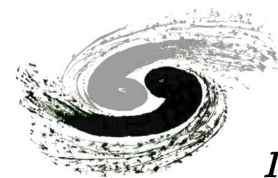




CP properties of Higgs boson

Fangyi Guo, IHEP

Higgs Potential 2024
2024.12.20, USTC, Hefei

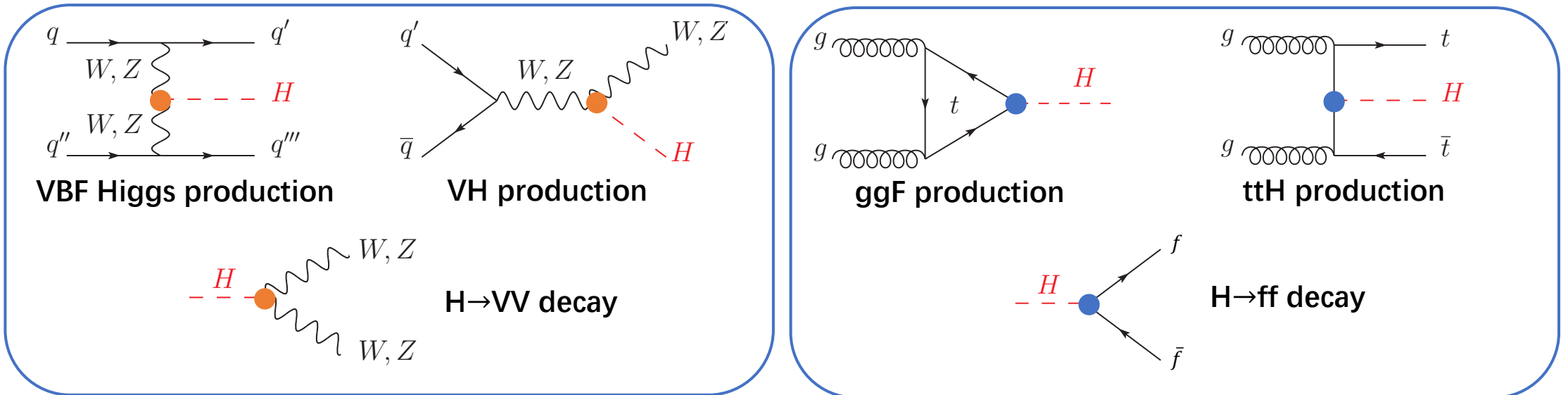
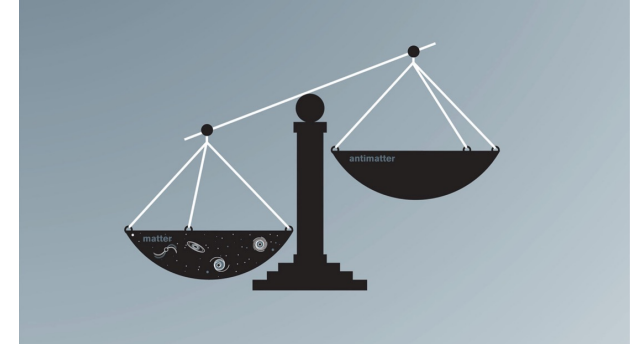


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Introduction



- **CP violation: one of key conditions in baryon asymmetry.**
 - Existing CPV in SM: CKM, PMNS matrices, but NOT sufficient.
 - **Where is the other CP-violation source?**
- **CP properties in SM Higgs couplings: CP-even**
 - Any evidence of CPV might be a road to NEW PHYSICS!



Theoretical framework for CPV



Hff Yukawa couplings: Effective Lagrangian for CPV

- $\mathcal{L}_{eff} = -\frac{m_f}{v} [\bar{\Psi}_f \kappa_f (\cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha \gamma_5) \Psi_f] H$, with α for CP mixing. (ATLAS)
- Or: $\mathcal{A}(Hff) = -\frac{m_f}{v} \bar{\Psi}_f (k_f + i \tilde{k}_f \gamma_5) \Psi_f$, with $f_{CP}^{Hff} = \frac{|\tilde{k}_f|^2}{|k_f|^2 + |\tilde{k}_f|^2} \text{sign} \left(\frac{\tilde{k}_f}{k_f} \right)$ (CMS)

HVV gauge couplings: in 2 different interpretations

- Dimension-6 SMEFT in Warsaw basis (ATLAS)

$$\mathcal{L}_{Eff} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_k \frac{c_k}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_k, \text{ 3 independent couplings } c_{H\tilde{W}}, c_{H\tilde{B}}, c_{H\tilde{W}B} \text{ for 3 CP-odd H-V operators.}$$

- Anomalous couplings (CMS)

$$A(HVV) \sim \left[a_1^{VV} + \frac{k_1^{VV} q_{V1}^2 + k_2^{VV} q_{V2}^2}{(\Lambda_1^{VV})^2} \right] m_{V1}^2 \epsilon_{V1}^* \epsilon_{V2}^* + a_2^{VV} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} f^{*\mu\nu(2)} + a_3^{VV} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} \tilde{f}^{*\mu\nu(2)}$$

SM : VV = ZZ, WW

↑

CP Even (higher order couplings)

($\Lambda_1 = 1\text{TeV}$)

↑

CP Even

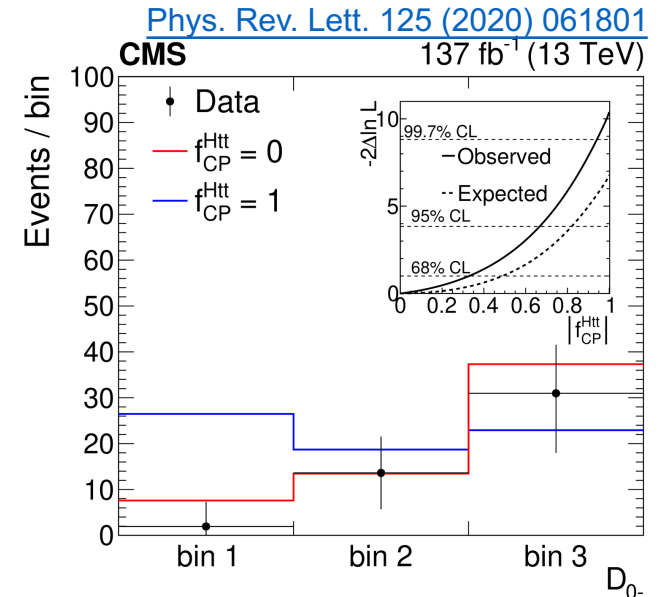
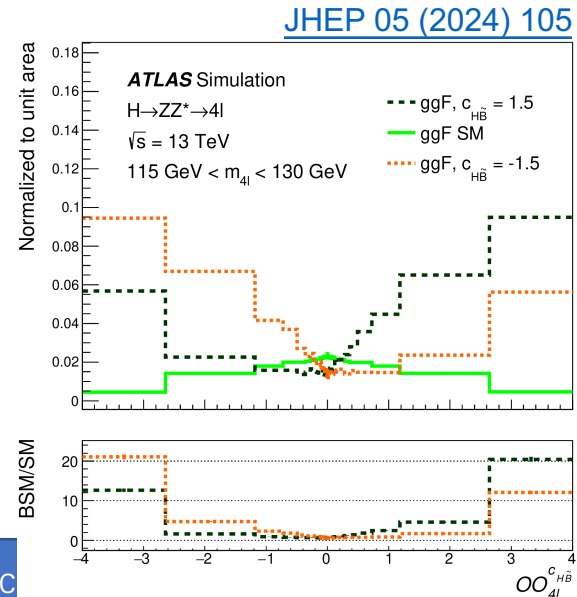
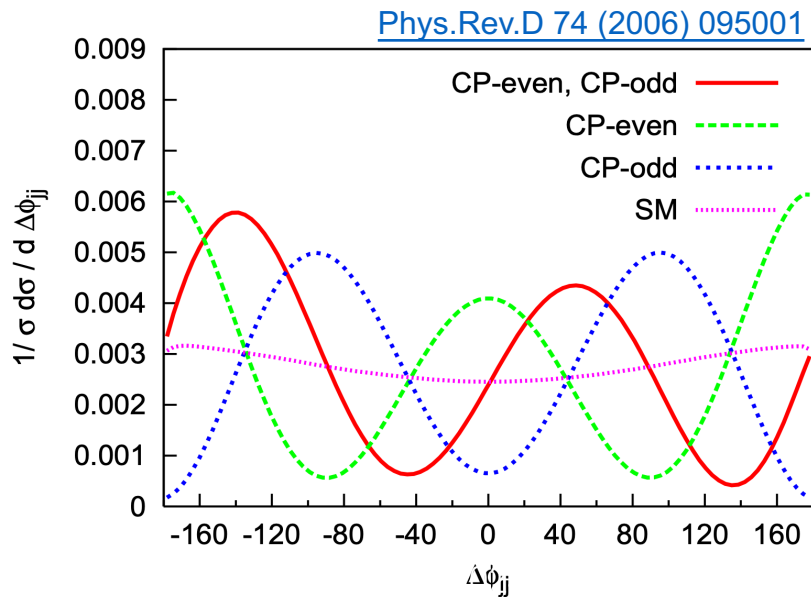
↑

CP Odd

$$\text{CPV effective cross section } f_{a3} = \frac{|a_3|^2 \sigma_3}{\sum_j |a_j|^2 \sigma_j} \text{sign} \left(\frac{a_3}{a_1} \right)$$

CP sensitive observables

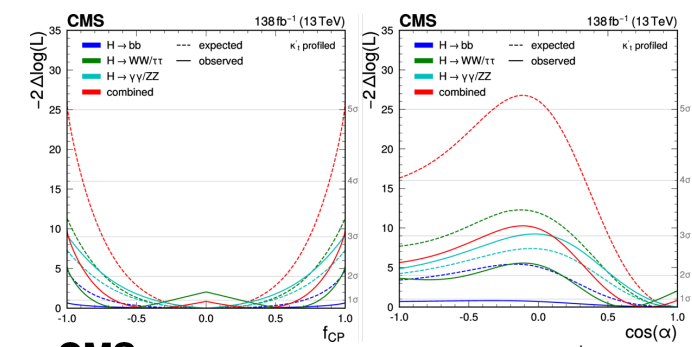
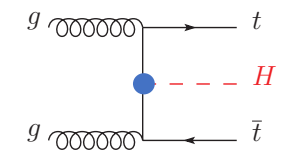
- **Traditional kinematic CP-sensitive variable: $\Delta\Phi_{jj}^{\text{signed}}$**
 - Angular information in production process.
- **Machine learning / matrix element based observable:**
 - Optimal observable $\mathcal{OO} = \frac{2\text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{SM}^* \mathcal{M}_{CP\text{-odd}})}{|\mathcal{M}_{SM}|^2}$
 - Matrix element based discriminants (MELA)
- **Pure shape analyses are always preferred.**



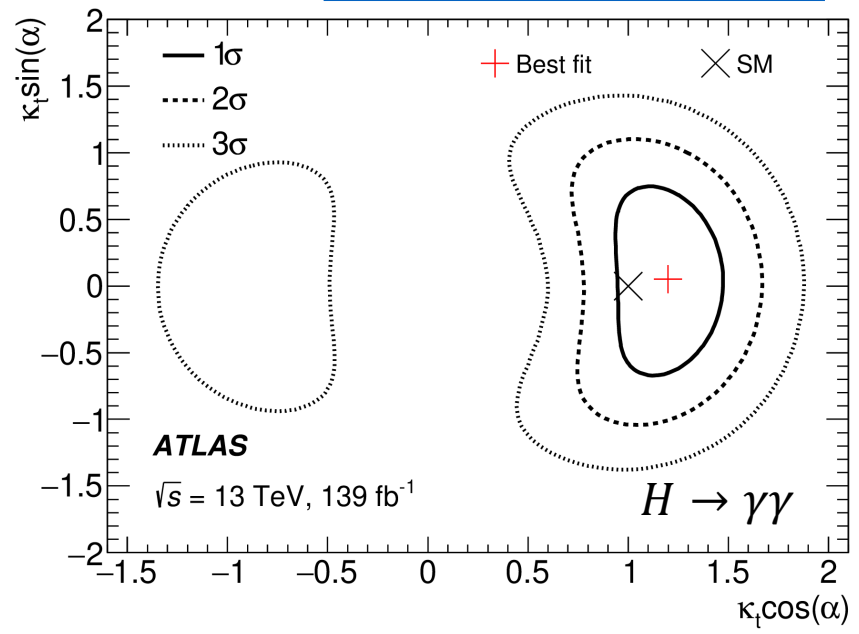
Hff coupling CP properties

- **H-t Yukawa coupling in $t\bar{t}H/tH$ production:**

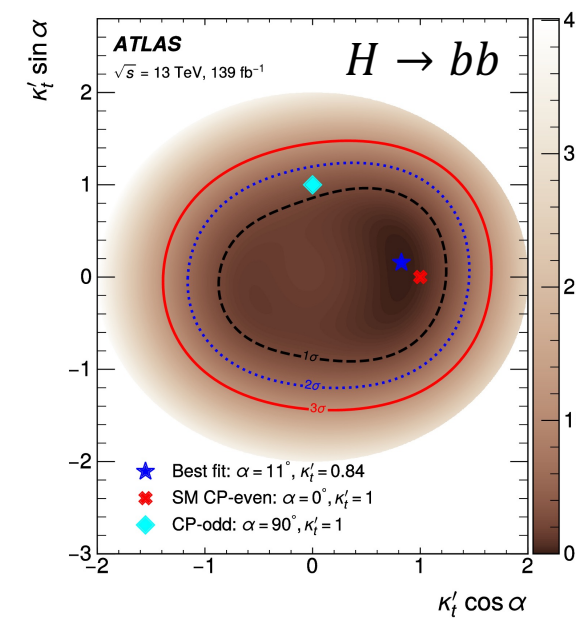
- Direct H-t coupling. Fruitful studies in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/bb/WW/\tau\tau$ channels by ATLAS and CMS.
- No derivations from SM. Constraints are limited by statistics.



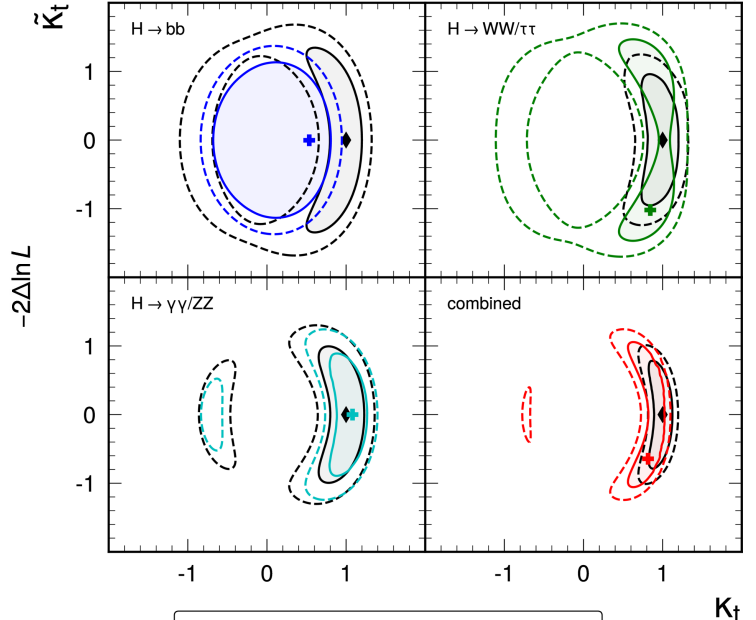
Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 061802



Phys. Lett. B 849 (2024) 138469



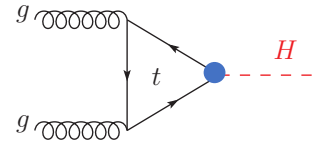
CMS 138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



◆ SM expected — 68% CL exp./obs.
 + best fit --- 95% CL exp./obs.

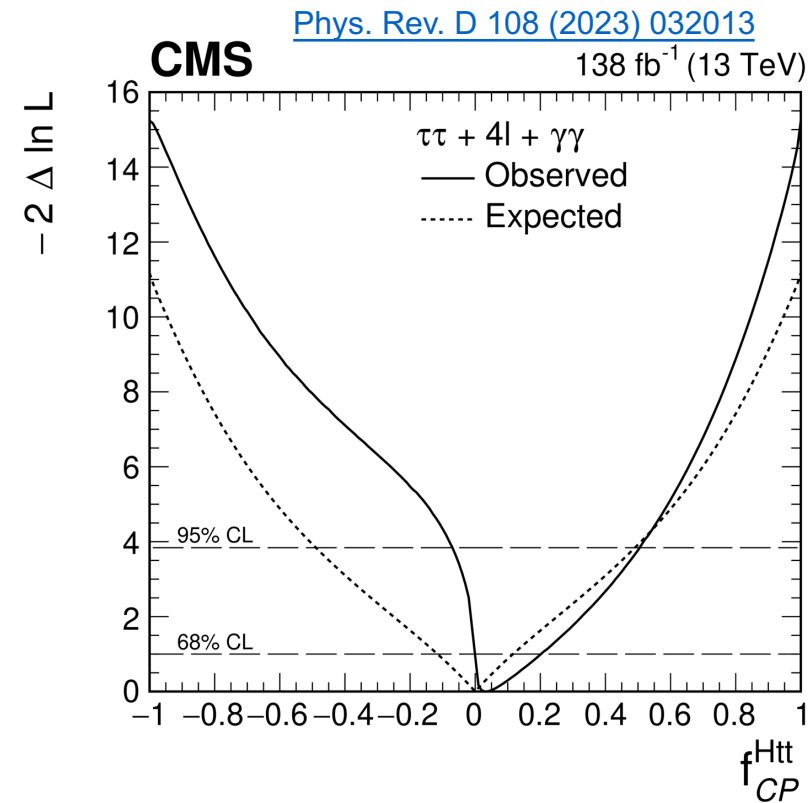
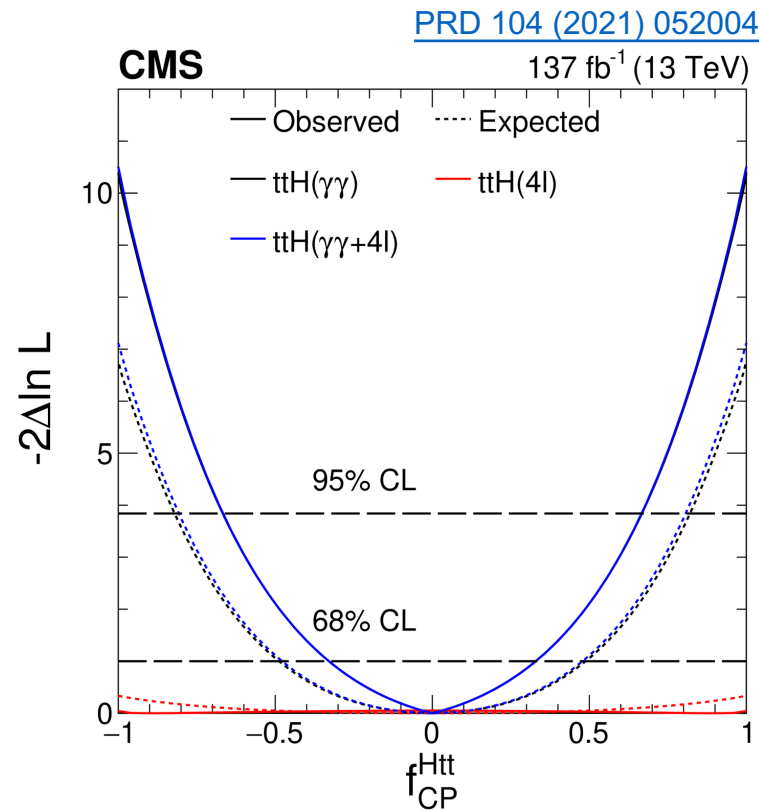
Accepted by JHEP

Hff coupling CP properties



- **H-t Yukawa coupling in ggF production**

- ggF is dominated by top loop, f_{CP}^{Htt} can be parameterized from f_{a3}^{Hgg} .
- Indirect measurement but benefit from large ggF cross section ($H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/\tau\tau/ZZ$).

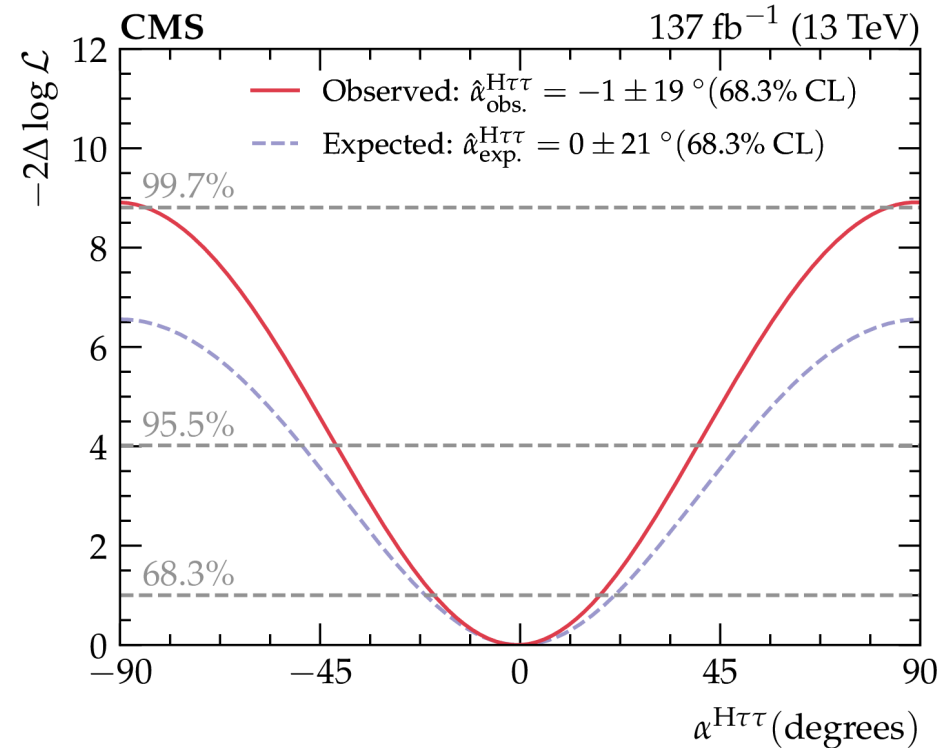
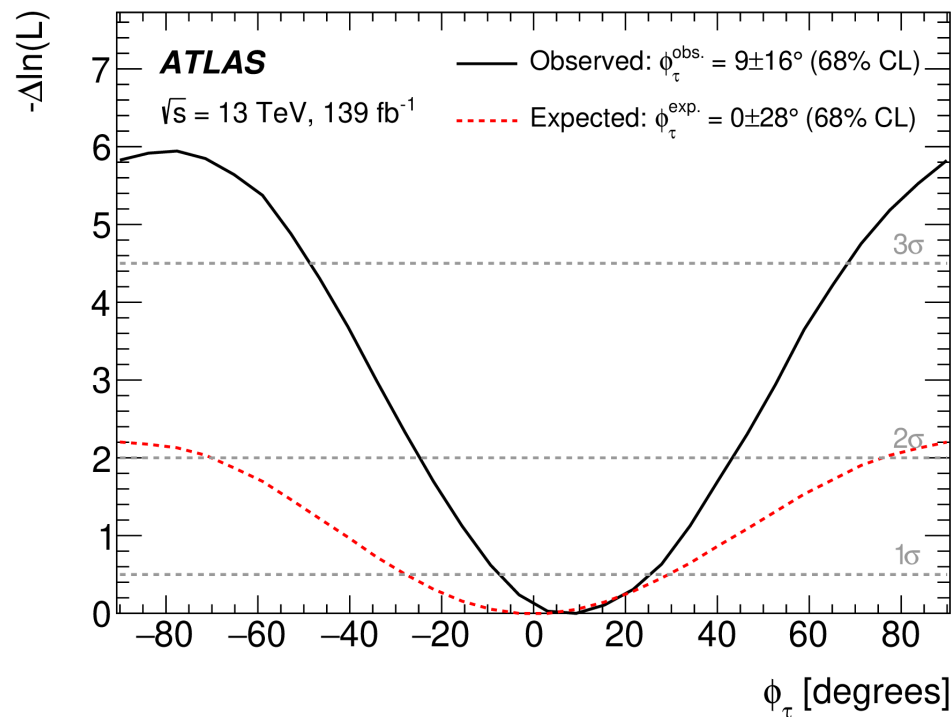
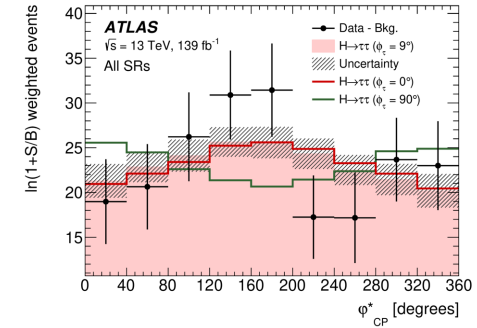
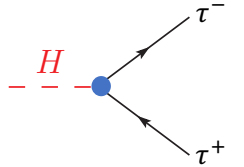


Hff coupling CP properties



H- τ Yukawa coupling in $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- CP property can be extrapolated from τ decay plane ϕ_{CP}^* .
- Similar precision by ATLAS and CMS collaboration.



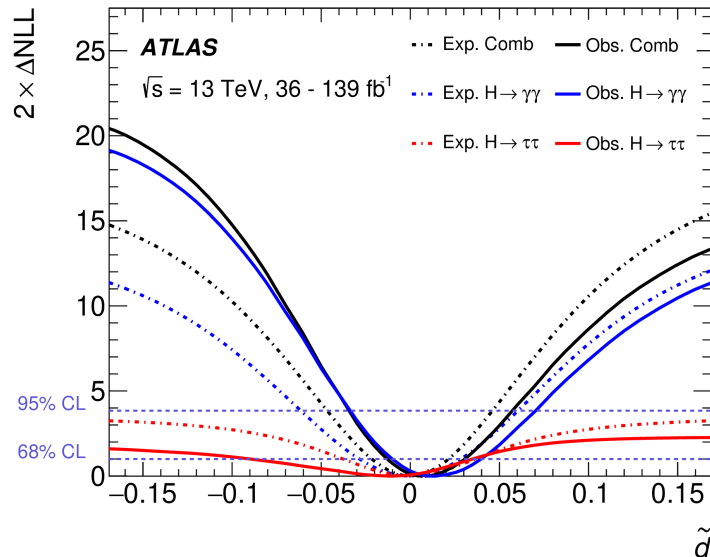
HVV coupling CP properties



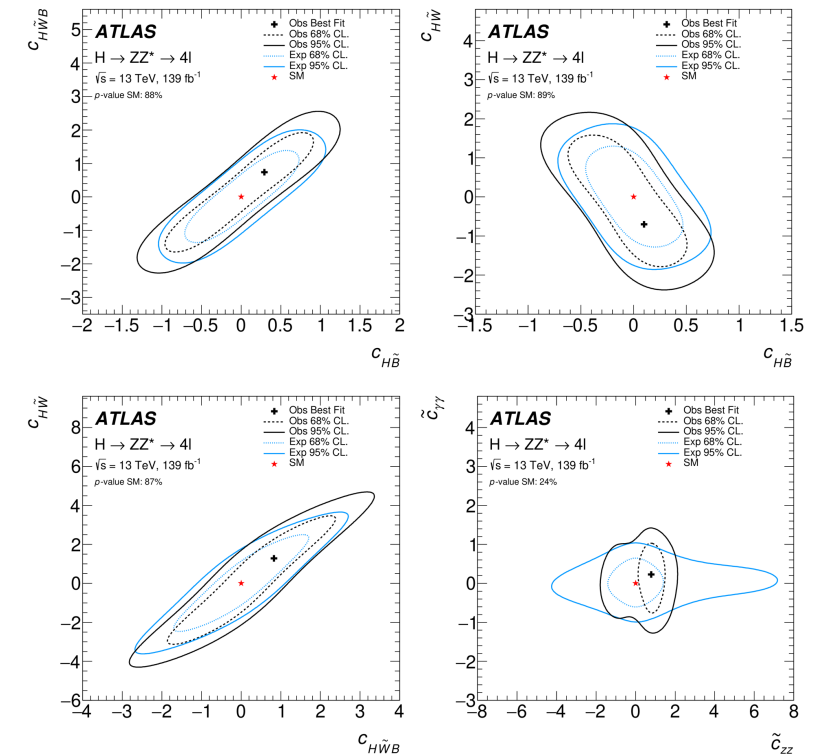
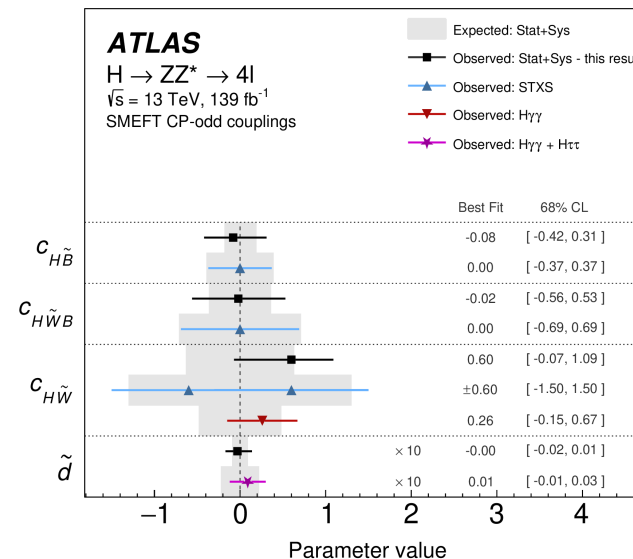
- **Gauge coupling in VBF, VH and $H \rightarrow VV$ in ATLAS**
 - Can be probed from both production (VBF $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/\tau\tau$) and decay ($H \rightarrow WW/ZZ$) modes.
 - For VBF: a simplified assumption with \tilde{d} : $c_{H\tilde{W}} = c_{H\tilde{B}} = \frac{\Lambda^2}{v^2} \tilde{d}$, $c_{H\tilde{W}B} = 0$.
 - Feasible for 2D and 3D constrain in $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ process.

JHEP 05 (2024) 105

Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 (2023) 061802



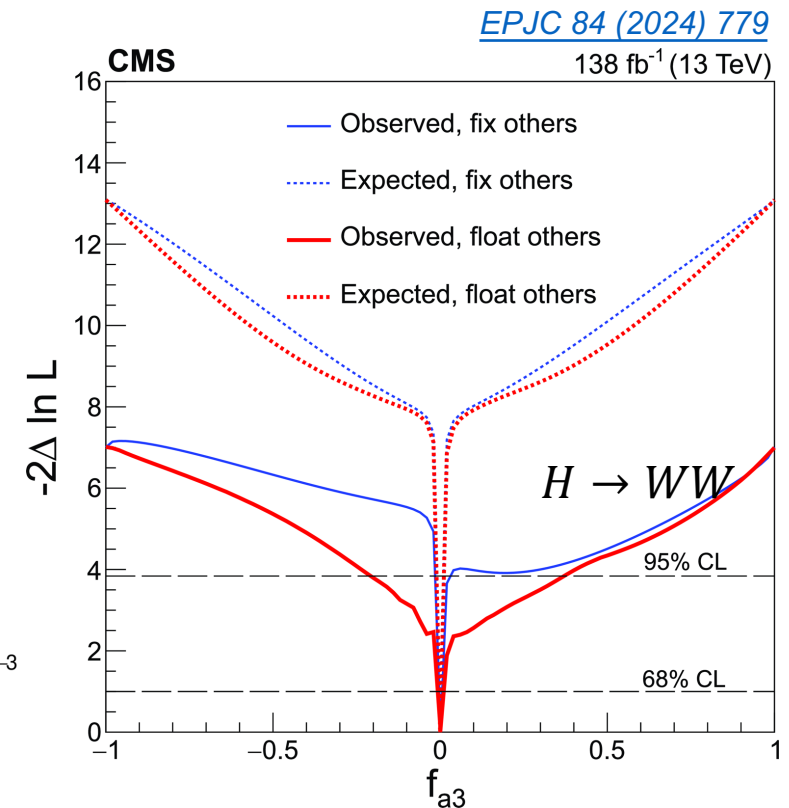
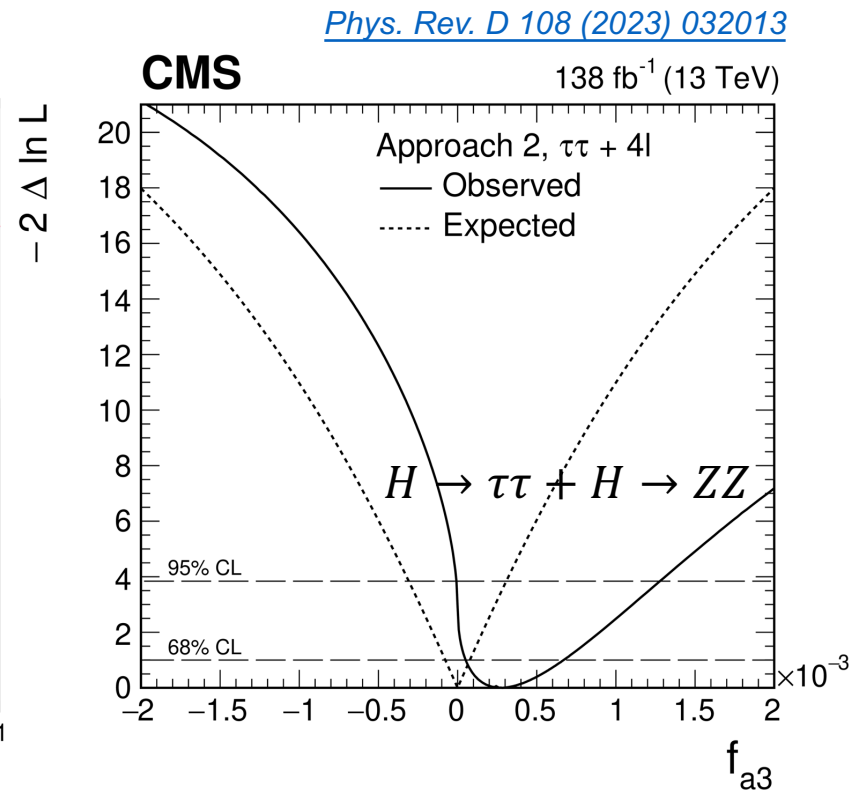
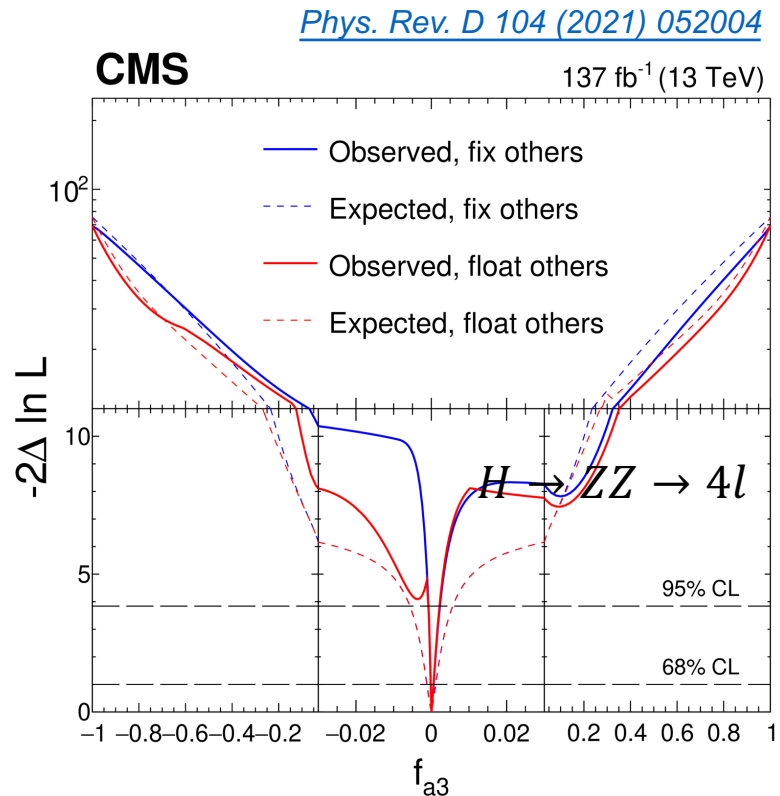
JHEP 05 (2024) 105



HVV coupling CP properties

- Gauge coupling in VBF, VH and $H \rightarrow VV$ in CMS

- Anomalous coupling f_{a3} for CP,
- Partial results are extrapolated to SMEFT coefficients. GOOD for ATLAS+CMS combination.

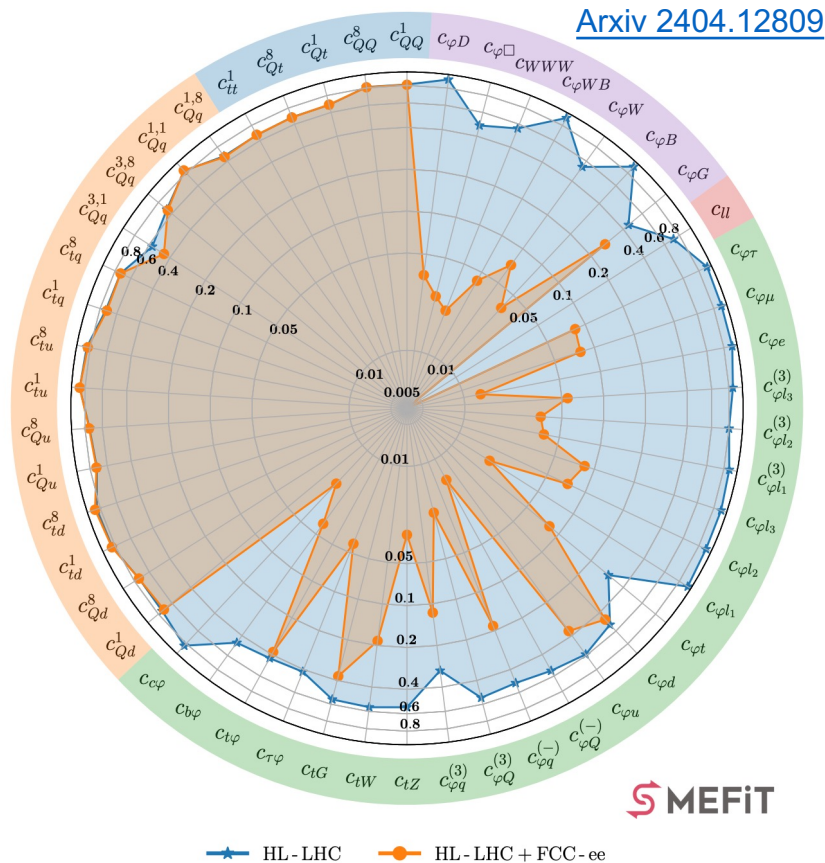


Higgs CP in future experiments

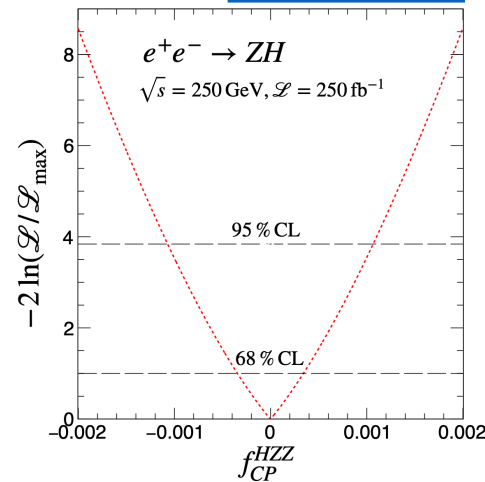


- Higgs CP would also be an interesting topic for future Higgs factory.
 - Extrapolations and expectations for HL-LHC, FCC-ee, ILC, CEPC are always ongoing...

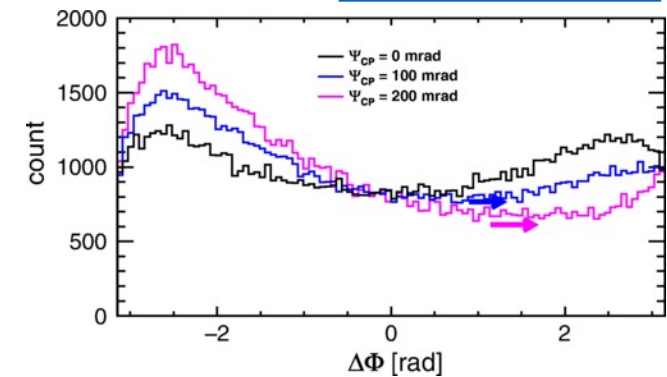
Ratio of Uncertainties to SMEFT3.0 Baseline, $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-4})$, Marginalised



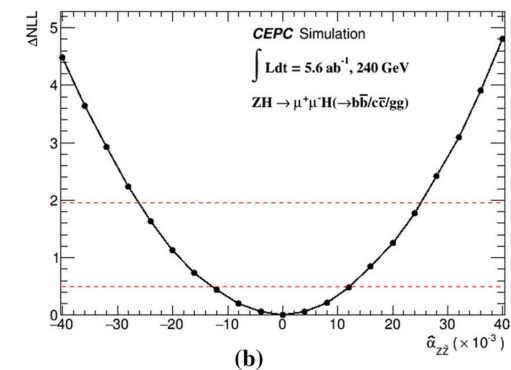
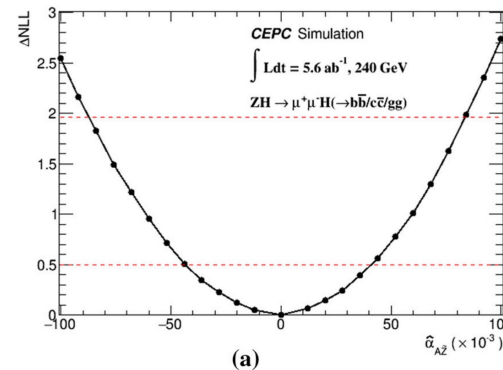
Arxiv 2205.07715



PhysRevD.110.032011



Eur.Phys.J.C 82 (2022) 11, 981



Summary



- **We are looking for new CP-violation sources beyond SM**
 - Higgs physics is a precious portal to study CP structures in Yukawa and gauge couplings.
- **Fruitful measurements has been performed for both ATLAS and CMS**
 - From both production mode and decay mode, covers many possibilities.
 - Opportunities in some un-covered channels, e.g. VH for HVV.
 - Observed results are compatible with SM: NO CP-violation observed 😞
 - Precision is mainly limited by LHC statistics
 - Improvement can be expected for Run 3, channel combination, HL-LHC!**
- **Future Higgs factory will bring giant improvement**
 - Hope we can see it soon!

Thanks for your attention!