47$ GeV

Table 1. Data samples used for the analysis $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$

$\langle \sqrt{s} \rangle$ (GeV)	$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ (pb^{-1})	N_{Bhabha}
14.0	1.7	10730
22.0	2.7	7106
34.8	174.5	166348
38.3	8.9	6035
43.6	37.1	22951



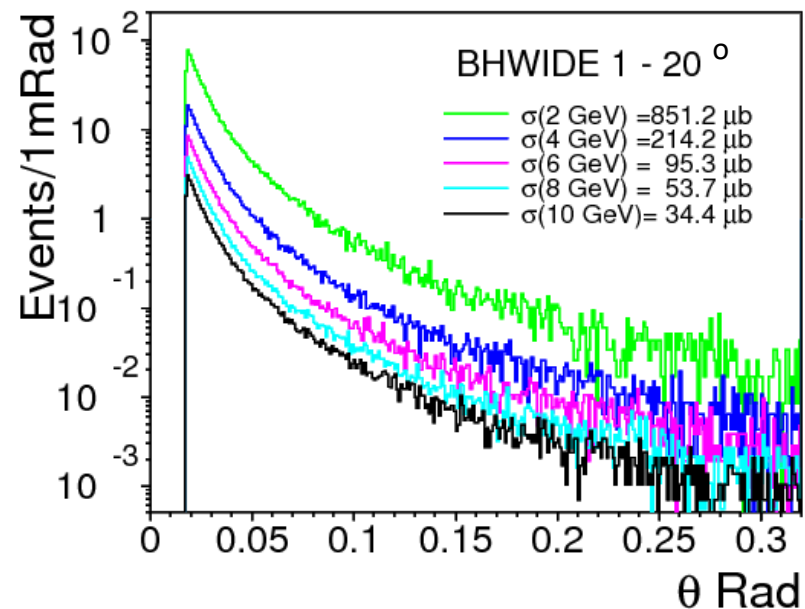
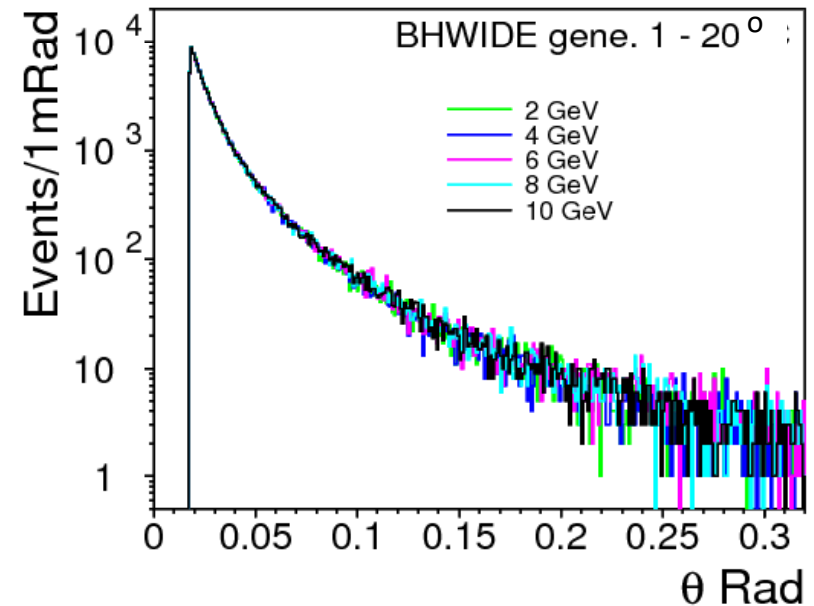
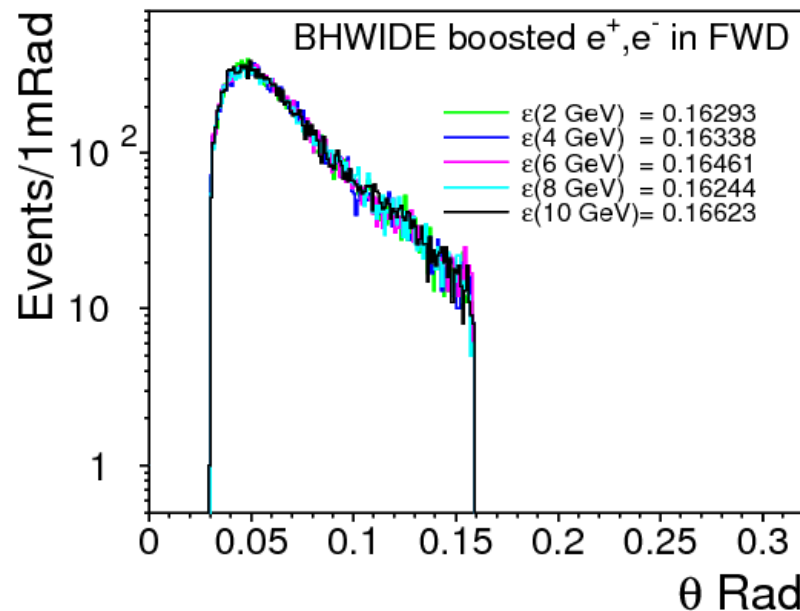
[1988, ZPC 37, 171]

Bhabha νs dependency

BHWIDE center-of-mass

$\nu s = 2 - 10$ GeV, θ range $1 - 20^\circ$

- θ distribution: same, well overlap
- Cross section higher at low
- 60 mRad beam-crossing boost
- Events both e^+e^- in FWD @ $|z| = 500$ mm
off beampipe $\varnothing = 30$ mm; $r < 80$ mm
acceptance: $\epsilon \sim 16.3\%$

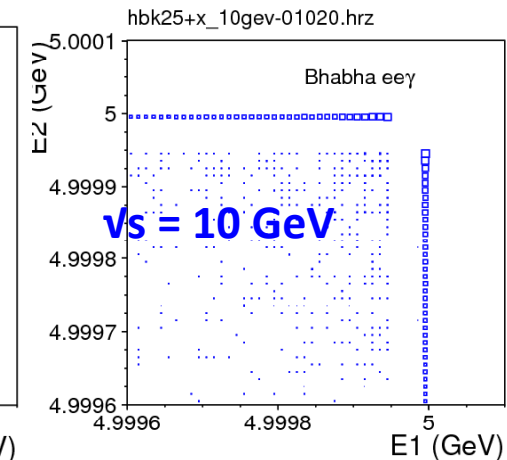
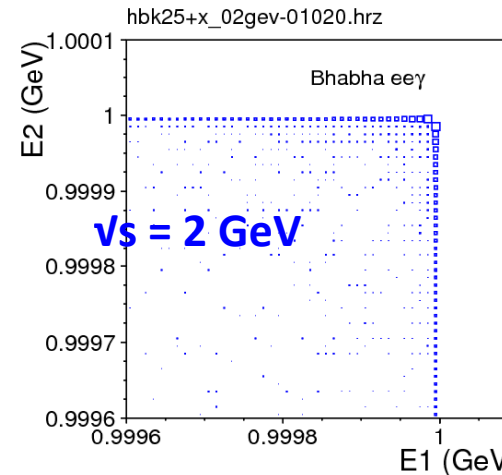
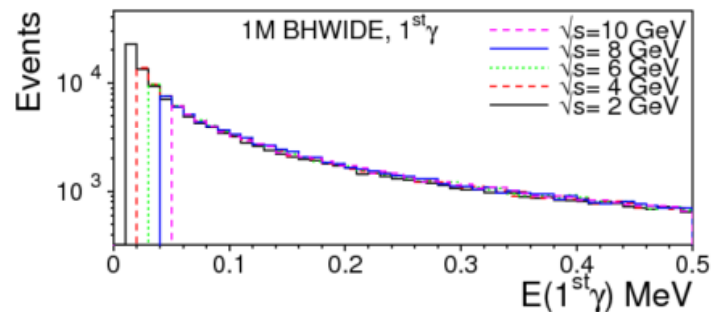


BHWIDE radiative Bhabha $e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

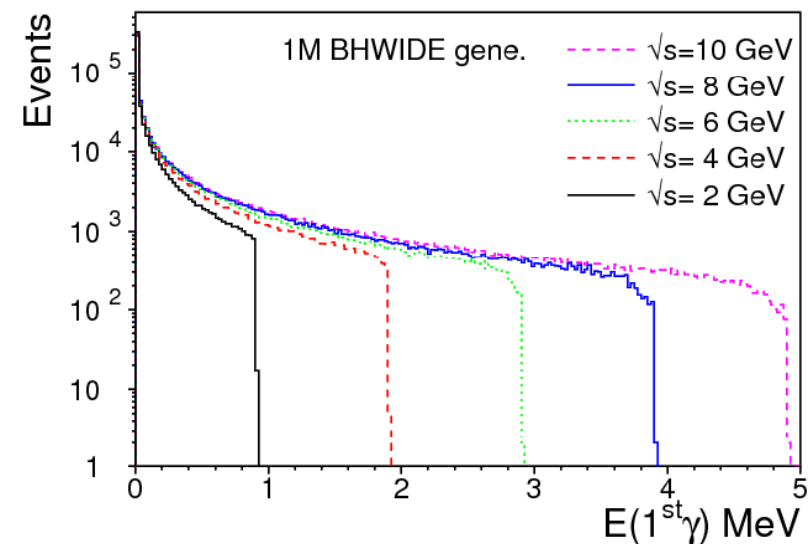
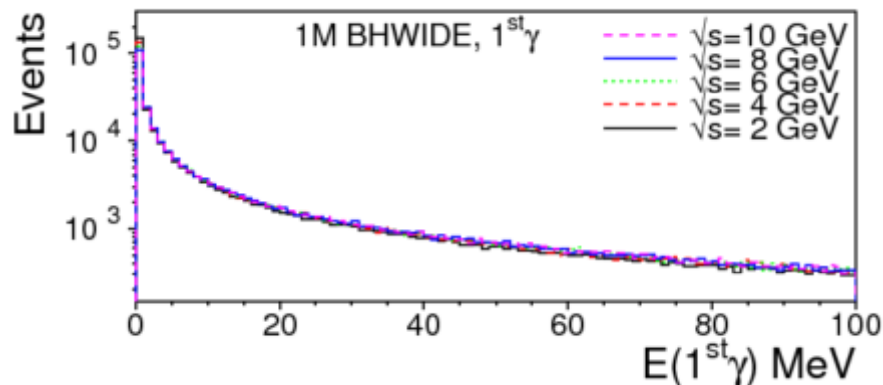
7

Compare $E(\gamma)$ in 1M events, $\sqrt{s} = 2 - 10$ GeV

$E(\gamma)$ cut = $1 \times 10^{-5} \times E_{\text{beam}}$



$1^{\text{st}} \gamma$ distribution, (1M @ 2 – 10 GeV)
low E, indep. of $\sqrt{s}$, extend to E_{beam}

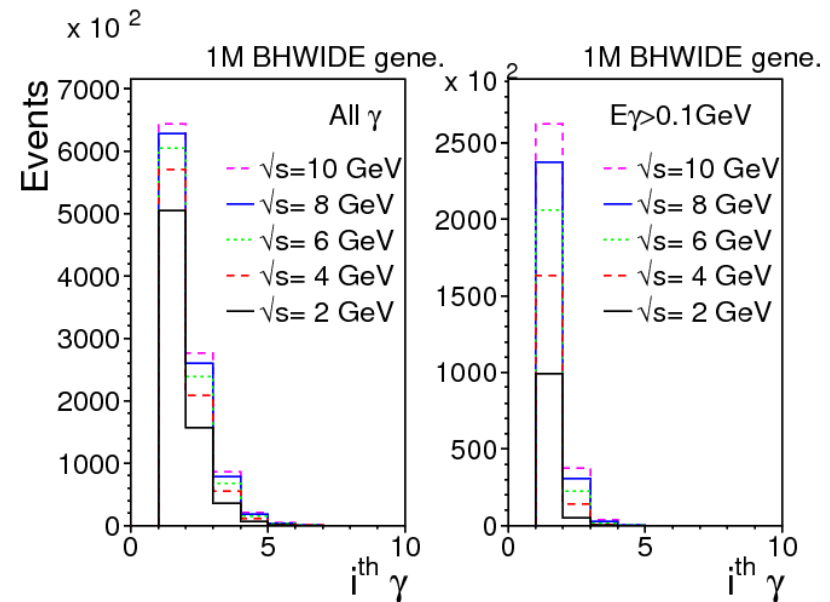


BHWIDE radiative Bhabha $e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

8

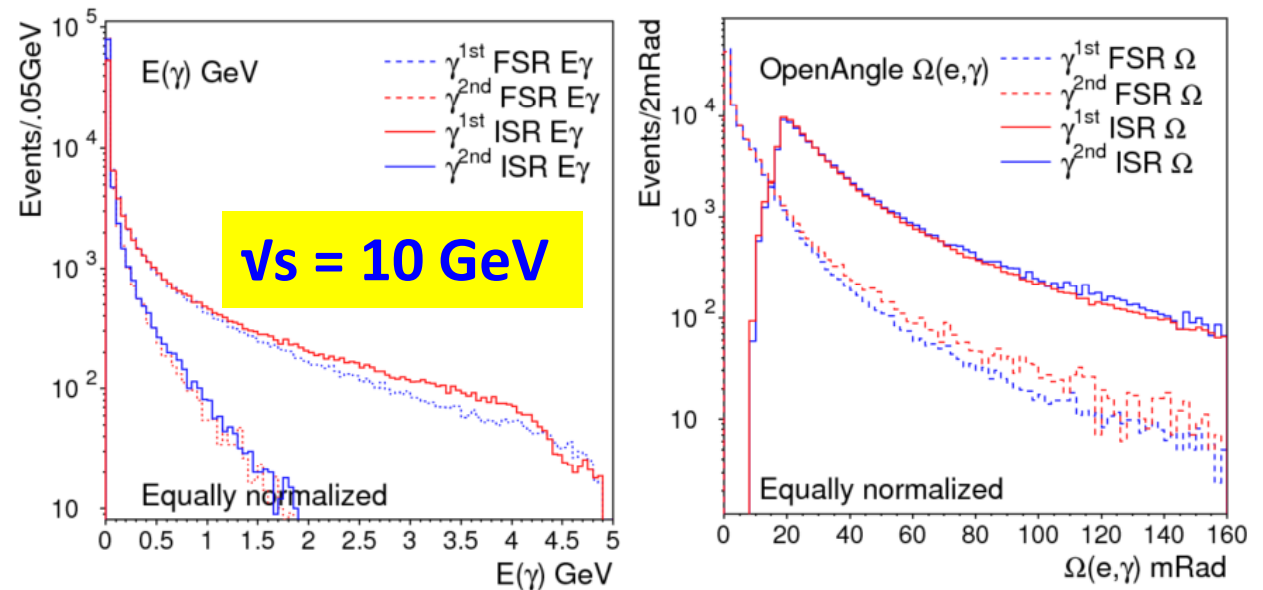
Yennie-Frautschi-Suura (YFS)
exponentiation method

- $n\gamma$ in Poisson distribution
- $n\gamma$ generated at vertex,
no correlation with electrons



Photons
ordered by E_γ

ISR/FSR by
OpenAngle $\Omega(e, \gamma)$
closer to inci/scat $e^\pm$

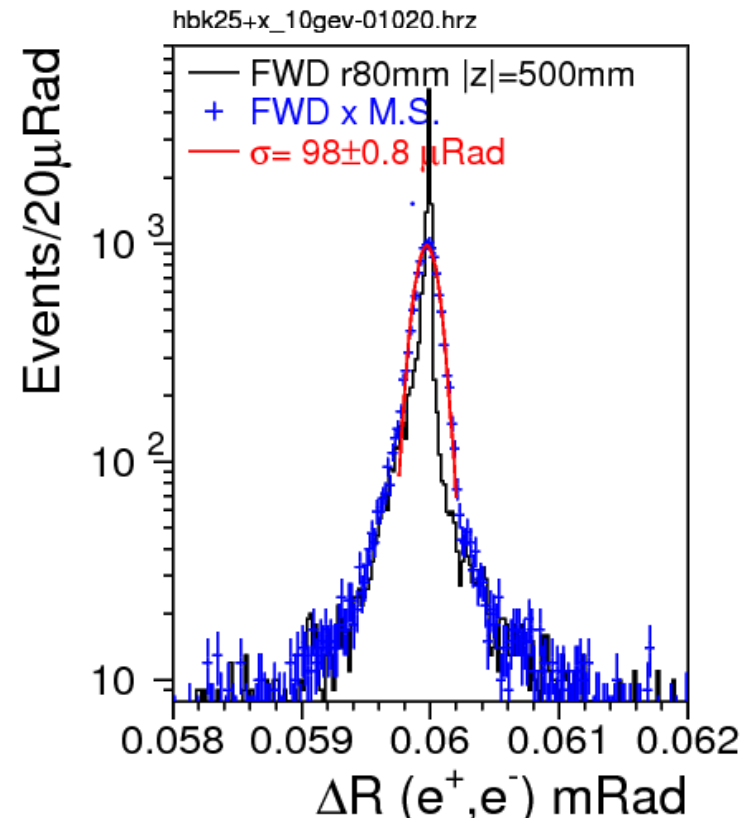
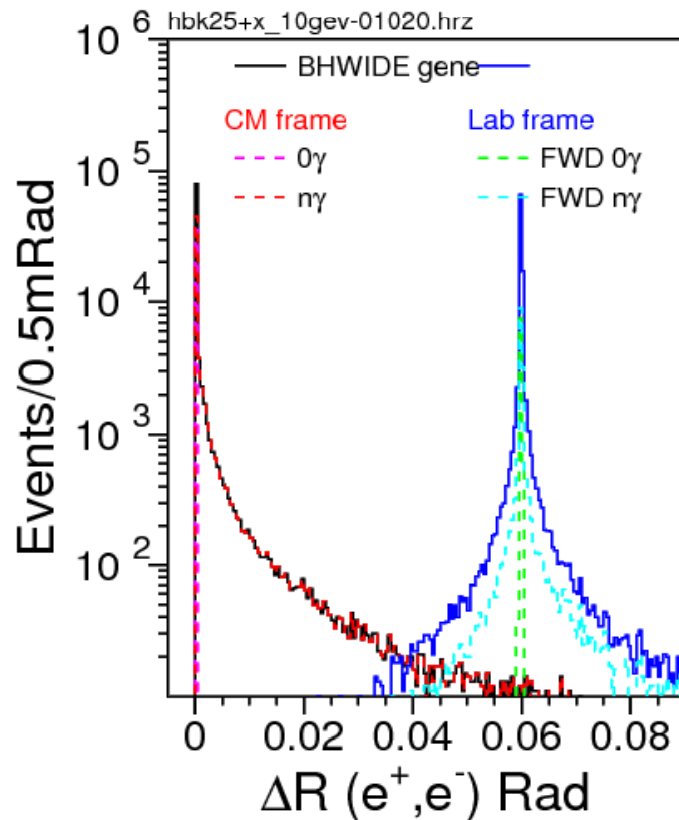


BHWIDE e^+e^- back-to-back

9

e^+e^- back-to-back angle $-\pi$
Delta/tails for $0\gamma/n\gamma$ events

Assuming Multiple-Scattering 100 μRad
Width distinguishable to Bhabha



Bhabha FWD acceptance

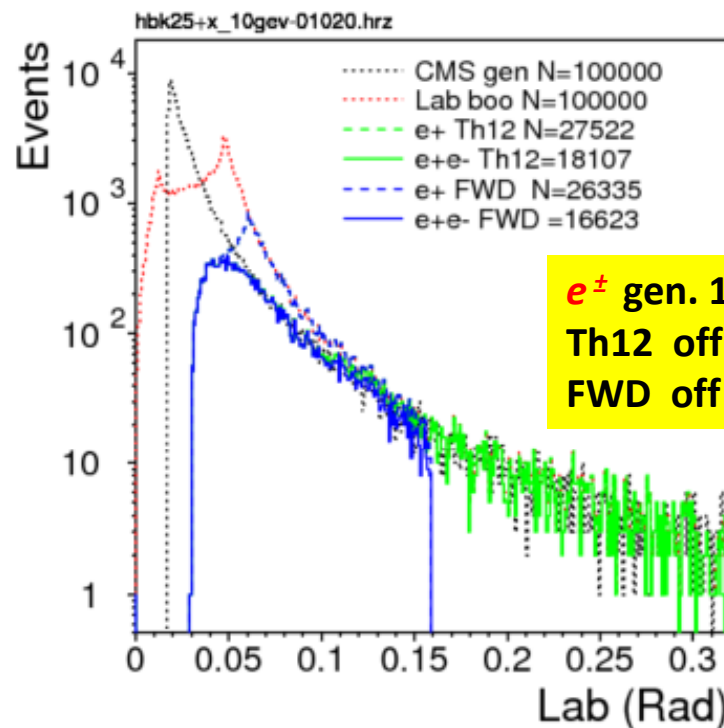
BHWIDE $\sqrt{s} = 10$ GeV

boosted for 60 mRad e^+e^- beam crossing

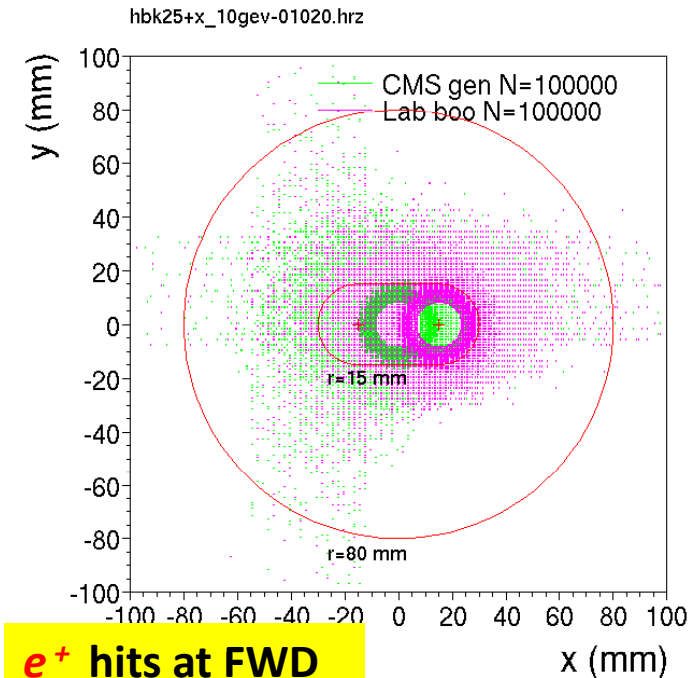
FWD acceptance at $|z| = 500$ mm

both $e^+e^- >$ beampipe, radius < 80 mm

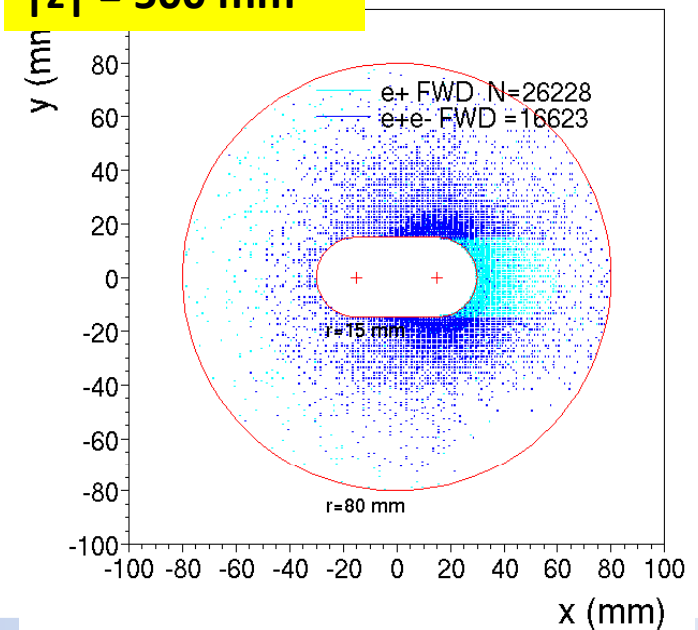
$\epsilon = 16.7\%$



$e^\pm$ gen. $1^\circ - 20^\circ$
Th12 off b.p. $< 20^\circ$
FWD off b.p. $r < 80$ mm



e^+ hits at FWD
 $|z| = 500$ mm



Bhabha on FWD, electron hit rate

BHWIDE $\sqrt{s} = 10$ GeV

Gen. 1-20°, $\sigma=34.4\text{k nb}$; Acceptance in FWD, $\epsilon=16.6\%$

- FWD event rate max $\sim 0.3\%$ in $1 \times 1 \text{ mm}^2$

(full acceptance normalized to 1)

$$\sigma \times \epsilon \times 0.3\% = 34400 \times 0.166 \times 0.003 = 17.1 \text{ nb}$$

- Bhabha event rate at FWD (1 barn = 10^{-28} m^2)

$$L/IP = 5 \times 10^{34} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ sec}$$

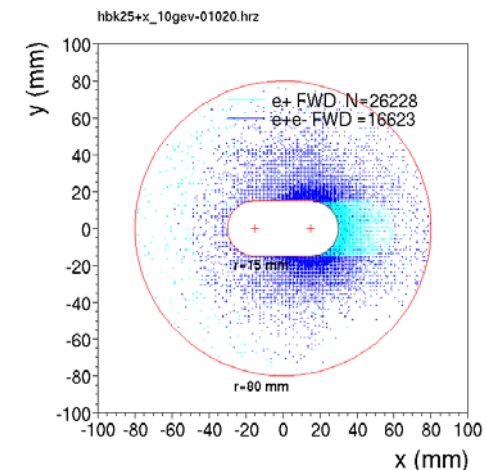
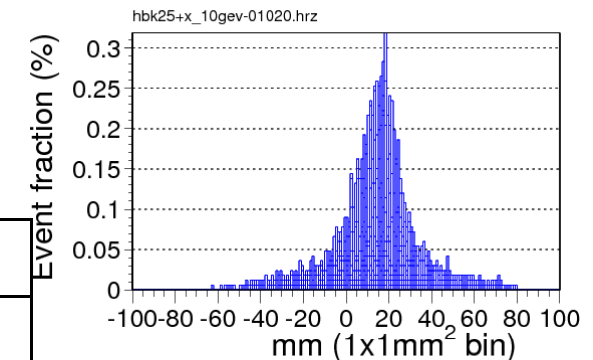
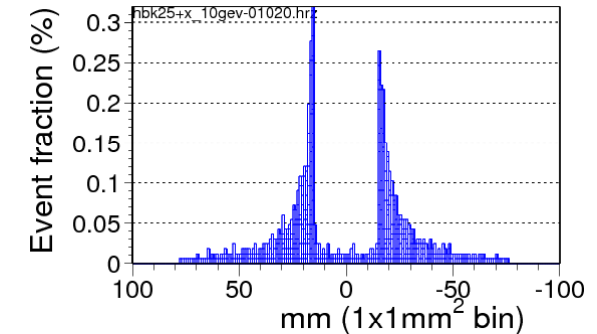
$$\text{Event rate} = (17.1 \times 10^{-9-24} \text{ cm}^2) (5 \times 10^{34} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ sec})$$

$$\text{at the hottest } 1 \times 1 \text{ mm}^2 = 857 / \text{sec}$$

CMS cross section σ ; scattered $e^\pm > 0.1$ GeV; back-to-back $0-\pi$					
$\sqrt{s}$ GeV	2	4	6	8	10
1 – 20°	851k nb	214k nb	95k nb	54k nb	34.4k nb
both $e^\pm$ in FWD (off-pipe $\phi 30\text{mm}$, $r < 80\text{mm}$)					
FWD ϵ	0.163	0.163	0.165	0.162	0.166
1x1 mm ² hottest cell, electron hit rate					
Ev. /sec	21.2k	5.33k	2.37k	1.34k	0.86k

Per 100 ns event pile-up rate at 2 GeV: $21.2\text{k}/10^7 = 0.0021$

Bhabha on FWD normalized to 1



Rad-Bhabha distributions $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

12

BHWIDE $\sqrt{s} = 10 \text{ GeV}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

o Detect rad-Bhabha, scattered e^+, e^-, γ^{1st}

o FWD acceptance:

off-pipe $\phi 30\text{mm}$, $x_c = \pm 15\text{mm}$

external $r < 80\text{mm}$

o γ^{1st} selection:

$E_\gamma > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$,

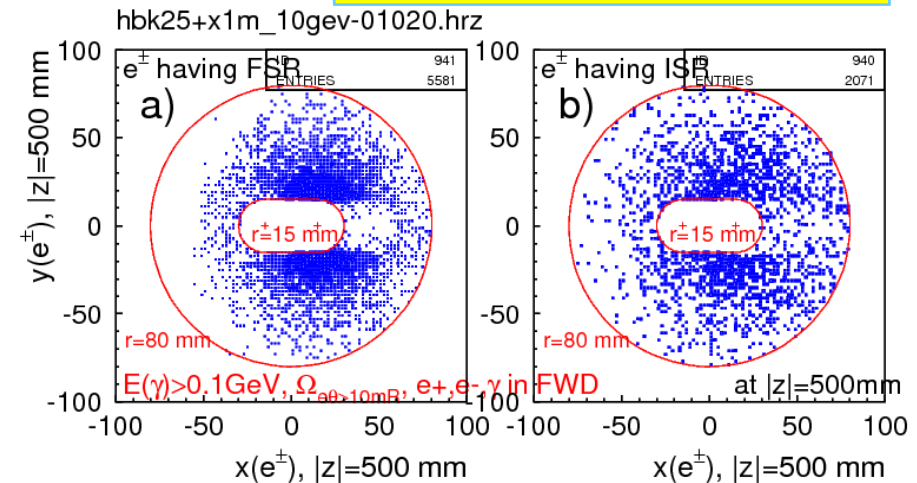
opening angle $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}) > 10 \text{ mRad}$

o event rate in Bhabha

to both e^+, e^- detected in FWD

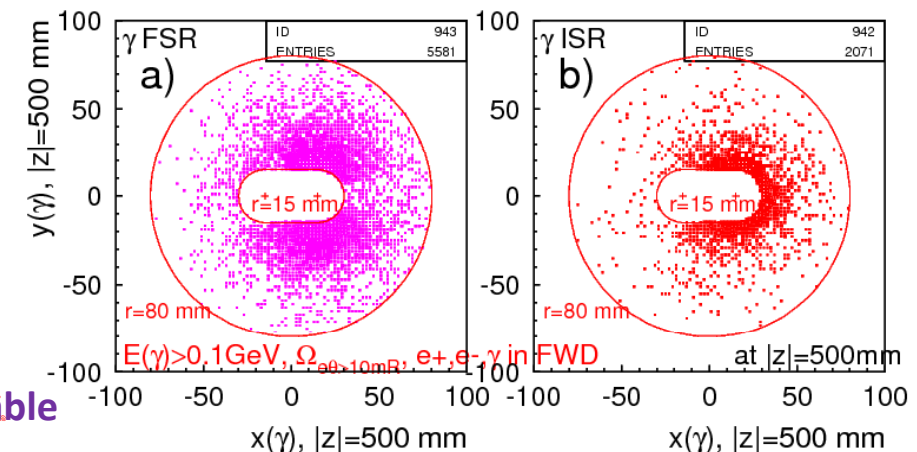
each z-side, $e^\pm$ with γ^{1st} measured

- $e^\pm$ with near γ^{1st} (FSR) near beam-pipe
- $e^\pm$ with far γ^{1st} (ISR) Loose scattered



BHWIDE scattered $e^\pm > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$; $\Omega(e^+e^-) : 0-\pi$ $\sigma(1-20^\circ) = 34.4 \text{ k nb}$, e^+e^- in FWD rate = 16.5%		
Detected in each z-side both e^+e^- in FWD		each z-side, $e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}$ in FWD $E_\gamma > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$ $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}) > 10 \text{ mR}$
$e^\pm, 0\gamma$	56.1 %	
$e^\pm, n\gamma$	43.9 %	ISR 0.63 % FSR 1.7 %

measurable



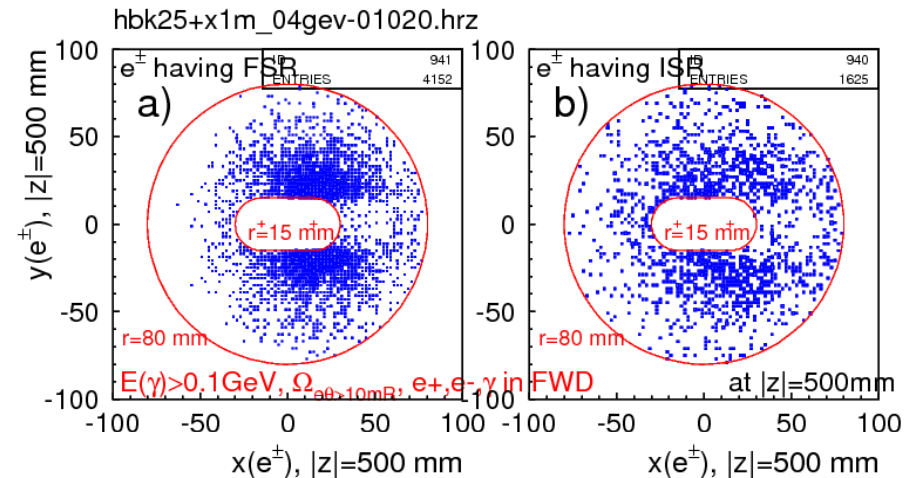
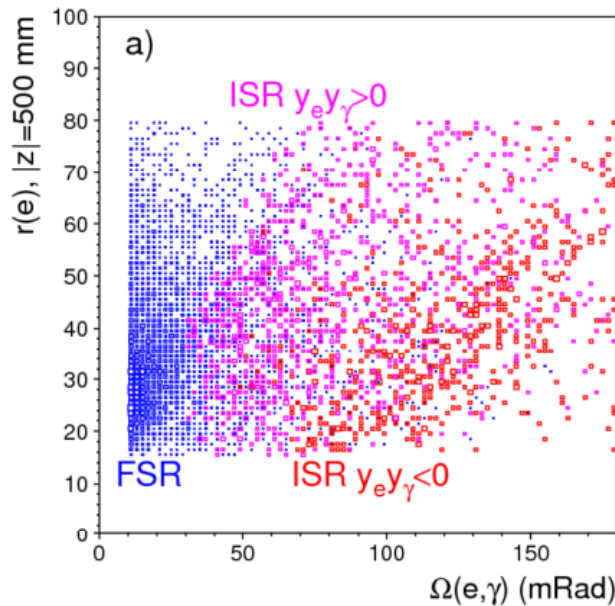
Rad-Bhabha distributions $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

BHWIDE $\sqrt{s} = 4 \text{ GeV}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(n\gamma)$

○ Detect rad-Bhabha, scattered e^+, e^-, γ^{1st}

○ Distinguish ISR/FSR $r(e^\pm)$ vs $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st})$

- $e^\pm$ with near γ^{1st} (FSR) near beam-pipe
- $e^\pm$ with far γ^{1st} (ISR) Loose scattered



BHWIDE scattered $e^\pm > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$; $\Omega(e^+e^-) : 0-\pi$
 $\sigma(1-20^\circ) = 34.4 \text{ kb}$, e^+e^- in FWD rate = 16.5%

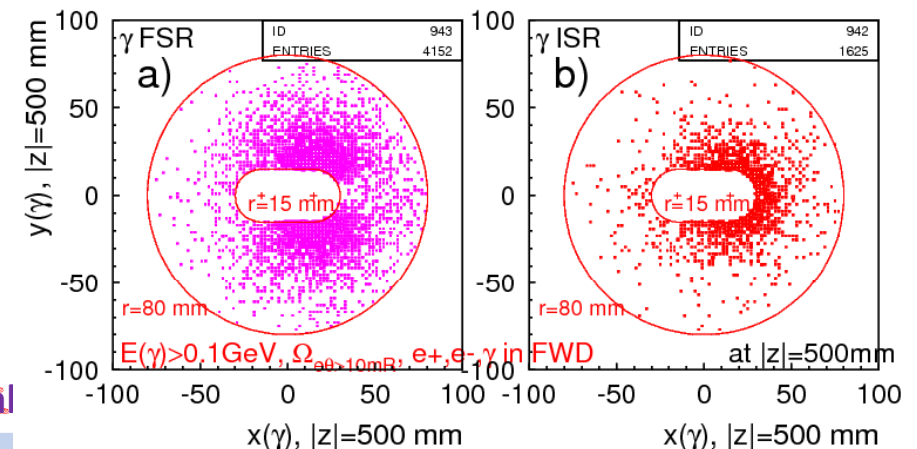
Detected in each z-side
both e^+e^- in FWD

each z-side, $e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}$ in FWD
 $E_\gamma > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$ $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}) > 10 \text{ mR}$

$e^\pm, 0\gamma$ 61.6 %

$e^\pm, n\gamma$ 38.4 %

ISR 0.50 %
FSR 1.26 %



Perspective for measuring Bhabha @ STCF

BHWIDE $\sqrt{s} = 2 - 10$ GeV

scattered $e^\pm > 0.1$ GeV; $\Omega(e^+e^-) : 0-\pi$

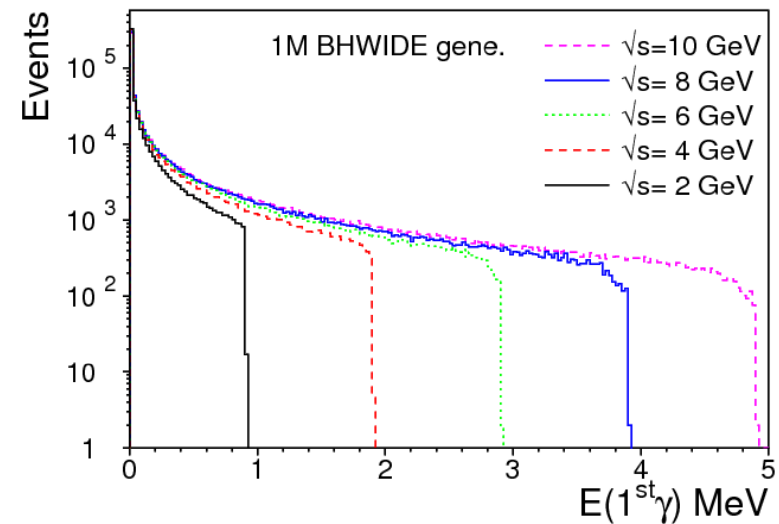
CMS generted for $\sigma(1-20^\circ)$

Acceptance e^+e^- in FWD = **16.5%**

Both e^+e^- fall in FWD

event ratio with

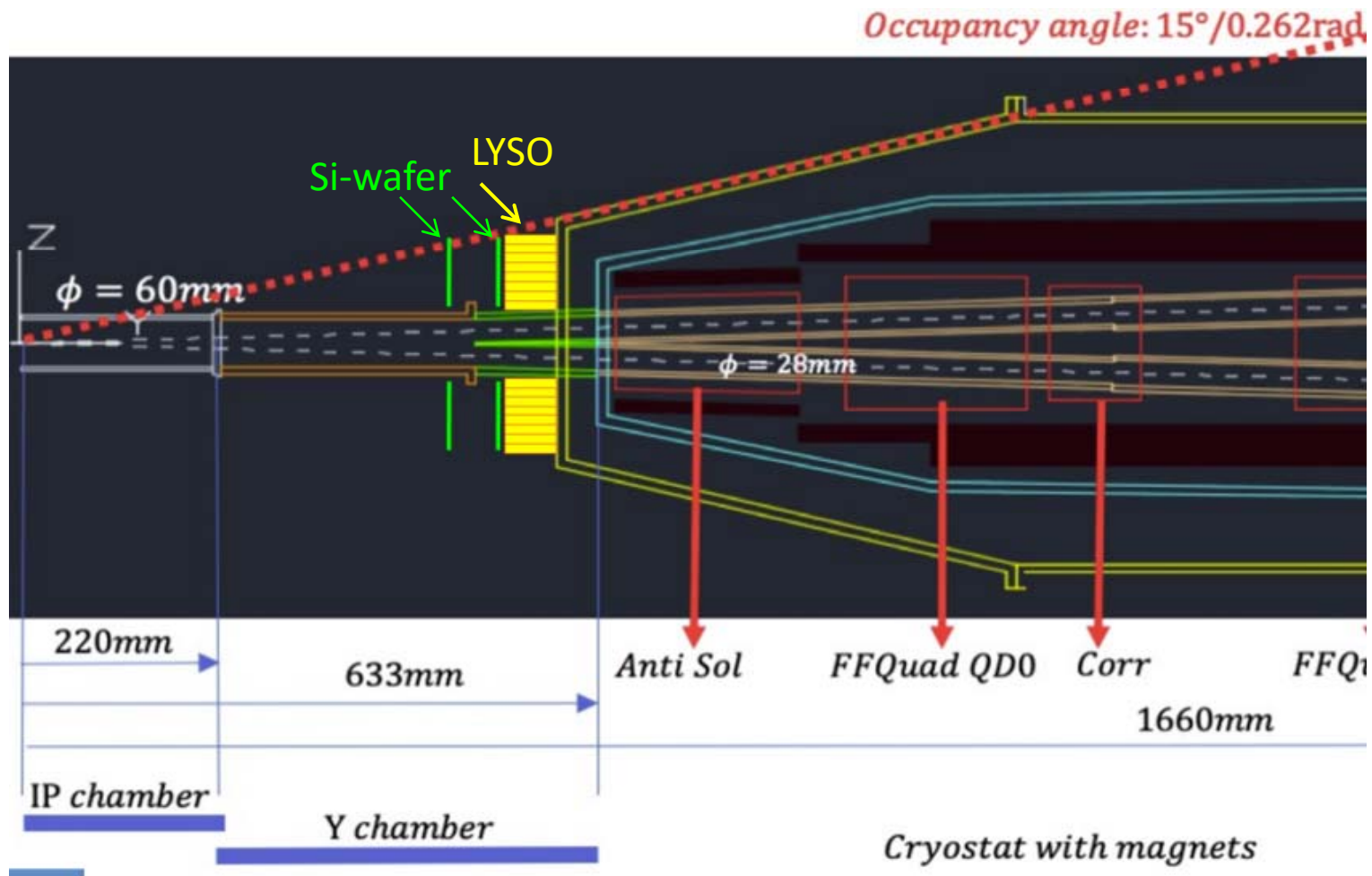
- **$0/n\gamma$** generated
- **γ^{1st}** $E_\gamma > 0.1$ GeV, $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}) > 10$ mR



Detected in each z-side	$\sqrt{s} =$	10 GeV	8 GeV	6 GeV	4 GeV	2 GeV
both e^+e^- in FWD	$e^\pm, 0\gamma$	56.1 %	57.1 %	59.1 %	61.6 %	66.0 %
	$e^\pm, n\gamma$	43.9 %	42.9 %	40.9 %	38.4 %	34.0 %
$e^\pm, \gamma^{1s}$ in FWD $E_\gamma > 0.1 \text{ GeV}, \Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1st}) > 10 \text{ mR}$	$e^\pm, \gamma^{1s}$	ISR 0.63 % FSR 1.69 %	ISR 0.64 % FSR 1.62 %	ISR 0.58 % FSR 1.47 %	ISR 0.50 % FSR 1.26 %	ISR 0.40 % FSR 0.94 %

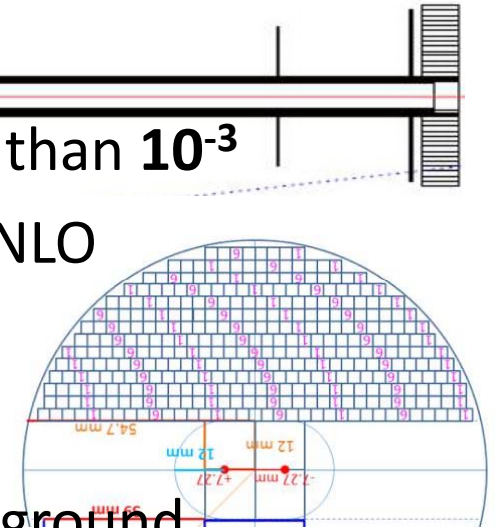
ForWard Det, FWD of Si+LYSO @ STCF

- **Forward detector** for Bhabha Lumi; two-photon $e^\pm$ -tagging
- **Si-wafer**: $e^\pm$ impact θ, ϕ ; **LYSO $10 X_0$** : to id. $e^\pm(E_{\text{beam}})$

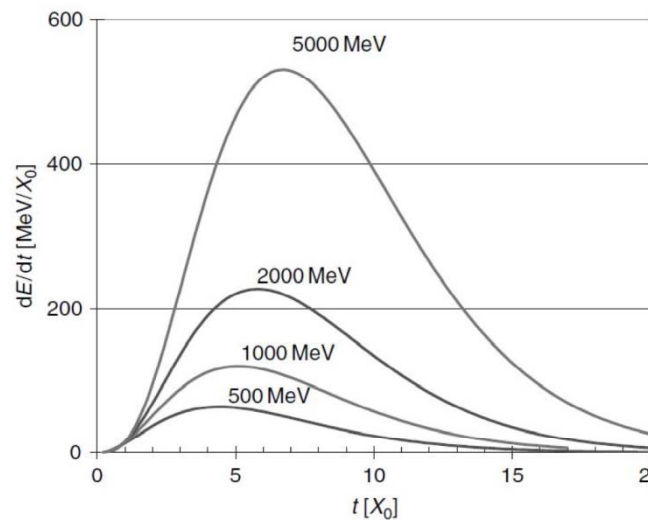


ForWard Det specification

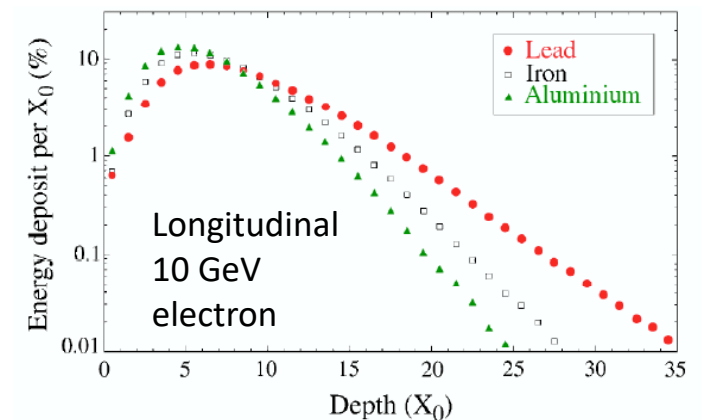
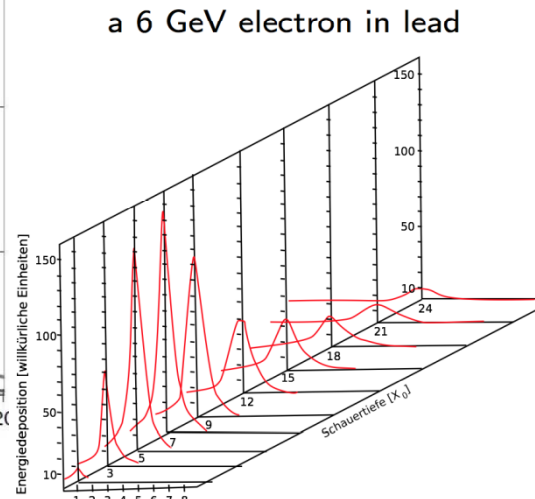
- Measure **Radiative Bhabha**, for Luminosity higher than 10^{-3}
 $e^{\pm}(\theta, \phi)$ to 10 μRad , e/γ radiative photon to QED NLO
- **Si-wafer**: 2D strip, 100 μm pitch;
LYSO $10 X_0$: for shower max to 10 GeV
Be, Al $0.3 X_0$ beam pipe: prevent Preshower background



Space limit for LYSO up to $10 X_0$?



Longo 1975



Discussion

- **Radiative Bhabha**, evaluated with **BHWIDE** for **STCF**
- **LumiCal** at $|z| = 500$ mm for acceptance
 off-pipe $\phi 30$ mm, $x_c = \pm 15$ mm
 external $r < 80$ mm to z_{lab} axis
- **Hot spot** 1×1 mm² near beam-pipe,
 for $\sqrt{s} = 2$ GeV electron hit **21 kHz**
 100 ns interval pileup rate **0.002** events
- **Bhabha radiative photon measurements**
 most energetic $\gamma^{1\text{st}}$ $E_\gamma > 0.1$ GeV, $\Omega(e^\pm, \gamma^{1\text{st}}) > 10$ mRad
 for $\sqrt{s} = 2$ to 10 GeV detect in FWD: $e^+, e^-, \gamma^{1\text{st}}$: **FSR 1.7% to 0.9%**
ISR 0.6% to 0.4%
- **LumiCal** detect e/γ : $e^\pm(\theta, \phi)$ to 10 uRad,
Si-wafer: 2D strip, 100 μm pitch;
LYSO $2 \times 2 \text{ mm}^2$ bars to 20 mm (front $2X_0$)
LYSO up to $10 X_0$: for shower max to 10 GeV

backup

18

