



Measurement of $\Sigma^+ \bar{\Sigma}^-$ electromagnetic form factors using initial-state-radiation technique

Zikang Chen¹ Cong Geng¹

¹Sun Yat-sen University

2024.10.23

Electromagnetic Form Factors

- The cross section for the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow B\bar{B}$ via one-photon exchange, where B is a spin 1/2 baryon, can be expressed in terms of the electric and magnetic FFs G_E and G_M by following formula:

$$\sigma_{B\bar{B}}(s) = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2 C\beta}{3s} [|G_M(s)|^2 + \frac{1}{2\tau} |G_E(s)|^2].$$

- s is the invariant mass of the hadronic system
- $\alpha = 1/137.036$ is the fine-structure constant
- $\beta = \sqrt{1 - 4M_B^2/s}$ is the velocity
- $\tau = s/4M_B^2$, M_B is the mass of the baryon.

$$|G_{\text{eff}}(s)| = \sqrt{\frac{2\tau|G_M(s)|^2 + |G_E(s)|^2}{2\tau + 1}}.$$

- Coulomb correction factor $C = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for pairs of neutral baryons} \\ y/(1 - e^{-y}), & y = \pi\alpha(1 + \beta^2)/\beta, \text{ for pairs of charged baryons} \end{cases}$



Analysis Strategy



- We use two methods to select the signal events:
- 1、 **Tagged method:** Selecting all final particles including $\gamma^{ISR} p \pi^0 \bar{p} \pi^0$. However, this method can only detect γ^{ISR} entering the EMC, and small-angle γ^{ISR} cannot be detected.
- 2、 **Untagged method:** We select $p \pi^0 \bar{p} \pi^0$ and miss γ^{ISR} . Since most γ^{ISR} are emitted at small angles, we can exclude a large amount of background by restricting their angles.

select γ^{ISR} with large angle



select γ^{ISR} with small angle



Data Sets

- 1、Data :

\sqrt{s} [GeV]	Sample Type	Run number	Luminosity [pb ⁻¹]	Total Luminosity
3.773	Round03 (2010)	11414-13988,14395-14604	2931.8 \pm 0.2 \pm 13.8	20247.8 pb ⁻¹
	Round04 (2011)	20488-23454		
	Round15 (2022)	70522-73929	4995 \pm 19	
	Round16 (2023)	74031-78536	8157 \pm 31	
	Round17 (2024)	78615-81094	4191 \pm 16	

- 2、Monte Carlo simulations(MC) ($\sqrt{s} = 3.773$ GeV):

The signal MC:

The generator software package **ConExc** is used to simulate the signal MC samples.



Event Selection

Good charged tracks:

- $|\cos\theta| \leq 0.93$, $|V_{xy}| \leq 2cm$, $|V_z| \leq 10cm$

PID:

- $p: \text{prob}(p) > \text{prob}(\pi) \& \text{prob}(p) > \text{prob}(K)$

Photon:

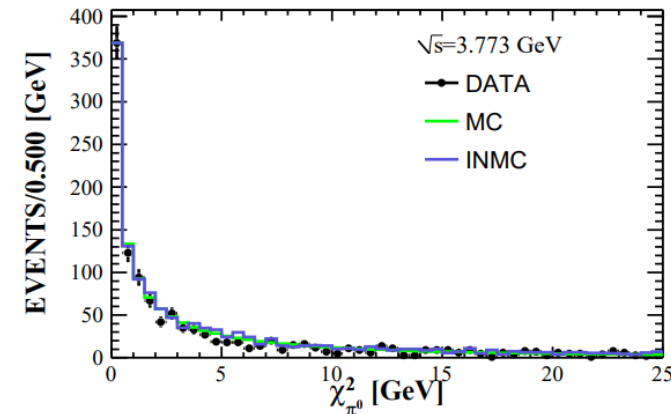
- $E_\gamma > 25MeV$ ($|\cos\theta| \leq 0.86$)
- $E_\gamma > 50MeV$ ($0.86 \leq |\cos\theta| \leq 0.92$)
- Time cut: $0 \leq T \leq 700ns$
- The angle of photon and proton $> 10^\circ$
- The angle of photon and anti-proton $> 20^\circ$

Other selections:

- Number of $p = 1$ and $\bar{p} = 1$
- For untagged method: $\gamma \geq 4$ and $\pi^0 \geq 2$
- For Tagged method: $\gamma \geq 5$ and $\pi^0 \geq 2$

Reconstruct π^0 :

- $|M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\pi^0)| \in [-60, 40]MeV$
- A kinematic fit be used, $\chi^2 < 25$



Event Selection

For Untagged Method:

➤ Select minimum $\Delta_m = \sqrt{(M_{p\pi^0} - M_{\Sigma^+})^2 + (M_{\bar{p}\pi^0} - M_{\bar{\Sigma}^-})^2}$

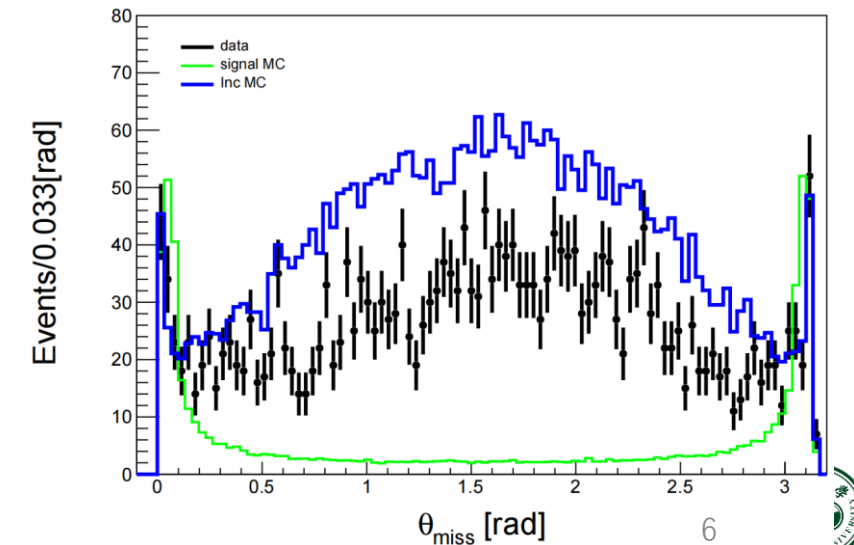
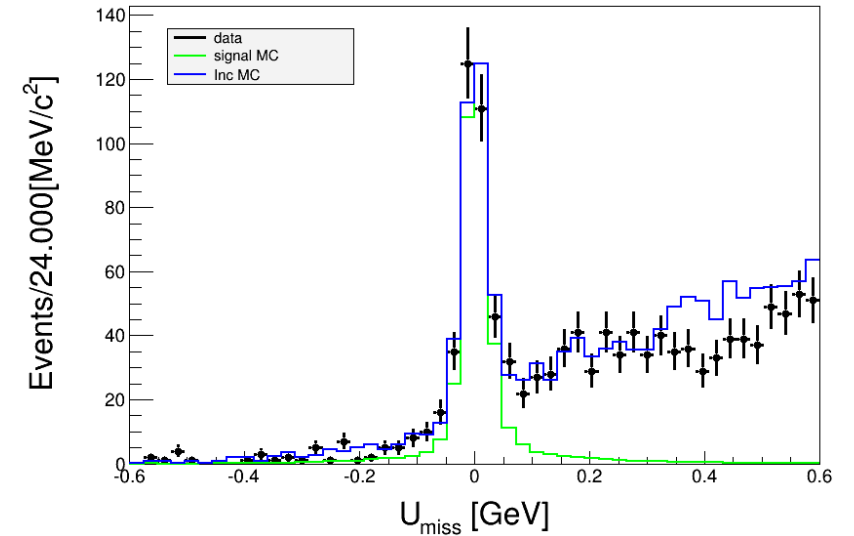
➤ Mass cut: $M_{\Sigma^+(\bar{\Sigma}^-)} \in [1.16, 1.21] [GeV]$

➤ U_{miss} cut: $-0.14 < U_{miss} < 0.06 [GeV]$

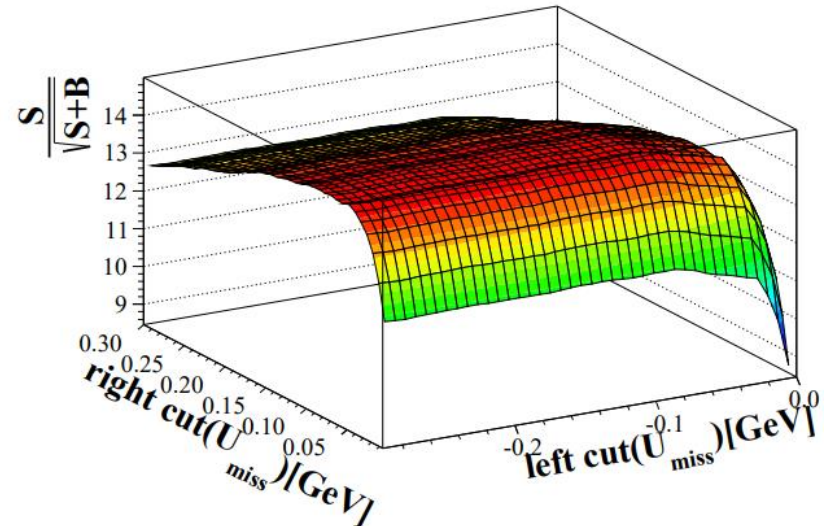
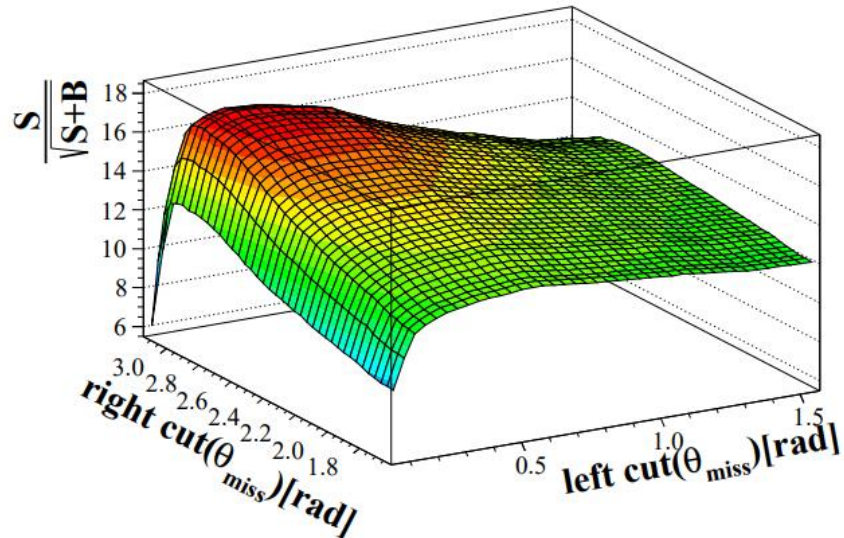
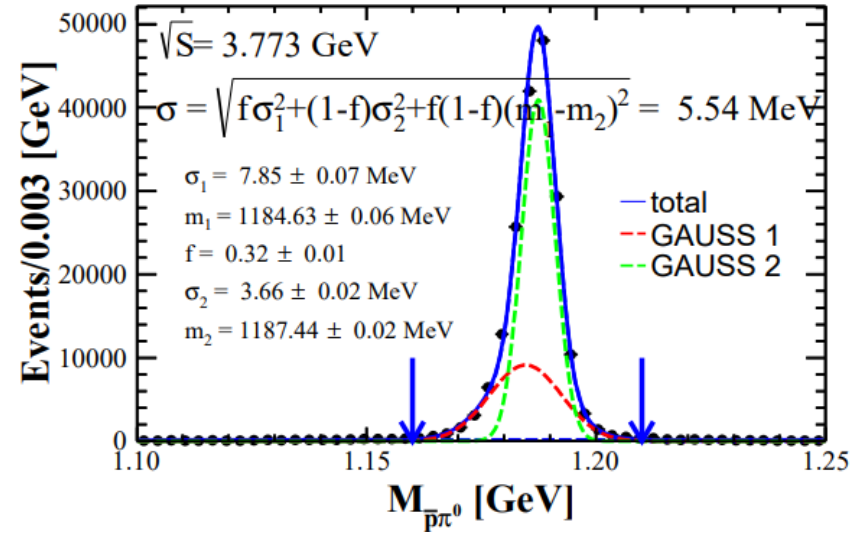
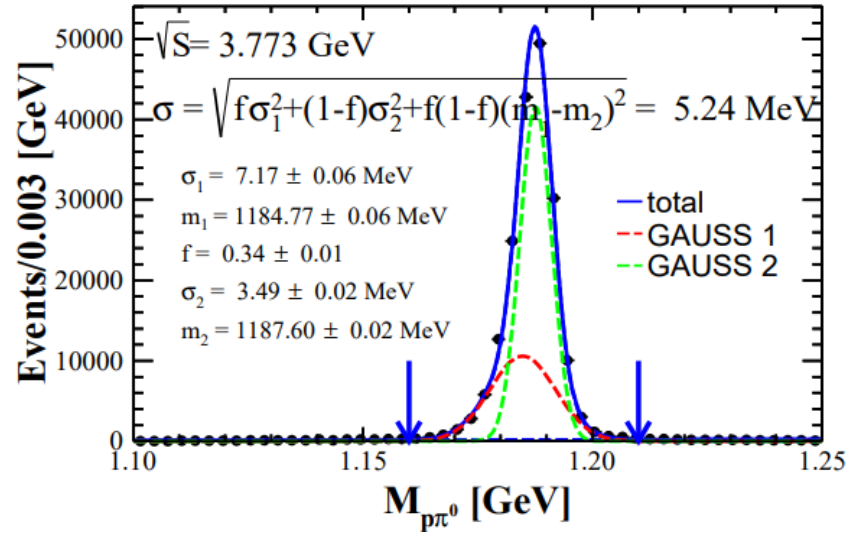
$$U_{miss} = E_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}^{rec} - P_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}^{rec}$$

➤ θ_{miss} cut: $\theta_{miss} < 0.25$ or $\theta_{miss} > 2.90 [rads]$

θ_{miss} means the angle between the momentum of the recoiling against the $\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-$ system and beam direction



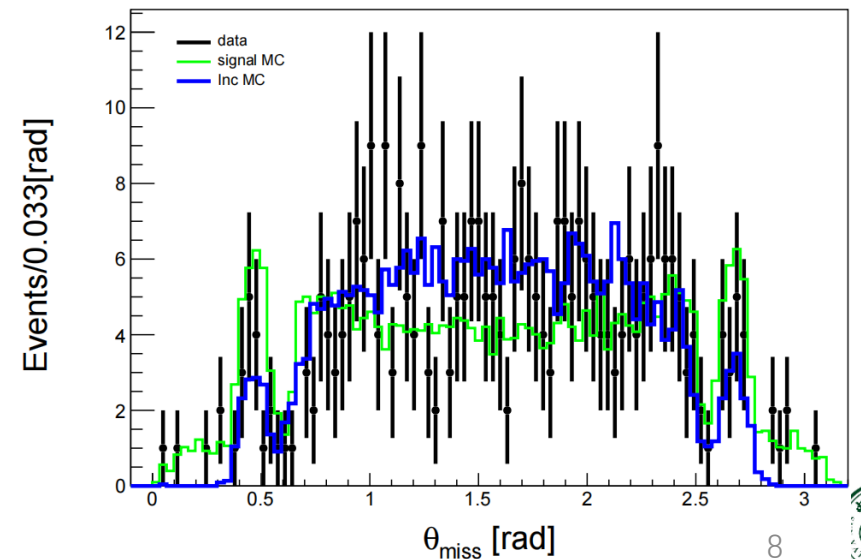
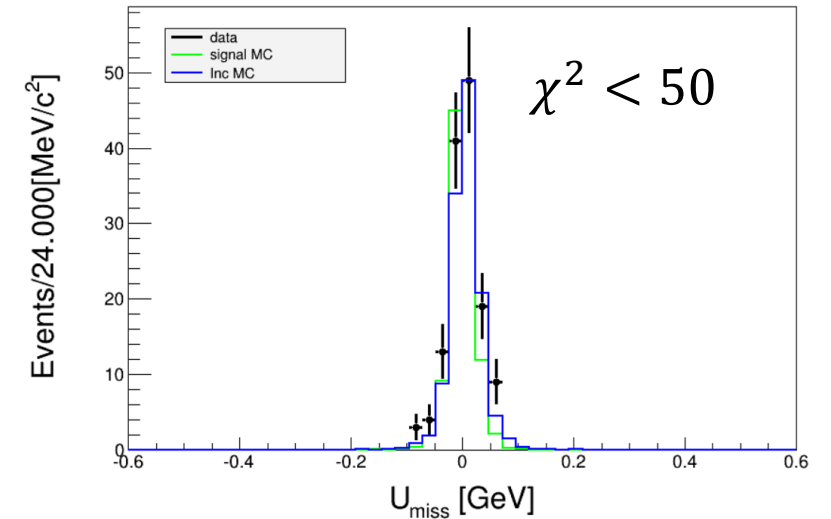
Study of Event Selection



Event Selection

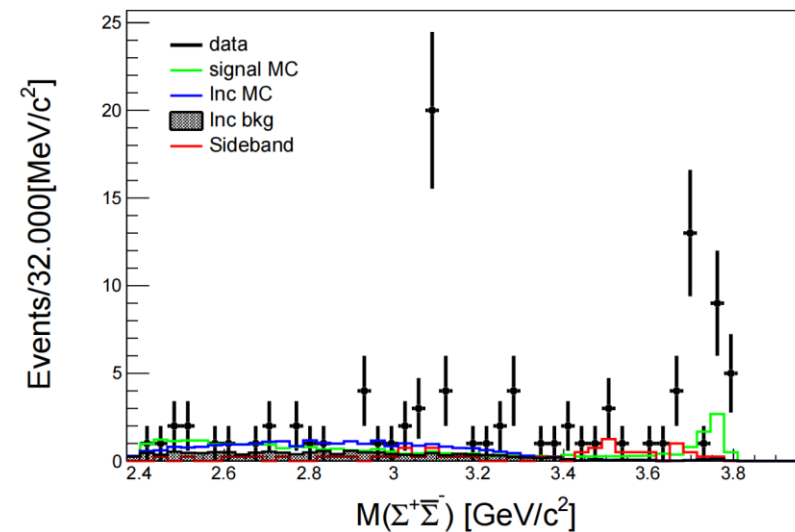
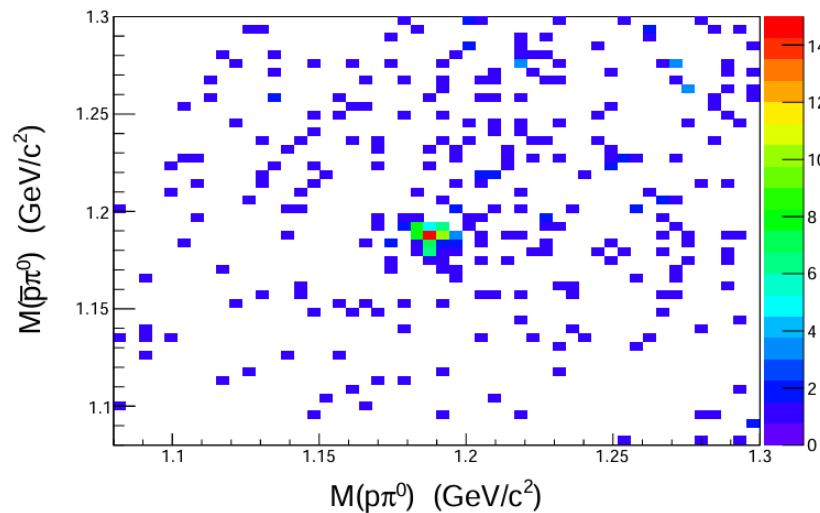
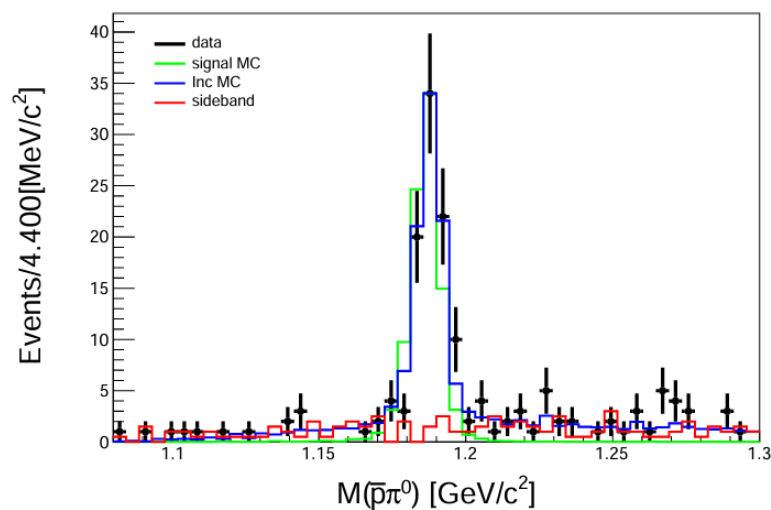
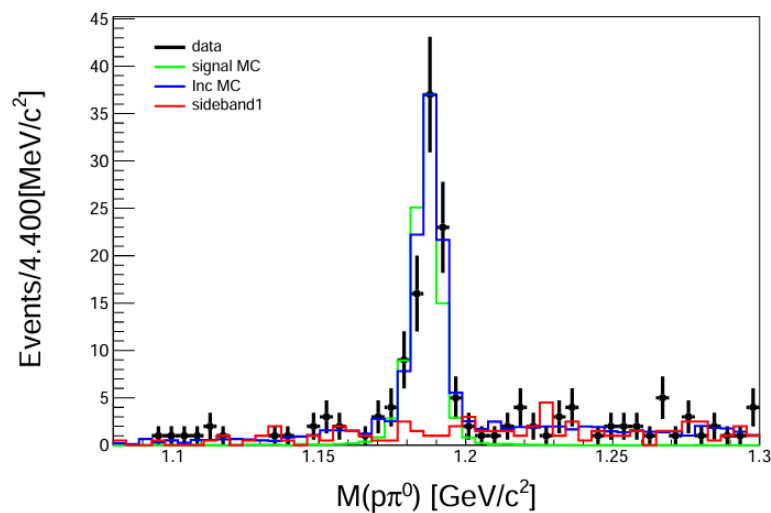
For Tagged Method:

- Select minimum $\Delta_m = \sqrt{(M_{p\pi^0} - M_{\Sigma^+})^2 + (M_{\bar{p}\pi^0} - M_{\bar{\Sigma}^-})^2}$
- A kinematic fit is used, there are 5γ , $1p$ and $1\bar{p}$. And we require $\chi^2 < 50$.
- A kinematic fit of background is used ($6\gamma, 1p, 1\bar{p}$). If $\chi_{BG}^2 < \chi_{sig}^2$, then we exclude this event. (exclude $\pi^0\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-$)
- θ_{miss} cut: $0.25 < \theta_{miss} < 2.90$ [rads]
- U_{miss} cut: $-0.06 < U_{miss} < 0.06$ [GeV]
- Mass cut: $M_{\Sigma^+(\bar{\Sigma}^-)} \in [1.16, 1.21]$ [GeV]



Tagged Result

2010-11 3773 data



Sideband Region:

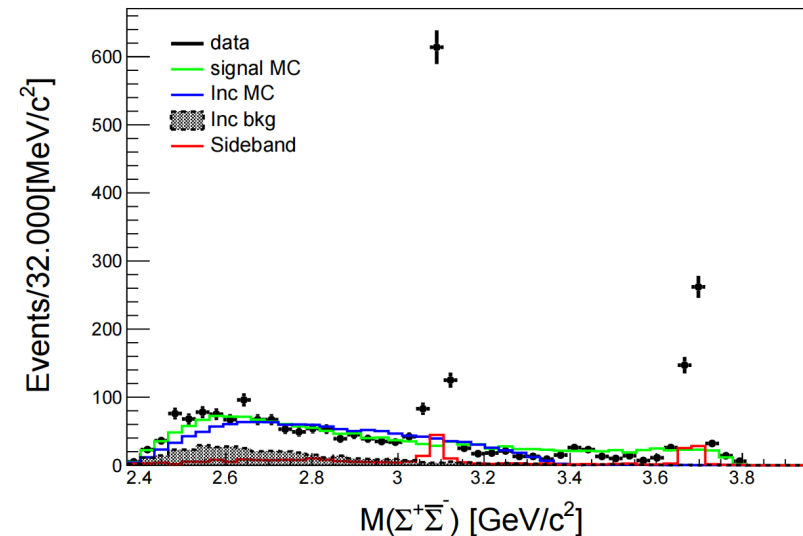
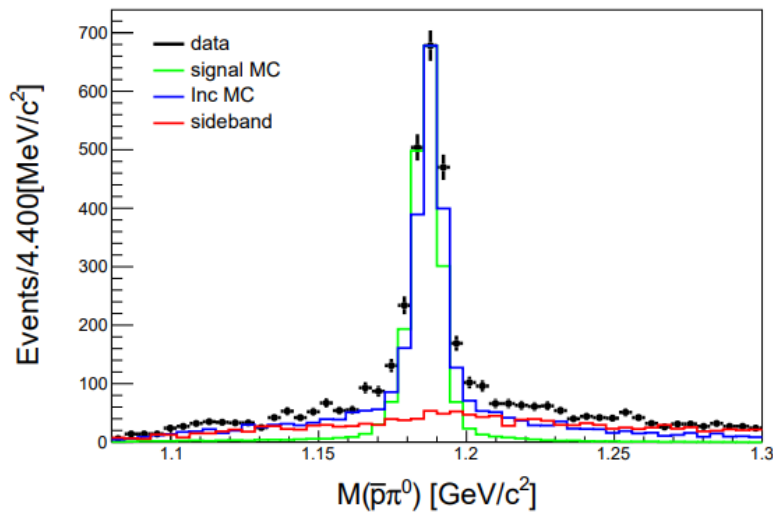
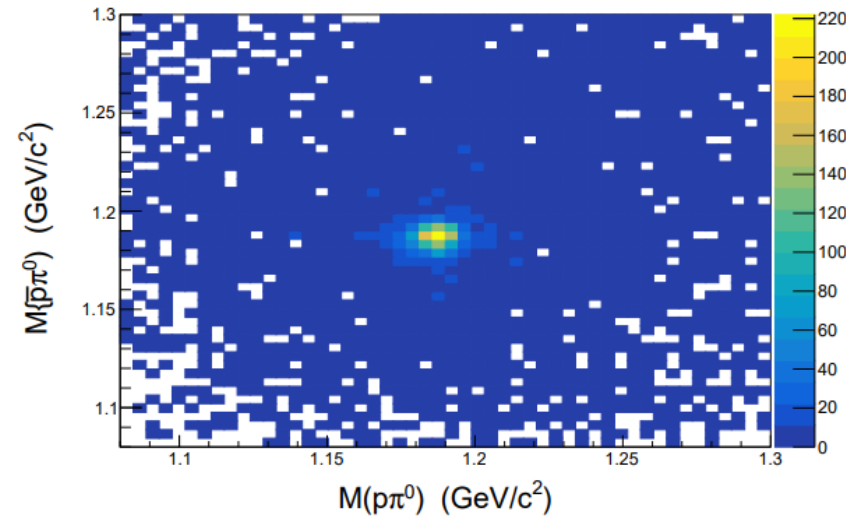
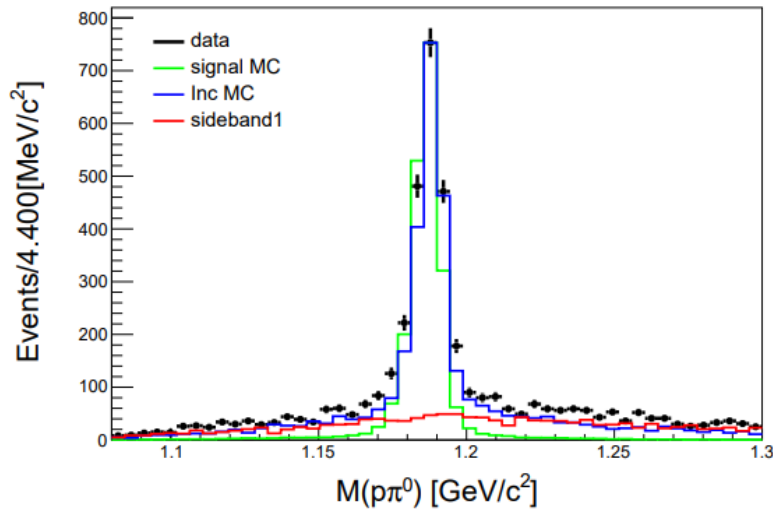
- BKG1: $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.15$ GeV and $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.27$ GeV,
- BKG2: $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.27$ GeV and $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.27$ GeV,
- BKG3: $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.15$ GeV and $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.15$ GeV,
- BKG4: $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.27$ GeV and $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.15$ GeV.

For the **tagged method**, the main background are $\pi^0 \Sigma\Sigma$ from IncMC topology. The sideband method is used to estimate other background. Considering **the low efficiency and high background**, we have abandoned this method.



Untagged Results

Whole 3773 data



Sideband Region:

- BKG1: $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.15$ GeV and $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.27$ GeV,
- BKG2: $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.27$ GeV and $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.27$ GeV,
- BKG3: $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.15$ GeV and $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.15$ GeV,
- BKG4: $1.22 \leq M_{\Sigma^+} \leq 1.27$ GeV and $1.10 \leq M_{\Sigma^-} \leq 1.15$ GeV.

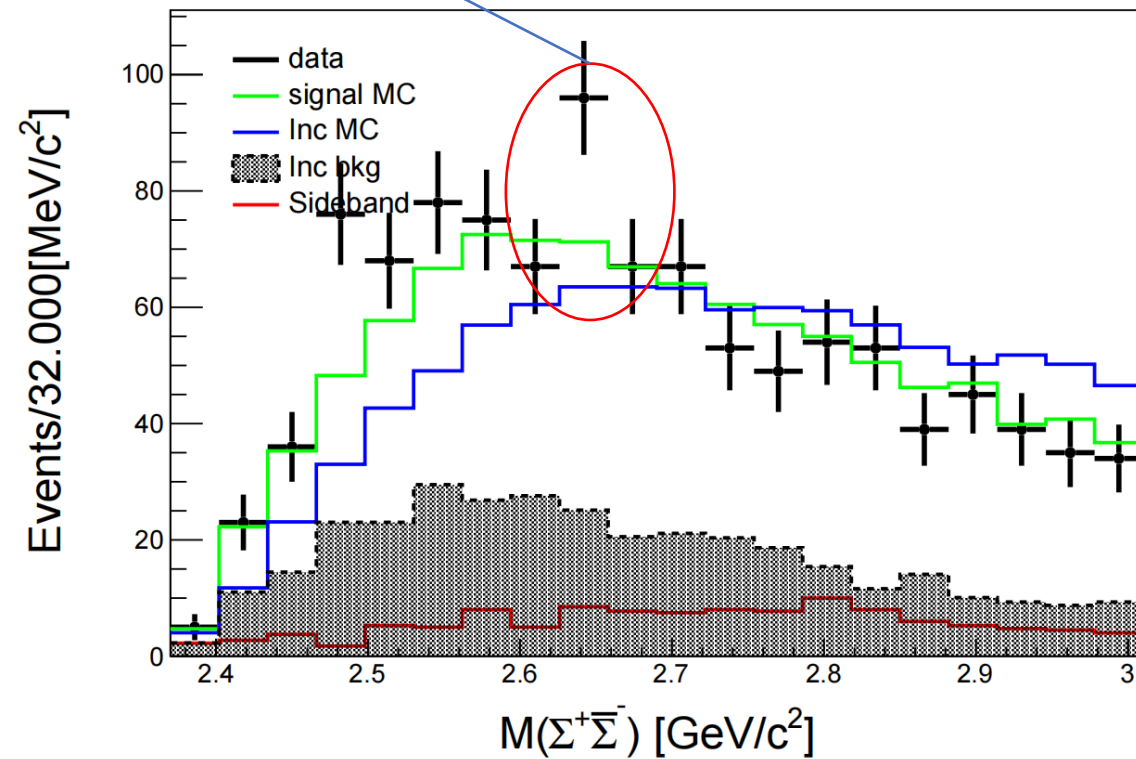
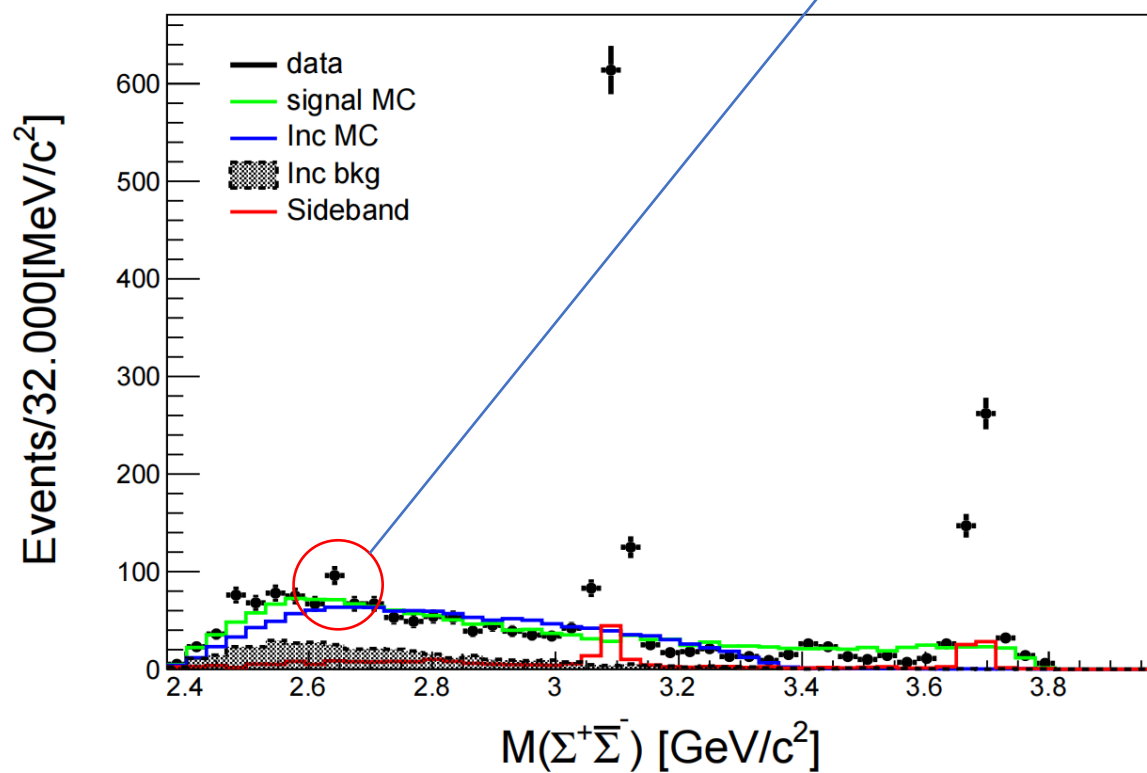
For the **untagged method**, the background is cleaner. We should estimate its background. There are two methods:

1. Estimate using IncMC;
2. Estimate using sideband + $\pi^0 \Sigma \Sigma$



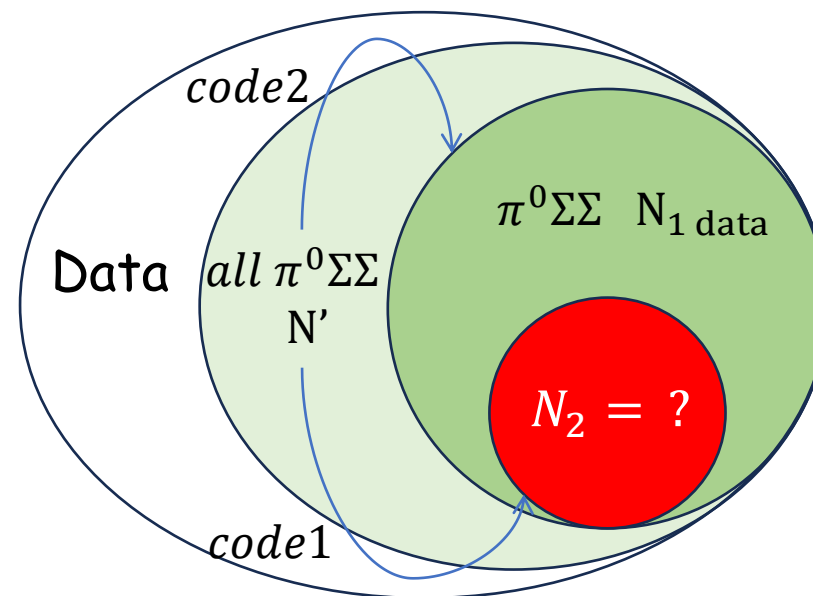
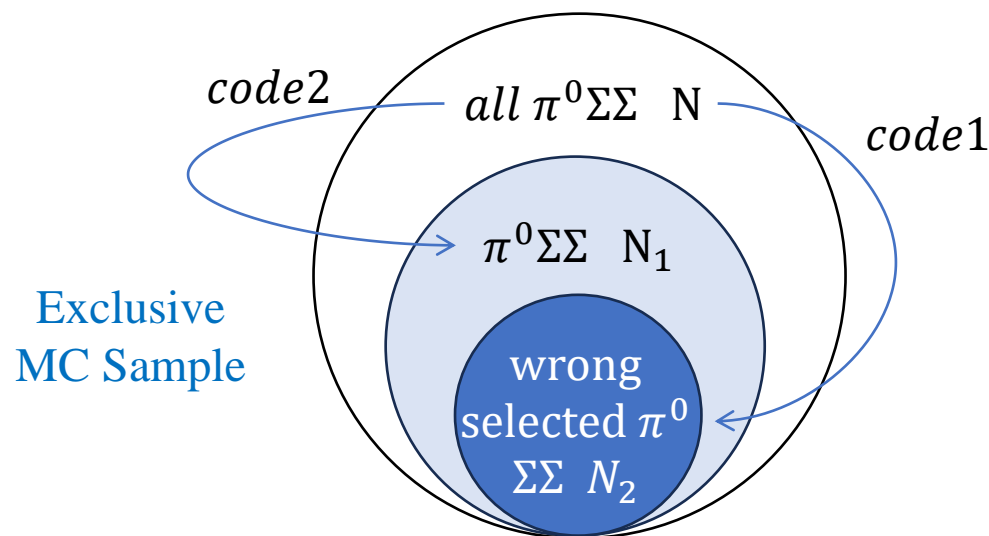
Untagged Result

Unknown



$\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ BG Estimate

We use another code to select $\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ `code1: select $\gamma\Sigma\Sigma$ (signal).` `code2: select $\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ (bkg)`



Code2 Event Selection:

- The same as untagged method, select $p \pi^0 \bar{p} \pi^0$ tracks first.
- Limit $U_{miss} < -0.14$ or $U_{miss} > 0.06$ to exclude $\gamma\Sigma\Sigma$ signal.
- Loop all π^0 and make kmfit, select the minimum χ^2 event.

$\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ BG Estimate

code1: select $\gamma\Sigma\Sigma$ (signal). code2: select $\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ (bkg)

In Exclusive MC:

1、 ε_{sig}^i means the number of bkg($\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$) events N_i misidentified as signal($\gamma\Sigma\Sigma$) ratio --> Code1

$$\varepsilon_{sig}^i = N_2^i / N^i$$

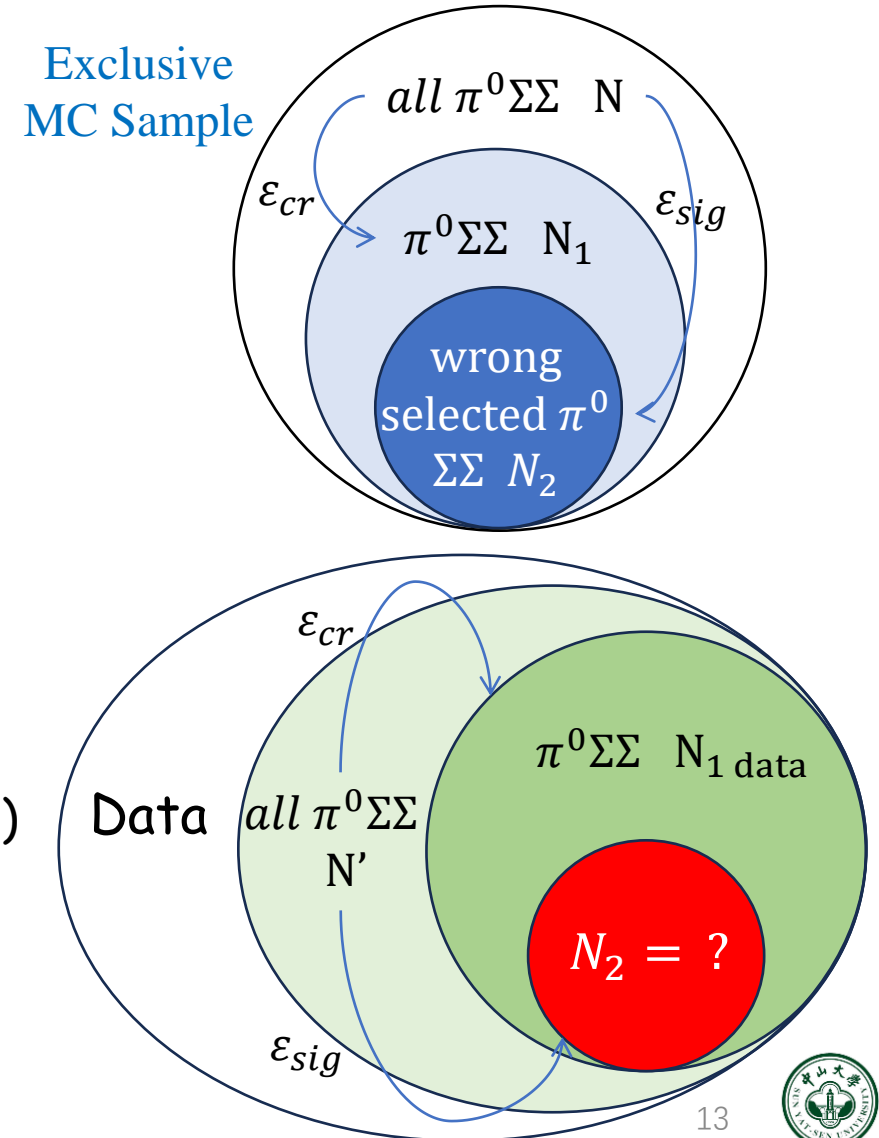
2、 ε_{cr}^i means the efficiency of bkg($\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$) selection --> Code2

$$\varepsilon_{cr}^i = N_1^i / N^i$$

In Data:

3、 We can estimate the number of $\pi^0\Sigma\Sigma$ misidentified as signal($\gamma\Sigma\Sigma$) number:

$$N_{2\ data} = N' \cdot \varepsilon_{sig}^i = N_{1\ data}^i / \varepsilon_{cr}^i \cdot \varepsilon_{sig}^i = R N_{1\ data}^i \quad \left(R = \frac{\varepsilon_{sig}^i}{\varepsilon_{cr}^i} \right)$$



Calculation the Cross Section

Cross Section: $\sigma_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}(M_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}) = \frac{(dN_{sig}/dM_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-})}{\varepsilon \cdot \mathcal{B}(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\pi^0)\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Sigma}^- \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^0)\mathcal{B}^2(\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot (d\mathcal{L}_{int}/dM_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-})}$.

Here, $d\mathcal{L}_{int}/dM_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-} = W(s, x) \cdot \mathcal{L}_{int}$ $W(s, x) = \frac{\alpha}{\pi x} \left[\ln\left(\frac{s}{M_e^2}\right) - 1 \right] \cdot (2 - 2x + x^2)$, $x = 1 - \frac{M_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}^2}{s}$

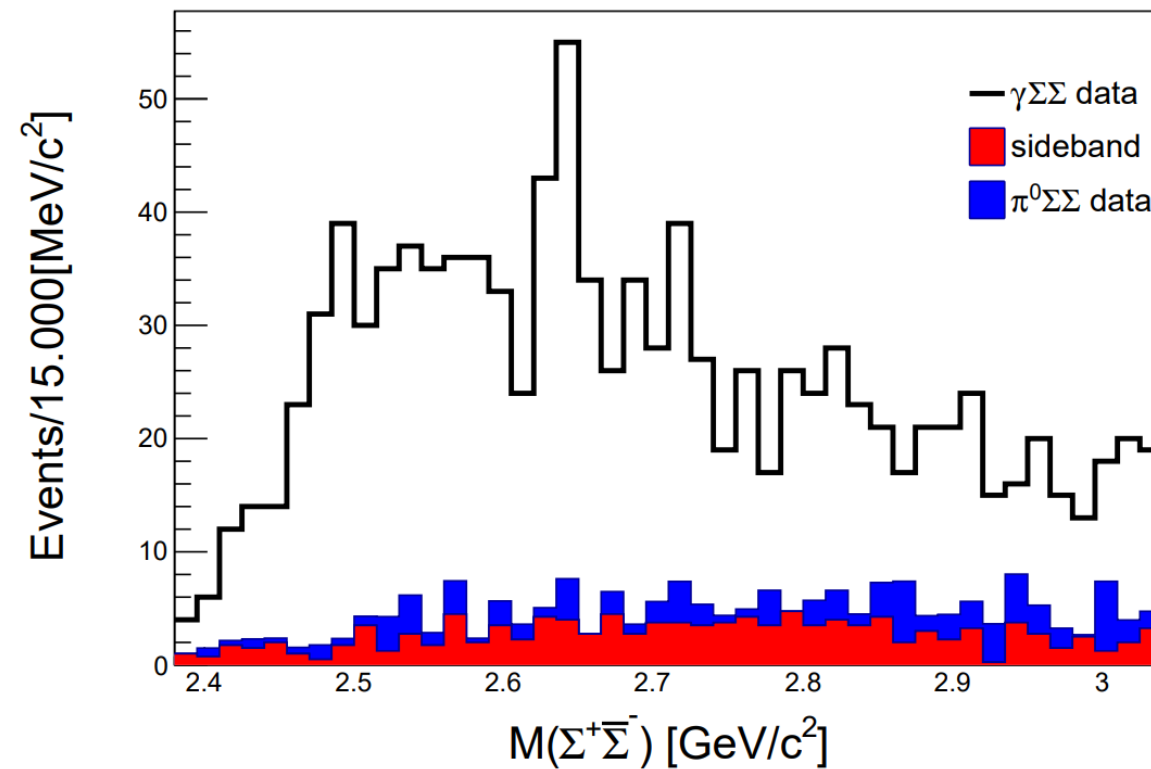
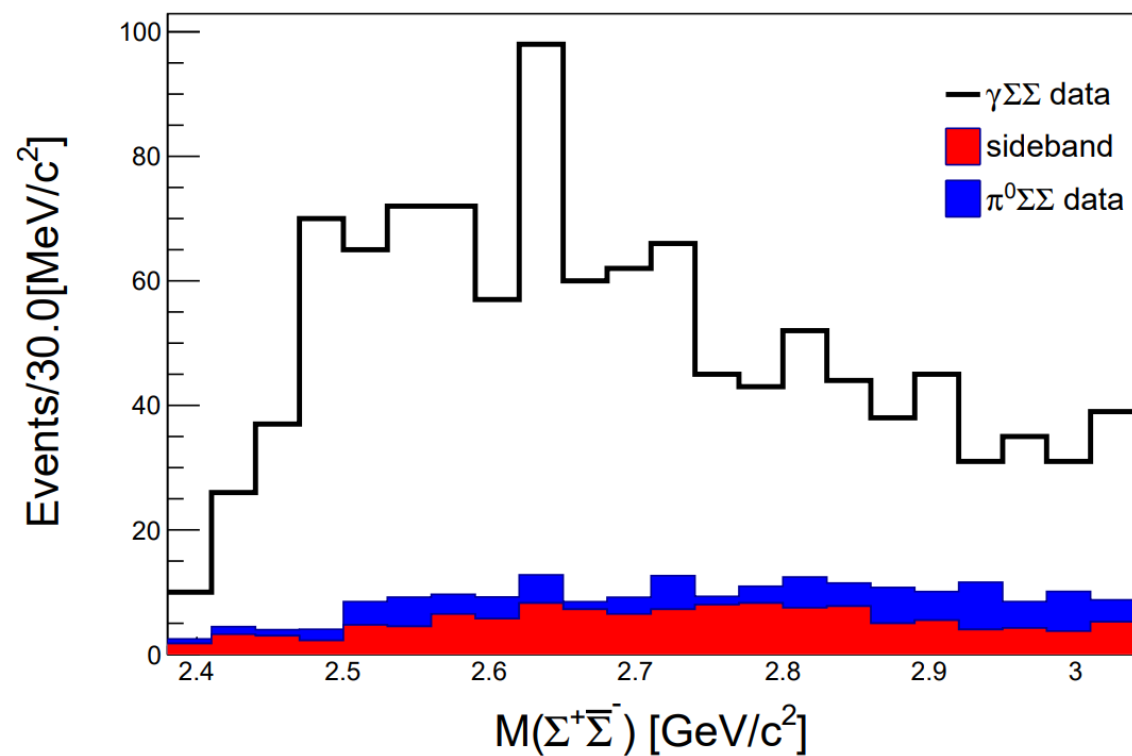
If higher-order terms are considered (to more accurately describe the ISR process), then $W(s, x)$:

$$W(s, x) = kx^{k-1} \left[1 + \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{3}{4}k + k^2 \left(\frac{37}{96} - \frac{\pi^2}{12} - \frac{1}{72} \ln \frac{s}{m_e^2} \right) \right] - k \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x \right) + \frac{1}{8}k^2 \left[4(2-x) \ln \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1+3(1-x)^2}{x} \ln(1-x) - 6+x \right], k = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \left[\ln \frac{s}{m_e^2} - 1 \right],$$

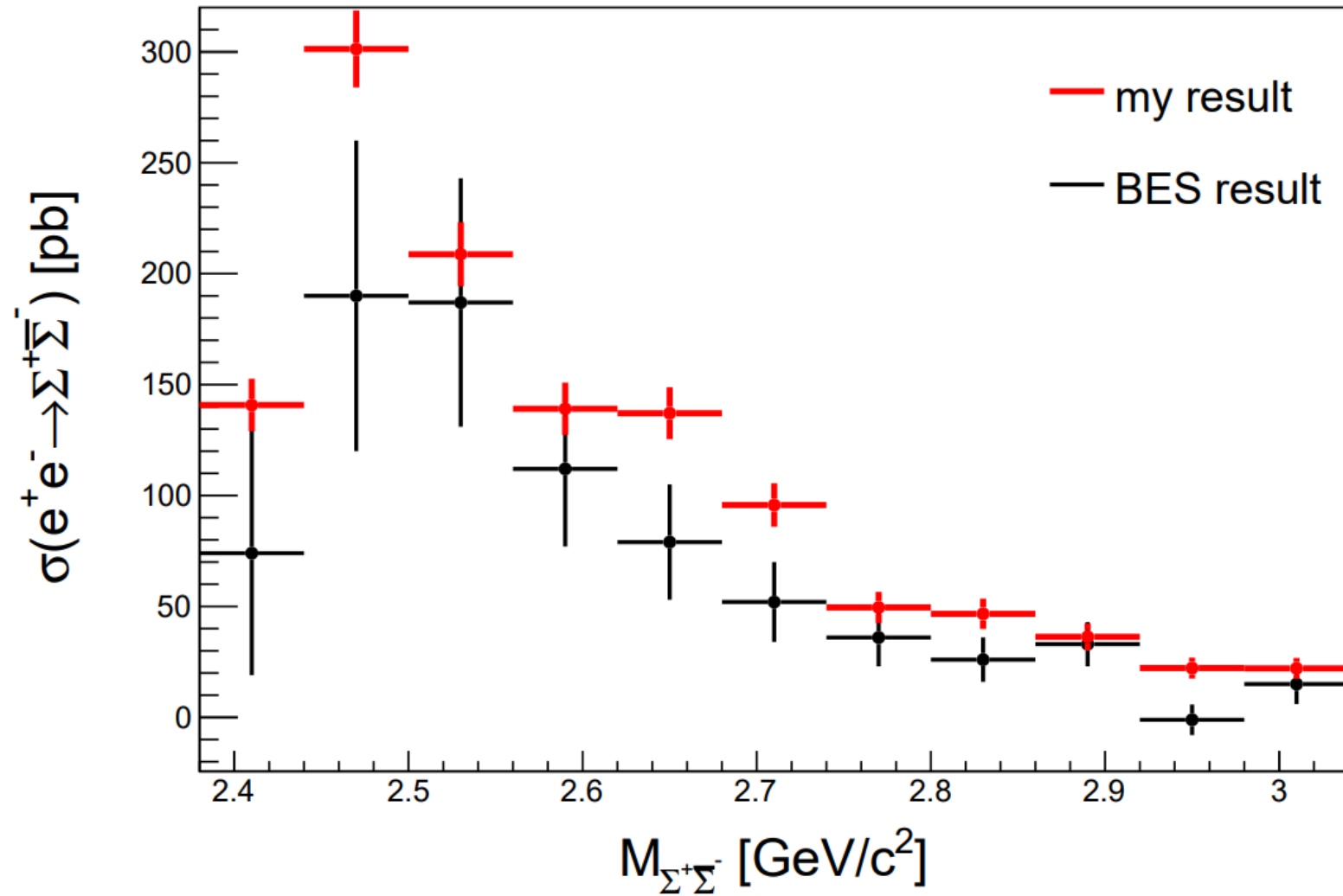
From this, we can calculate the production cross section of $\Sigma\Sigma$ in each bin.



BG estimate



Compare



• Compare1

MSigmaSigma	N1(Origin)	N2(sideband)	Nbkg(pi0SigmaSigma)	Nsig	ϵ	Leff	σ [pb]	Geff [10-2]
Bin0	36	5	2.14	28.86	2.42%	32.61	140.79	15.77
Bin1	107	5.25	2.70	99.05	3.61%	35.04	301.32	23.08
Bin2	137	9.25	8.45	119.30	5.83%	37.74	208.75	19.21
Bin3	129	12.25	6.63	110.12	7.48%	40.75	139.10	15.68
Bin4	158	15.5	5.81	136.69	8.70%	44.13	137.09	15.57
Bin5	128	13.75	7.83	106.42	8.93%	47.93	95.71	13.01
Bin6	88	16.25	3.85	67.90	10.10%	52.24	49.53	9.36
Bin7	96	15.25	8.56	72.19	10.42%	57.15	46.67	9.08
Bin8	83	10.5	10.75	61.75	10.44%	62.78	36.29	8.01
Bin9	66	8.25	11.73	46.02	11.52%	69.30	22.20	6.26
Bin10	70	9	10.34	50.66	11.50%	76.89	22.06	6.24

$M_{\Sigma^+\Sigma^-}$ [GeV]	N_1	N_2	$N_{bkg}(\epsilon_{bkg}[\%], N_{\pi^0\Sigma^+\Sigma^-}, \epsilon_{\pi^0\Sigma^+\Sigma^-}[\%])$	N_{sig}	$\epsilon[\%]$	$\mathcal{L}_{eff}[\text{pb}^{-1}]$	$\sigma_{\Sigma^+\Sigma^-}$ [pb]	$ G_{eff} \times 10^{-2}$
<i>Bin₀</i>	2.00±1.41	0.25±0.25	0.06 (0.09,5.25,7.39)	1.69±1.52	1.50	4.82	90.00±80.95	15.59±7.01
<i>Bin₁</i>	10.00±3.16	0.50±0.35	0.10 (0.15,4.50,6.56)	9.40±3.26	2.88	5.07	247.87±85.96	20.82±3.61
<i>Bin₂</i>	18.00±4.24	1.50±0.61	0.16 (0.17,6.00,6.46)	16.34±4.43	4.63	5.47	248.41±67.35	19.21±2.60
<i>Bin₃</i>	10.00±3.16	2.50±0.79	0.22 (0.21,7.00,6.69)	7.28±3.57	6.20	5.90	76.63±37.58	10.23±2.51
<i>Bin₄</i>	15.00±3.87	1.25±0.56	0.46 (0.27,12.00,7.02)	13.29±4.09	7.17	6.39	111.68±34.37	12.06±1.86
<i>Bin₅</i>	8.00±2.83	1.00±0.50	0.25 (0.31,5.75,7.20)	6.75±3.04	7.88	6.94	47.52±21.40	7.77±1.75
<i>Bin₆</i>	3.00±1.73	1.25±0.56	0.01 (0.33,0.25,7.57)	1.74±2.06	8.41	7.56	10.54±12.47	3.64±2.15
<i>Bin₇</i>	7.00±2.65	1.50±0.61	0.20 (0.36,4.25,7.65)	5.30±2.95	8.86	8.28	27.82±15.48	5.91±1.65
<i>Bin₈</i>	11.00±3.32	0.75±0.43	0.27 (0.36,5.50,7.31)	9.98±3.47	9.20	9.09	45.95±15.98	7.62±1.33
<i>Bin₉</i>	5.00±2.24	4.75±1.09	0.24 (0.40,4.50,7.49)	0.01±3.16	9.46	10.03	0.04±12.82	0.23±36.25
<i>Bin₁₀</i>	7.00±2.65	2.25±0.75	0.24 (0.33,5.25,7.35)	4.51±3.08	9.68	11.14	16.10±11.00	4.57±1.56

• Compare2

MSigmaSigma	N1(Origin)	N2(sideband)	Nbkg(pi0SigmaSigma)	Nsig	ϵ	Leff	σ [pb]	Geff [10-2]
Bin0	36	5	2.14	28.86	2.42%	32.61	140.79	15.77
Bin1	107	5.25	2.70	99.05	3.61%	35.04	301.32	23.08
Bin2	137	9.25	8.45	119.30	5.83%	37.74	208.75	19.21
Bin3	129	12.25	6.63	110.12	7.48%	40.75	139.10	15.68
Bin4	158	15.5	5.81	136.69	8.70%	44.13	137.09	15.57
Bin5	128	13.75	7.83	106.42	8.93%	47.93	95.71	13.01
Bin6	88	16.25	3.85	67.90	10.10%	52.24	49.53	9.36
Bin7	96	15.25	8.56	72.19	10.42%	57.15	46.67	9.08
Bin8	83	10.5	10.75	61.75	10.44%	62.78	36.29	8.01
Bin9	66	8.25	11.73	46.02	11.52%	69.30	22.20	6.26
Bin10	70	9	10.34	50.66	11.50%	76.89	22.06	6.24

$M_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}$ [GeV/c ²]	N^{sig}	$\bar{\epsilon}$ [%]	\mathcal{L}_{eff} [pb ⁻¹]	$\sigma_{\Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-}$ [pb]	$ G_{\text{eff}} (\times 10^{-2})$
2.379-2.44	$2.7^{+1.8}_{-1.9}(<6.8)$	0.91	15.13	$74^{+50}_{-52}\pm 5(<190)$	$14.1^{+4.8}_{-5.0}\pm 0.5(<22.7)$
2.44-2.50	16 ± 4	2.07	15.77	$190\pm 50\pm 20$	$18.2\pm 2.4\pm 1.0$
2.50-2.56	30 ± 6	3.69	16.82	$187\pm 37\pm 19$	$16.6\pm 1.7\pm 0.8$
2.56-2.62	28 ± 6	5.33	17.96	$112\pm 24\pm 11$	$12.3\pm 1.3\pm 0.6$
2.62-2.68	26 ± 6	6.49	19.22	$79\pm 18\pm 8$	$10.2\pm 1.2\pm 0.5$
2.68-2.74	20 ± 5	7.24	20.62	$52\pm 14\pm 4$	$8.1\pm 1.1\pm 0.3$
2.74-2.80	16 ± 5	7.85	22.16	$36\pm 10\pm 3$	$6.7\pm 1.0\pm 0.3$
2.80-2.86	13 ± 4	8.19	23.90	$26\pm 8\pm 2$	$5.5\pm 0.9\pm 0.2$
2.86-2.92	19 ± 5	8.62	25.83	$33\pm 8\pm 2$	$6.5\pm 0.8\pm 0.2$
2.92-2.98	$-0.7^{+4.5}_{-4.6}(<7.7)$	8.96	28.01	$-1.1^{+6.8}_{-7.1}\pm 0.1(<11.7)$	$-1.2^{+3.6}_{-3.8}\pm 0.1(<3.9)$
2.98-3.04	11 ± 6	9.23	30.50	$15\pm 8\pm 1$	$4.4\pm 1.1\pm 0.1$



Thank you!

Zikang Chen¹ Cong Geng¹

¹Sun Yat-sen University

2024.10.23