Status of SCEP experiment

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Theory of Magnetic Monopole



1931

Pattern

Afterglow Ligh



1968











1969





Induce new symmetry of Maxwell equation

Plastic Scintillator Background Estimation







1974

- Explain the quantization of electron charge
- Predicted by GUT and string theory
- Evidence for inflation theory

Combination of Induction & Scintillation Signal for MM Search





- **Combination of the plastic scintillator and specialized induction coils coupling to** high sensitive atomic magnetometer or amplifiers.
- **Cost-effectiveness**
- 2. Scalability under moderate conditions

- The main background is the pile up of the top and bottom scintillation signal.
- Low speed MM deposit less energy in plastic scintillators which is similar to heavy ions causing high background rate in this speed region
- Angular correction is needed because of the long track of background particle in PS
- Moon-based detector suffers higher background rate than a terrestrial one in 3 order of magnitudes

Projected Sensitivity







Detector Simulation and Validation



• It is estimated that such detector can reach current flux limit set by previous induction (particle) detection with a signal-to-noise ratio of the induction signal larger than 4.2 and coil layer larger than 3, assuming an effective exposure being 20000 $year \cdot m^2$

Summary and Prospects

- The SCEP experiment aims to detect the induction signal and scintillation signal simultaneously when a MM passes through coils and deposits energy inside plastic scintillators.
- The simulation framework of such detector have been developed and validated.
- Such technique is potentially to reach the current flux limit for MM speed >10⁻⁶ c set by previous experiments.

Further study will focus on the following aspects to increase the sensitivity.

- **Induction coil optimization**.
- **Coil array arrangement design.**
- **Triggering algorithm development.**

Induction Coil Optimization

低通滤波级

增益极



Coil arrangement & triggering algorithm optimization





Validation of noise







The noise amplitude matches with prediction (deviation < 10%)





> Machine learning method for pattern discrimination

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