

Progress of PandaX-III detector

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第十届全国先进气体探测器研讨会



Outline

- Background
- Detection principle and prototype detector
- Full detector progress (by subsystems)
 - ➤ Vessel and fixture
 - ➤ Field cage
 - ➤ Gas system
 - ≻ DAQ
- Software progress
- Sensitivity projection
- Conclusion and outlook



Physical background: NLDBD



e e e

$2\nu\beta\beta: (A,Z) \rightarrow (A,Z+2) + 2e^- + 2\bar{v}_e$

- Already observed, within standard model
- $\sim 10^{19-21}$ years of half life

Xenon NLDBD experiments over world:

- EXO-200: liquid xenon TPC
- KamLAND-Zen: liquid scintillator with dissolved xenon, best result in the field



$0 \lor \beta \beta$: $(A, Z) \rightarrow (A, Z + 2) + 2e^{-1}$

- > 10²⁵ years of half life, very hard to observe!
- New physics!

Majorana Neutrino? Neutrino mass? Lepton number violation?







NLDBD track in gas detector

- Bragg peak of each electron track:
 - NLDBD: two electrons, two Bragg peaks
 - Gamma background: one electron, one Bragg peak
- Twist, track length, etc:
 - Different for NLDBD/bkg event
- Different algorithms too quantify these feature:
 - Topological calculation
 - Kalman filter
 - Machine learning, etc.

Tracks carry extra information beyond energy/position of the event, which helps to improve NLDBD sensitivity!





PandaX-III detector

- Located in CJPL, 2400m underground
- External dry shielding plus inner copper shielding
- High pressure xenon gas TPC
 - Contains 140kg of 10 bar enriched Xe-136 in 2.4m³ TPC
 - Typical track length: 20cm in 10 bar xenon
 - Use TMA as quencher to suppress scintillation and diffusion
 - Charge readout with 52 MicroMegas
- Detect track and improve NLDBD sensitivity













New Thermal Bounding Micromegas(TBMM)

- Collaborate with USTC to develop TBMM, since early 2020
- Version 6 is being tested now in SJTU
- Performance(of production id V513):
 - Energy resolution: 19% at 10bar argon at 5.9keV
 - Gain: 8000 at 10bar argon with 100V/cm amp. Field
- Some flatness and uniformity problem







Gain and energy resolution of V513 at different pressure

Prototype detector

- Performed several runs to verify technology
- Energy resolution: ~14.1% FWHM at 59.5keV at 10bar Xenon+TMA
- Track is detectable and distinguishable





Calibration source

XZ plot, 25 Signals

Muon track

17 nint 31 Sines

iets





Energy spectrum of ²⁴¹Am in 5bar



Full detector: main vessel

- Low background stainless steel vessel
- Design: 4m³ inner volume, 2.3m main flange
- Low background SS from Taigan
- Manufactured in Shanghai
- High Pressure test & Vacuum test passed in SJTU (2020/9/9 to 2021/4/18)
 - Vacuum: ~10mPa at far end of the pump
 - Pressure keeping: leak rate < 0.01L.bar/h at 10 bar









Fixture and lab infrastructure

- Fixture Design: railed platform + lifters
- Installed in SJTU after vessel test (2021/4/20 2021/6/2)
- Lower level clean tent installed in SJTU for test run(2021/8/19 2021/8/27)
- High level clean room built in CJPL-II for physical run









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- Assembled field cage (2021/8/13)
 - Acrylic: 2.4 m³ volume
 - Paste FPC as shaping rims
- Passed high voltage test (2021/9/22)
 - Reached designed voltage of 120kV(1kV/cm field), stable for 3 hours.
- Installed on the vessel (2021/10/18)

















Gas system and inner calibration source



- Designed functionality: gas mixing, circulation, purification and **calibration injection**
- Two source chambers:
 - Kr-83 source(low energy)
 - Rn-220 source(high energy)
- Arrived SJTU in Aug. 2021
- Tested vacuum, circulation and purification, works fine (2021/10/18)
- Calibration source chamber integrated.



Electronics

- Connection: Detector \rightarrow FEC \rightarrow TDCM \rightarrow DAQ software.
- FEC (Collaborate with USTC)
 - 4 AGET chips on board, 64 channels pre chip, 512 sampling points per channel
 - Designed for low radioactivity, use Kapton PCB and low background components
- Full data chain tested on prototype detector in Nov. 2020
 - Cooperation with maximum 3 FEC boards
 - Data taking works fine











Software for data analysis

- REST(Rare Event Search Toolkit) software (for physics)
 - Collaborate with University Zaragoza
 - ROOT based universal toolkit
 - Unified simulation and analysis data flow
 - Applied in multiple experiments, mostly gas detectors
- Open sourced since Jan. 2021, find it in https://github.com/rest-for-physics/framework



Functionalities:

- Simulation with Geant4, Garfield++
- File reading of various DAQ system
- Event viewing
- Self contained algorithms: raw data analysis, track reconstruction, etc.





Arxiv: 2109.05863



Sensitivity projections

- NLDBD (from CDR): 1×10²⁶ yr with 3 years exposure
- NLDBD associating Kalman filter: 2.7×10²⁶ yr with 5-year live time

J. High Energ. Phys. 2021, 106 (2021)

 NLDBD to Ba-136 excited states: 1.7×10²⁵ yr with 3 years exposure

Sci.China Phys.Mech.Astron. 64 (2021) 6, 261011



Topological parameters. Signal and background has different distribution





Conclusion and outlook

- Neutrinoless double beta decay is a hard experiment
- PandaX-III is trying to detect tracks to improve NLDBD sensitivity
- Each subsystems are progressing normally
- Various algorithms are being developed to improve NLDBD sensitivity
- The most challenging part is MicroMegas.
- If the latest version of MicroMegas are tested OK, we can start mass production and hopefully install the whole detector earlier next year.



Thanks!



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Backup





Readout plane

- Hanging 52 MicroMegas on top of the detector
- Still under design

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DAQ system

- Based on Midas framework, database
- Use web pages to operate daq, Implemented functionalities:
 - Start/Stop data taking, data formatting
 - TDCM and FEC configuration
 - Online waveform monitoring









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High voltage connection

• HV cable \rightarrow Tube connector \rightarrow Feedthrough flange \rightarrow L adaptor \rightarrow field cage







