



超级陶粲装置
Super Tau-Charm Facility



Search for CPV in $\Xi(-,0)$ decays in $J/\psi \rightarrow E\bar{E}$ decays

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Outline

- Introduction
- Formalism & MC production
- Event selection
- BESIII & STCF comparisons
- Summary

Introduction

- CP violation(CPV) has been observed in K, B, D meson systems and Λ_b^0 baryon system.
However, further searches for CPV in other baryon decays remain crucial for discovering additional sources of CPV beyond the Standard Model.
- Measurement of asymmetry parameters of hyperon weak decay can be used to test the CP violation

$$\alpha = \frac{2\text{Re}(A_S^* \cdot A_p)}{|A_S|^2 + |A_P|^2} \quad \frac{dN}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \alpha \vec{P}_Y \cdot \hat{p}_d \quad A_{CP} = \frac{\alpha + \bar{\alpha}}{\alpha - \bar{\alpha}} \quad (\mathcal{O}_{\Xi} \sim 10^{-5})$$

[Phys.Rev.D 67 \(2003\) 056001](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.67.056001)

- The multi-step decay chain $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi^-\bar{\Xi}^+$ offers us much more experimental information than Λ decay. And this decay features a multi-particle final state, making it useful for evaluating OSCAR's performance.

Formalism & MC production

- Angular distribution:

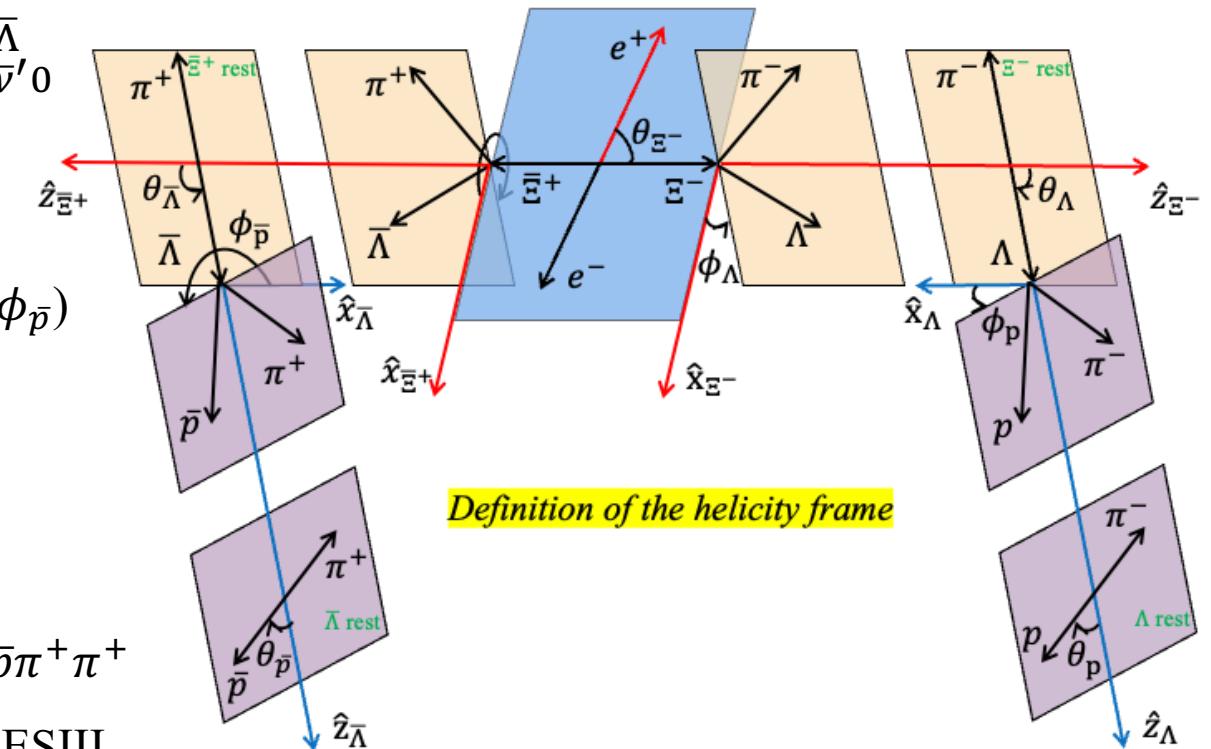
[Phys. Rev. D 99, 056008 \(2019\)](#)

$$\mathcal{W}(\xi; \omega) = \sum_{\mu, \bar{\nu}=0}^3 \sum_{\mu'=0}^3 \sum_{\bar{\nu}'=0}^3 C_{\mu\bar{\nu}} a_{\mu\mu'}^{\Xi} a_{\mu'0}^{\Lambda} a_{\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}'}^{\Xi} a_{\bar{\nu}'0}^{\bar{\Lambda}}$$

- Parameters: $(\alpha_{J/\psi}, \Delta\Phi, \alpha_\Xi, \bar{\alpha}_\Xi, \phi_\Xi, \bar{\phi}_\Xi, \alpha_\Lambda, \bar{\alpha}_\Lambda)$
- Helicity angles: $(\theta_\Xi, \theta_\Lambda, \phi_\Lambda, \theta_{\bar{\Lambda}}, \phi_{\bar{\Lambda}}, \theta_p, \phi_p, \theta_{\bar{p}}, \phi_{\bar{p}})$

- Signal MC production

- OSCAR version: 2.6.2 updated (git download
date: 2025/06/25)
- Signal channel: $J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi^- \bar{\Xi}^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^- \bar{\Lambda} \pi^+ \rightarrow p \pi^- \pi^- \bar{p} \pi^+ \pi^+$
- 0.2 million DIYMC with the input parameters from BESIII
publication [Nature 606, 64–69 \(2022\)](#)



Event selection

- Charged tracks
 - $|cos\theta| < 0.93$
 - No requirement for vertex
 - $N_{poz} \geq 3$ & $N_{neg} \geq 3$
- Proton and pion selection:
 - For N_{poz} :
 - p : $p > 0.3$ GeV/c
 - π^+ : $p < 0.3$ GeV/c
 - For N_{neg} :
 - \bar{p} : $p > 0.3$ GeV/c
 - π^- : $p < 0.3$ GeV/c
- Λ 、 Ξ^- reconstruction
 - Loop p and π^- candidates
 - Λ : vertex fit
 - Ξ^- : vertex fit and second vertex fit
 - The best Λ and Ξ^- candidates from combination with minimum
$$\sqrt{(m_{p\pi^-} - M_\Lambda)^2 + (m_{p\pi^-\pi^-} - M_\Xi)^2}$$
- $\bar{\Lambda}$ 、 $\bar{\Xi}^+$ reconstruction
 - Loop \bar{p} and π^+ candidates
 - $\bar{\Lambda}$: vertex fit
 - $\bar{\Xi}^+$: vertex fit and second vertex fit
 - The best $\bar{\Lambda}$ and $\bar{\Xi}^+$ candidates from combination with minimum
$$\sqrt{(m_{\bar{p}\pi^+} - M_{\bar{\Lambda}})^2 + (m_{\bar{p}\pi^+\pi^+} - M_{\bar{\Xi}})^2}$$
- 4C kinematic fit
 - Do kinematic fit on Ξ^- $\bar{\Xi}^+$

The selection criteria are the same as BESIII

BESIII & STCF comparisons

Cut flow comparison

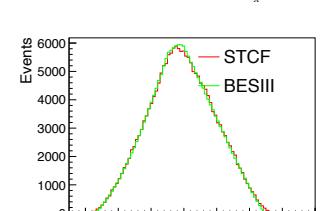
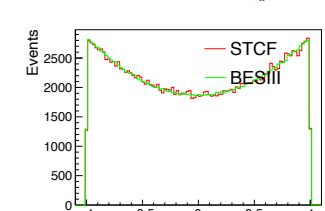
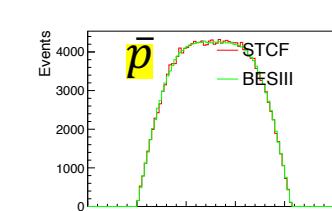
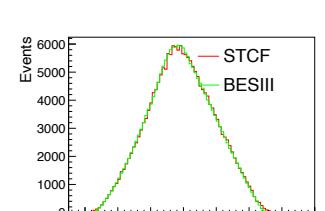
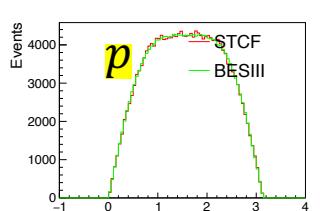
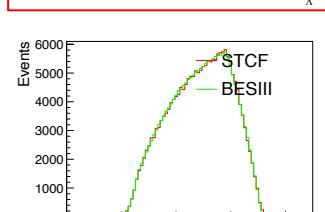
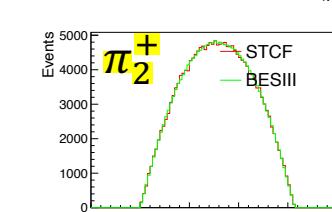
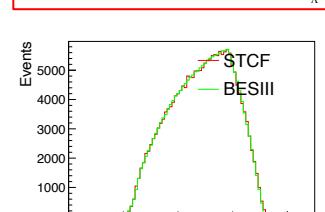
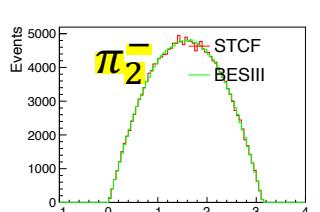
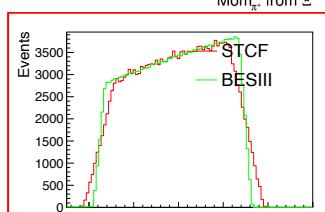
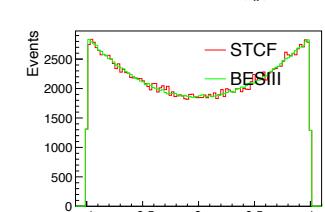
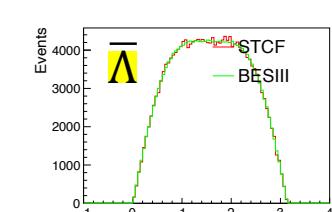
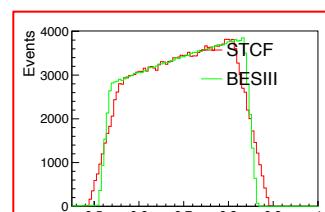
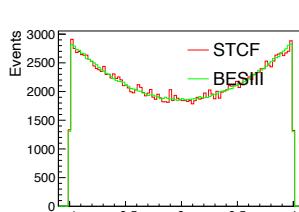
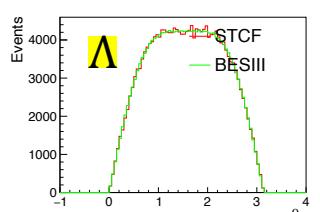
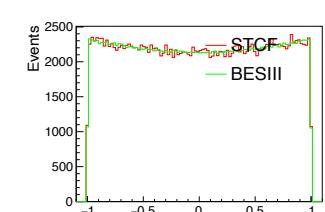
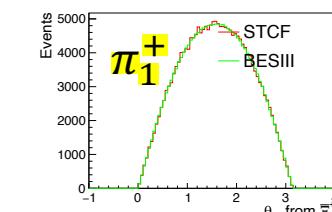
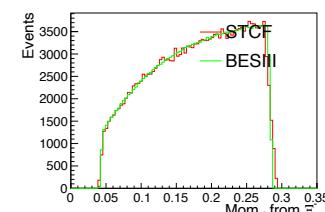
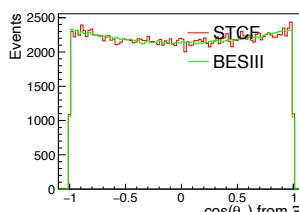
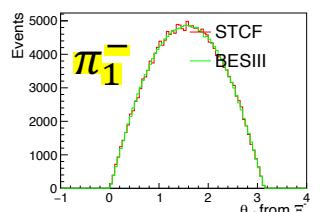
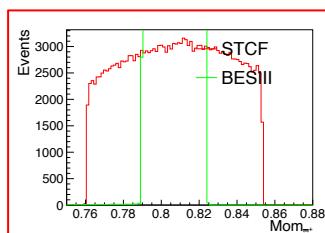
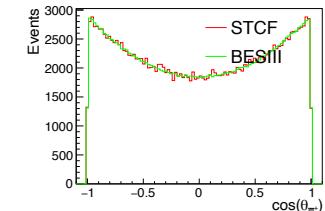
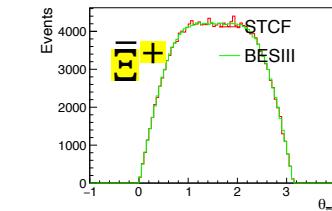
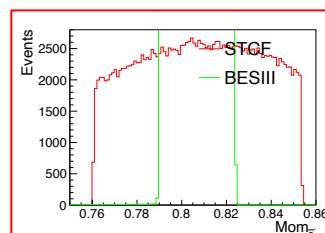
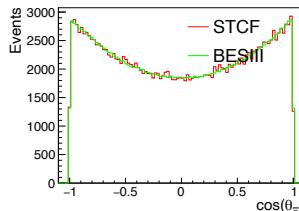
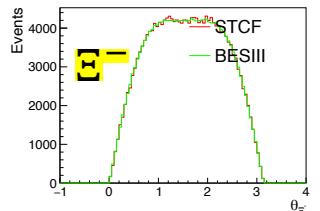
- No background mix in OSCAR

BESIII Signal MC	09+12+18+19 Events	09+12+18+19 Eff. (%)	Re. Eff. (%)
	9,000,000	100.0	
Charged tracks	3057857	34.0	
Λ 、 Ξ^- reconstruction	2545353	28.3	83.2
$\bar{\Lambda}$ 、 $\bar{\Xi}^+$ reconstruction	2092432	23.2	82.2
4C kinematic fit	1724213	19.2	82.4

OSCAR Signal MC	Events	Eff. (%)	Re. Eff. (%)
	200,000	100.0	
Charged tracks	106291	53.1	
Λ 、 Ξ^- reconstruction	85234	42.6	80.2
$\bar{\Lambda}$ 、 $\bar{\Xi}^+$ reconstruction	68657	34.3	80.6
4C kinematic fit	44617	22.3	65.0

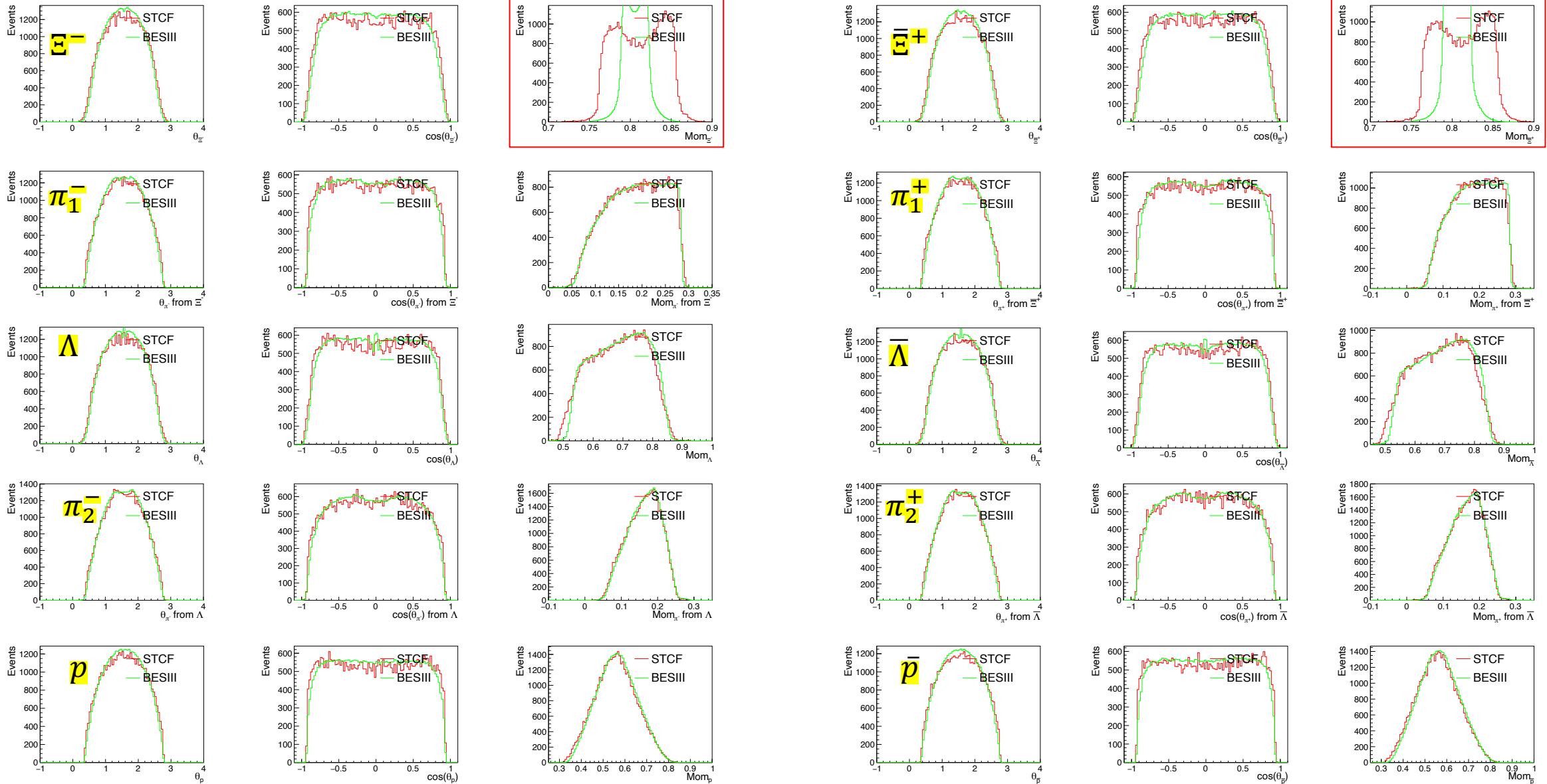
BESIII & STCF comparisons

In Truth level: check $\theta, \cos\theta, \text{Mom}$



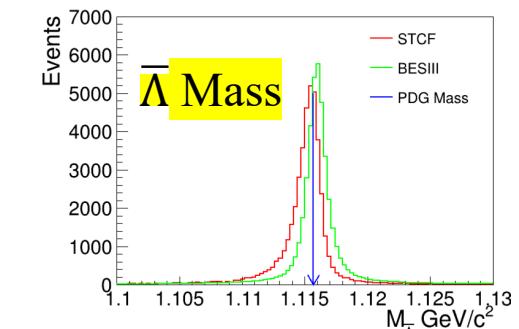
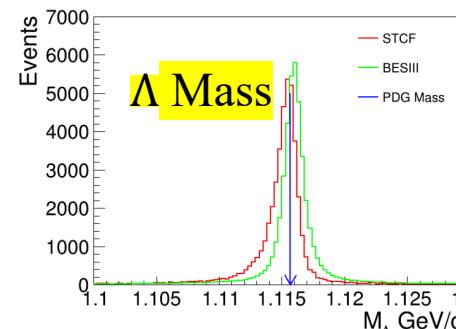
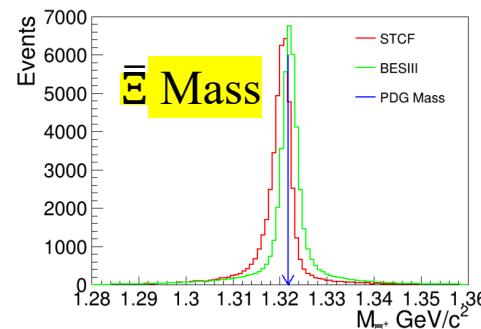
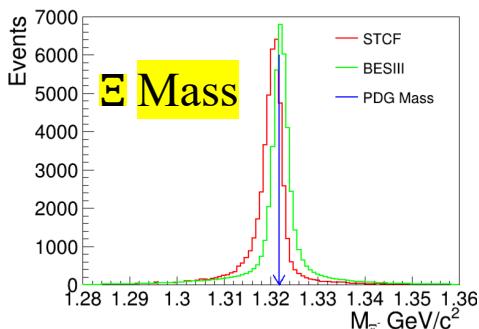
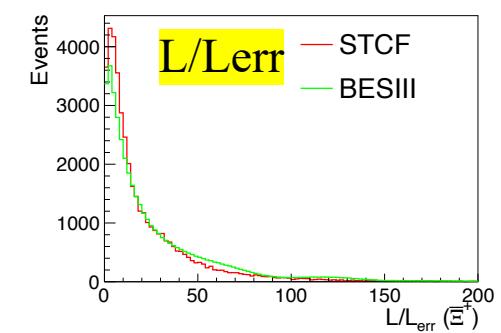
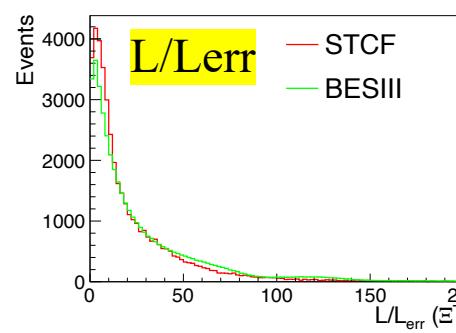
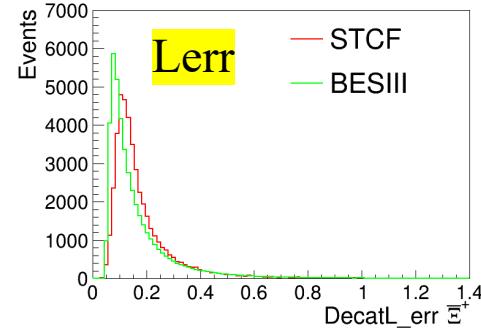
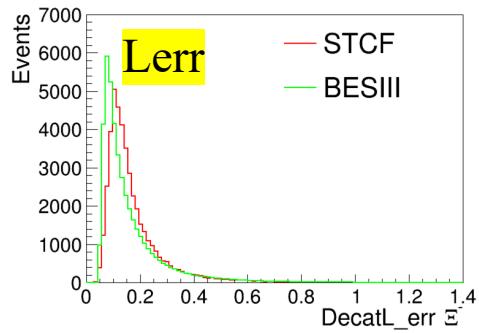
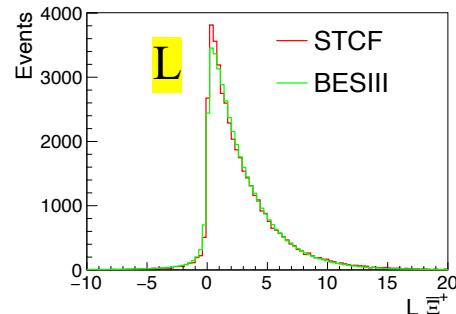
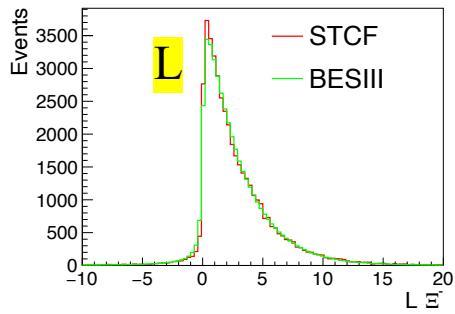
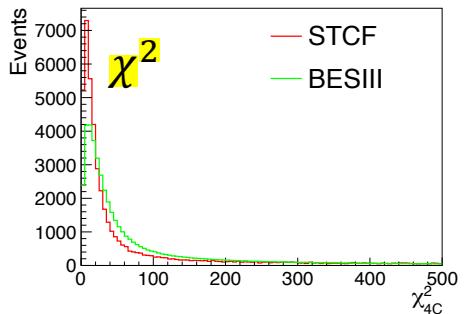
BESIII & STCF comparisons

In reconstruction level: check $\theta, \cos\theta, \text{Mom}$



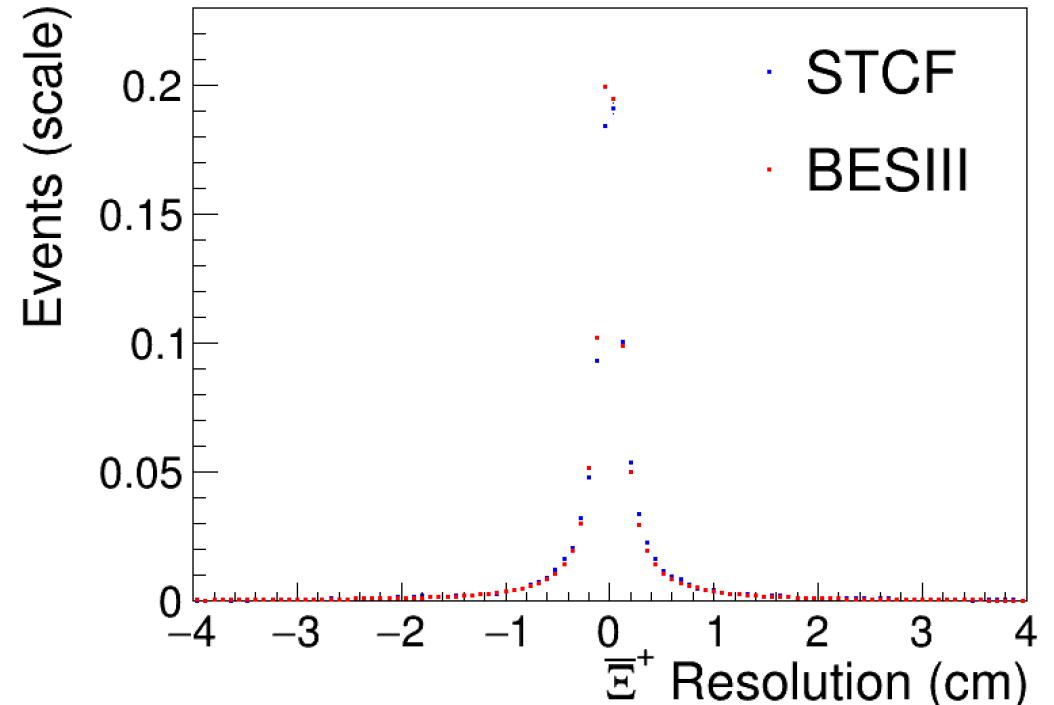
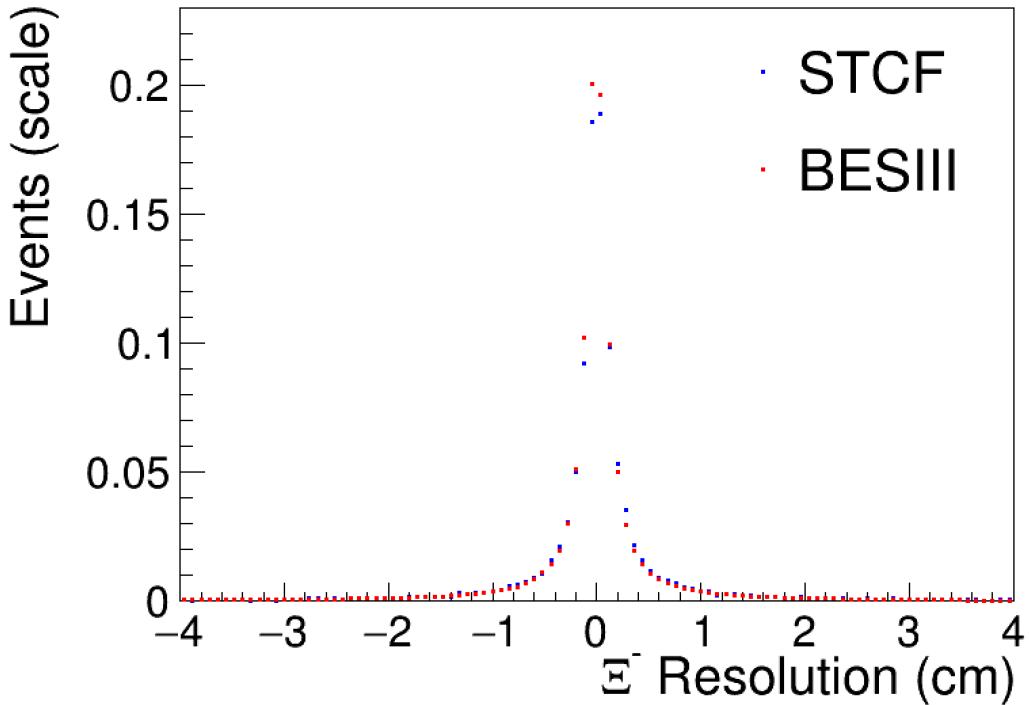
BESIII & STCF comparisons

Check χ^2 , L, Lerr, L/Lerr, Mass



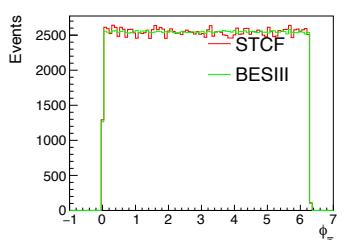
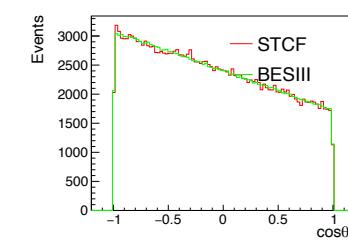
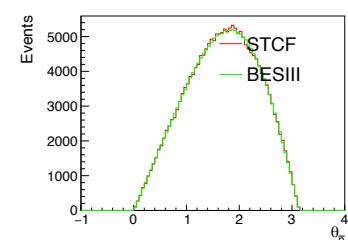
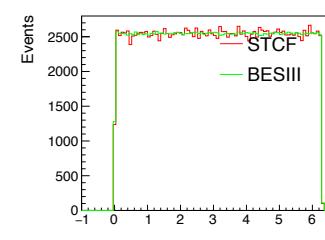
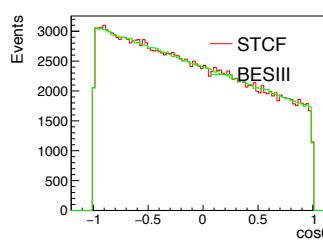
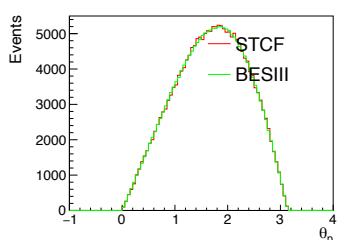
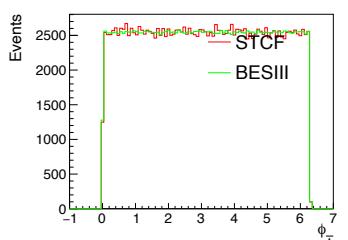
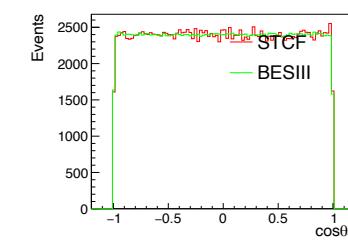
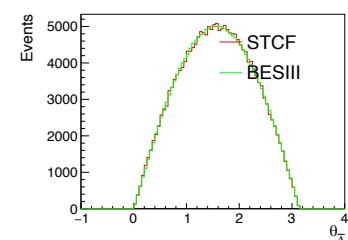
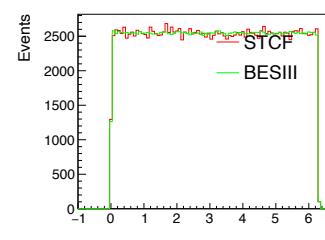
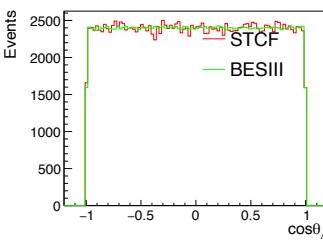
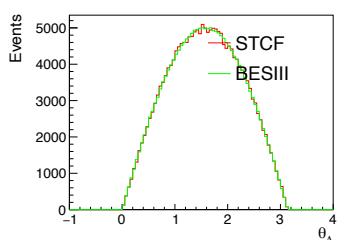
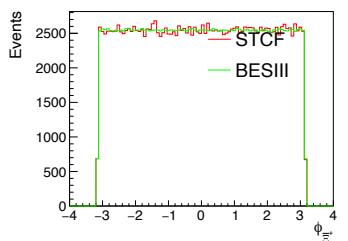
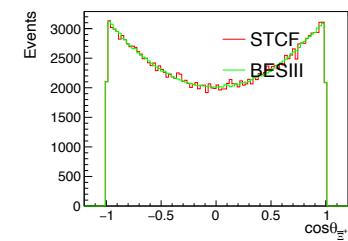
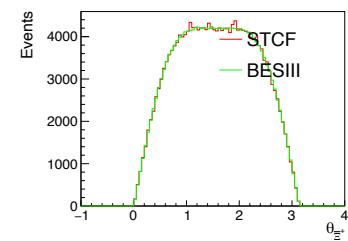
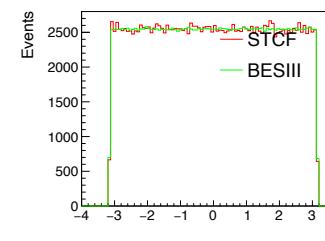
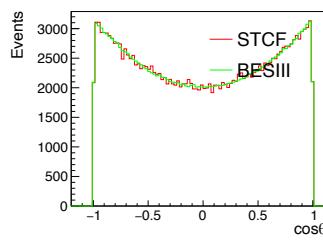
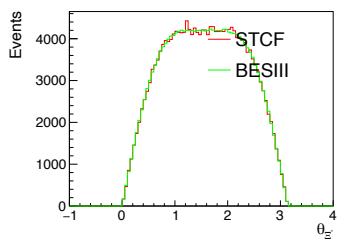
BESIII & STCF comparisons

Check resolution of decay length



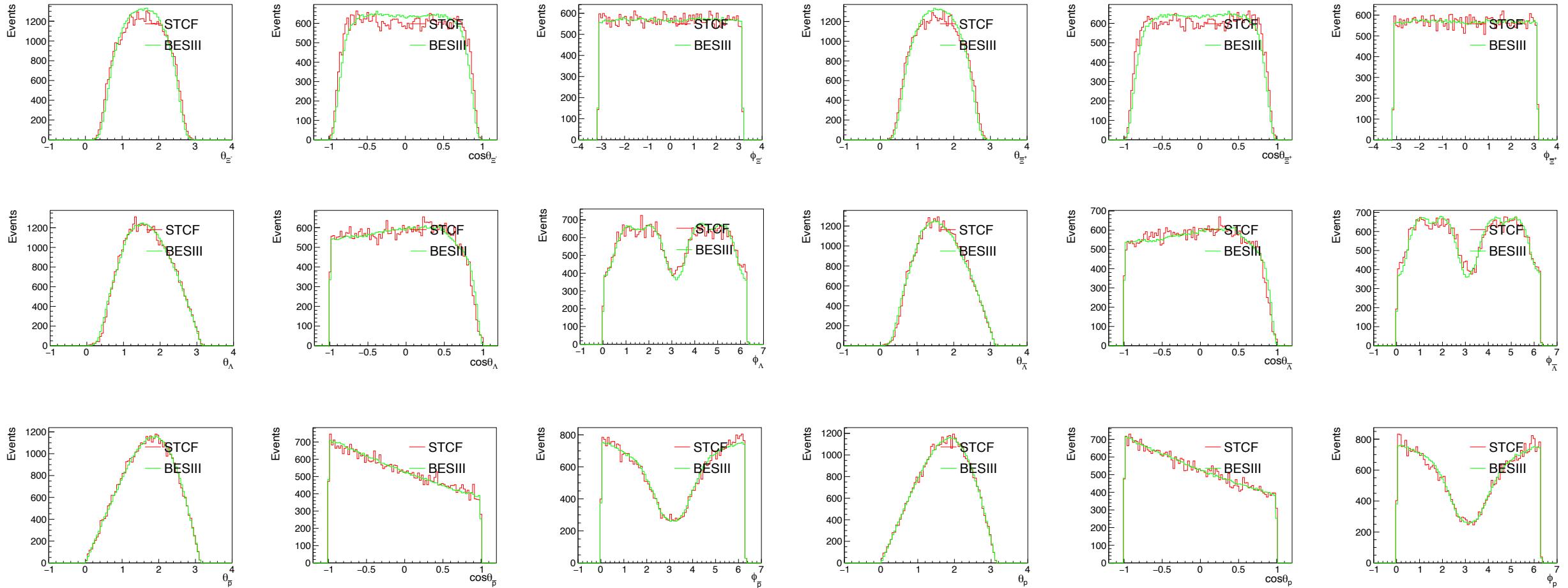
BESIII & STCF comparisons

Check Helicity angles in truth level:



BESIII & STCF comparisons

Check Helicity angles in reconstruction level:

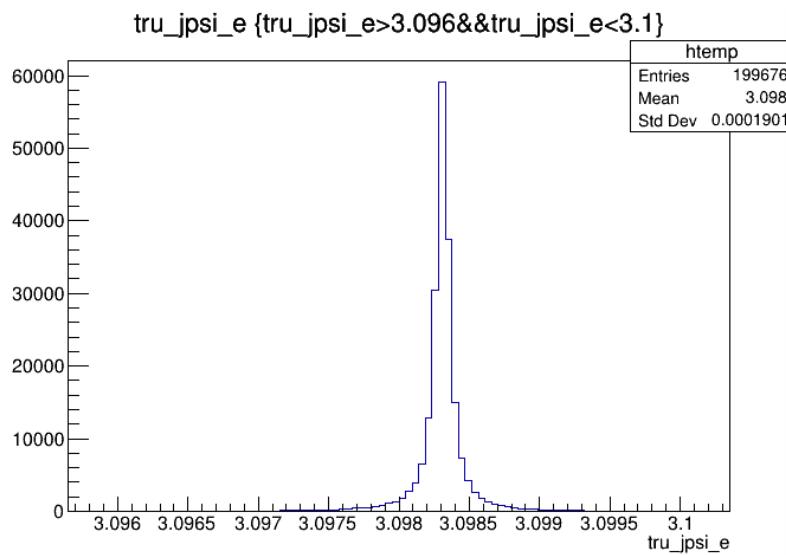


Summary

- The process $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi^- \bar{\Xi}^+$ has been generated using the OSCAR software. And the signal events have been preliminarily selected.
- The signal selection efficiency has improved by $\sim 16\%$ compared to BESIII.
- The discrepancy between BESIII and STCF:
 - Selection efficiency (charged track)
 - Ξ momentum
 - Invariant mass of Ξ 、 Λ
 - Decay length error of Ξ

Backup

➤ genTool.property("Boost").set(True)



Since e^+e^- isn't a complete head-to-head collision, the cross angle needs to be considered in the simulation, from the CMS boost to the Lab system.

➤ genTool.property("Boost").set(False)

