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Direct Measurement of the Cosmic-Ray Iron Spectrum with the Dark Matter Particle Explorer

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DAM

≻Cosmic Ray

- >Dark Matter Particle Explorer (DAMPE)
- ≻Data Used
- > Preselection
- **≻**Particle Identify
- Spectrum reconstruction
- Efficiency calibration and Error analysis
 Summary

Cosmic Ray



cosmic ray spectrum

- > Knee (10⁶ GeV/n), Ankle (10⁹ GeV/n), GZK cutoff (5 \times 10¹⁰ GeV/n)
- Spans 12 orders of magnitude in energy. Spans 32 orders of magnitude in flux



 ${\sim}10\%$ of SN explosion energy is sufficient to meet cosmic ray acceleration power: 10^{41} erg s^{-1}



Cosmic ray propagation in galaxy



Cosmic ray detection

Iron Spectrum





Normalization energy spectrum of primary nuclei

 The overall energy spectrum of CALET is about 20% lower than AMS-02.

◆ ATIC (FLUKA), CALET(EPICS-DPMJET-III, FLUKA)

Dark Matter Particle Explorer



China`s first space observatory Lunch time: 2015.12.17 Solar synchronous orbit Orbit altitude : 500 km Orbital period : 95 min

DAMPE Main mission

- Dark Matter indirect detection
- ◆ Cosmic ray physics
- Gamma ray astronomy
- New physics

DAMPE Collaboration



Purple Mountain Observatory, National Space Science Center, Inst. High Energy Physics, Inst. Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology



Geneva University



Parameter	Value
Energy range of gamma-rays/electrons	5 GeV to 10 TeV
Energy resolution(electron and gamma)	1.5% at 800 GeV
Energy range of protons/heavy nuclei	50 GeV to 500 TeV
Energy resolution of protons	40% at 800 GeV
Eff. area at normal incidence (gamma)	1100 cm ² at 100 GeV
Geometric factor for electrons	$0.3 \text{ m}^2 \text{ sr above } 30 \text{ GeV}$
Photon angular resolution	0.1 degree at 100 GeV
Field of View	1.0 sr

DAMPE instrument



BGO: Energy, Track, Trigger System





STK :charge, track



NUD Enhancing the Distinction Between Hadronic and Electromagnetic Showers

DAMPE Iron Spectrum. Zhi-Hui Xu. IMP

Outline

- $\geq E_{dep} > 10 \text{ GeV}$
- ≻Has STK or BGO track
- STK track selection; (if there is no STK track, use BGO track instead)
 - a) $chi^2/ndf < 50$ & Angle to BGO track $< 15^{\circ}$
 - b) Match with MGO shower
 - c) Selected the track with max Energy deposition in STK detector
 - d) Max $E_{Ratio} < 0.35$ & Track Pass PSD top and BGO buttle
- PSD selection
 - (1) PASS two layer PSD, $Q_0 > 10 \& Q_1 < 10$



ML track



Charge reconstruction

Charge Readout Correction



Charge Readout Offset: $\delta_i = Fe_P_i - 26_\circ$

Correction for Each PSD Bar:

 $C'_i = C_i - \delta i, \ i = 0, \ \cdots, \ 81,$



Charge Peak Values Fitted with Different PSD Bars





 $C'' = (C'_i - Fe_P_i) \times 6/(Fe_P_i - Ca_P_i) + 26, \ i = 0, \ \dots, \ 3.$

Enhance Charge resolution and evaluate of contamination

Particle Identify



Templet Fit and contamination evaluate

Efficiency Calibration



Spectrum reconstruction



Primary Energy C_i with Events $n(C_i)$, Deposited Energy E_j with events $n(E_j)$.

$$n(C_i) = \sum_{j=1}^{n_E} M_{ij} n(E_j),$$

$$M_{ij} = \frac{P(E_j|C_i)n_0(C_i)}{\epsilon_i \sum_{l=1}^{n_C} P(E_j|C_l)n_0(C_l)}$$

Where $P(E_j|C_i)$ is the response matrix.

Final Spectrum

$$\Phi(E_i, E_i + \Delta E_i) = \frac{N_{inc,i}}{\Delta E_i A_{eff,i} \Delta t},$$

DAMPE Iron Spectrum



DAMPE Iron Spectrum. Zhi-Hui Xu. IMP

Summary

- DAMPE has been in orbit for nearly eight years, and the detector is currently operating well.
- >DAMPE exhibits excellent charge resolution, allowing for precise identification and accurate energy spectrum measurements of iron nuclei particles.
- Preliminary analysis has yielded the iron nucleus energy spectrum in the range of 1 TeV to 100 TeV. With further refinement and in-depth analysis, it is anticipated that the energy spectrum measurements can be extended to several hundred TeV.

Shank you for your attention

Backup (not show in COSPAR)

