

# Radiative correction to spin polarization in hydrodynamic QGP



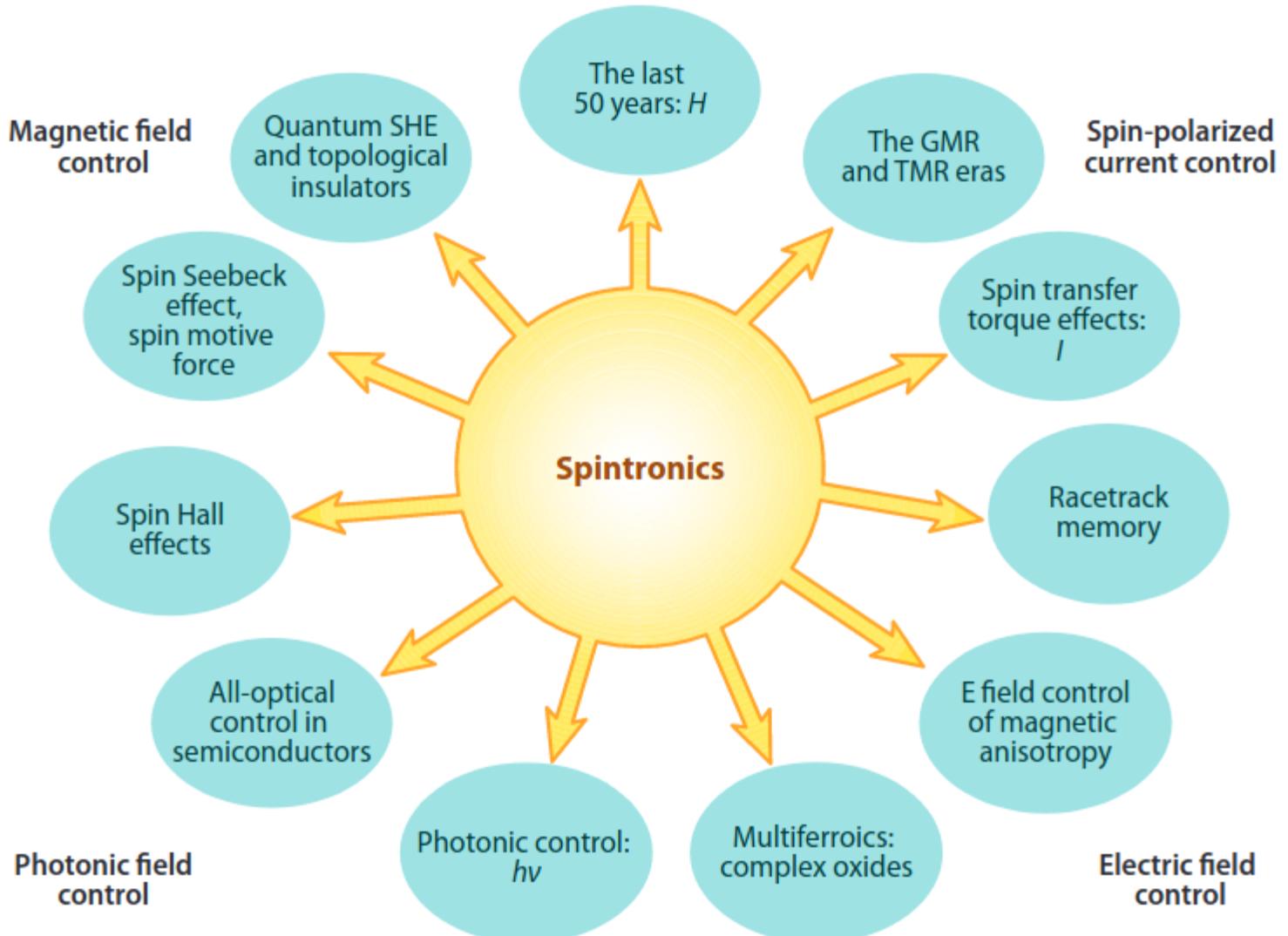
Shu Lin  
Sun Yat-Sen University

The 12<sup>th</sup> Circum-Pan-Pacific Symposium on High Energy Spin Physics, Hefei, Nov 8-12, 2024

# Outline

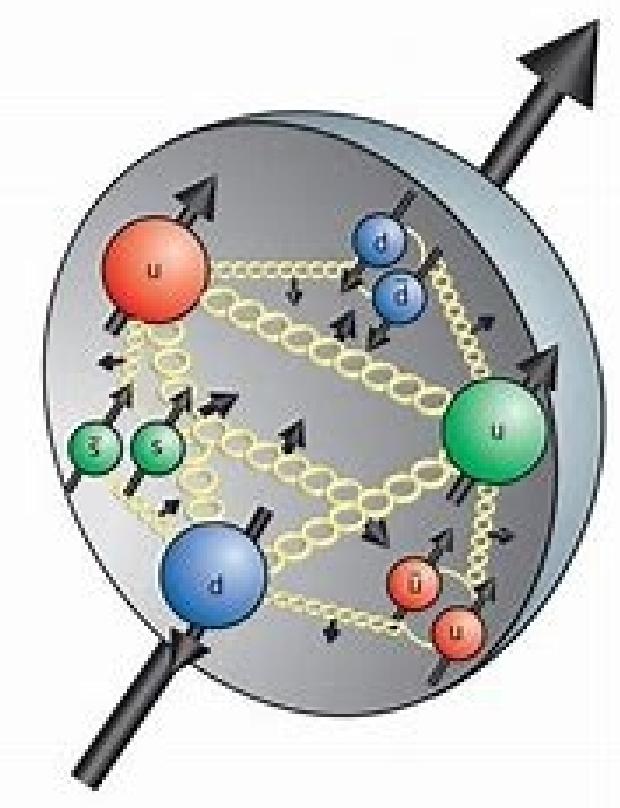
- ◆ Uniqueness of spin physics in heavy ion collisions
- ◆ Spin polarization in EM fields from chiral kinetic theory
- ◆ Radiative corrections to polarization in EM fields
- ◆ Spin polarization in hydrodynamic state from chiral kinetic theory
- ◆ Classification of contributions to polarization
- ◆ Radiative corrections to polarization in hydrodynamic state
- ◆ Conclusion and outlook

# Spintronics in condensed matter physics



Bader+Parkin  
ARCMP 2010

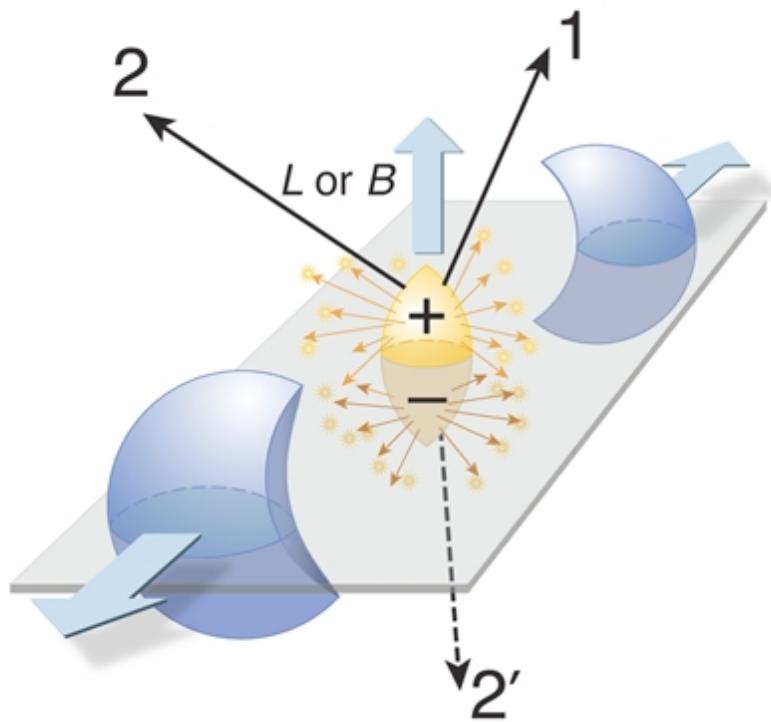
# Spin in particle physics



Proton spin puzzle  
(1988-now)

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + L_q + \Delta G + L_g$$

# Spin in heavy ion physics



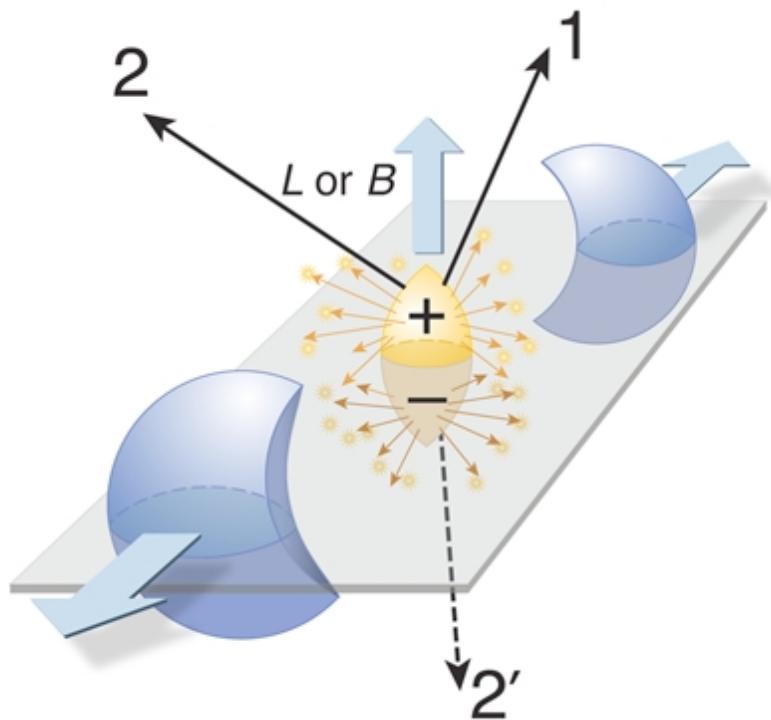
- Spin not conserved, spin from initial orbital angular momentum
- Spin coupling to external field such as magnetic, vorticity etc

$$L_{ini} \sim 10^5 \hbar \rightarrow S_{final}$$

Liang, Wang, PRL 2005, PLB 2005

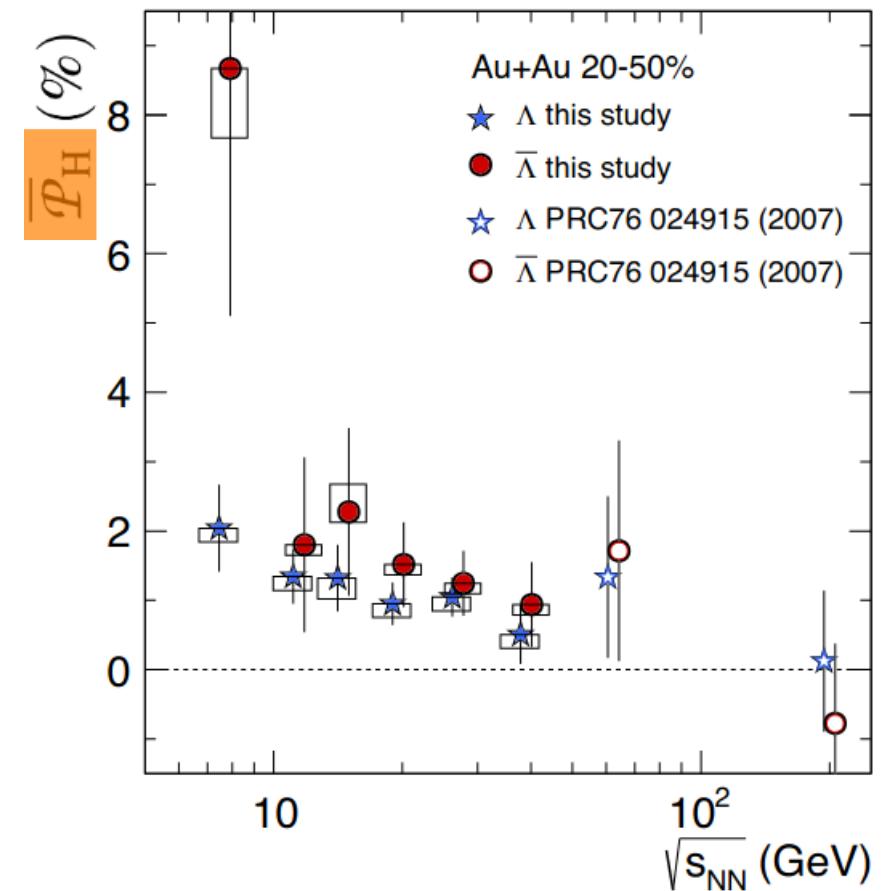
Offer a unique probe of spin property of QGP

# global spin polarization in heavy ion collisions



$$L_{ini} \sim 10^5 \hbar \rightarrow S_{final}$$

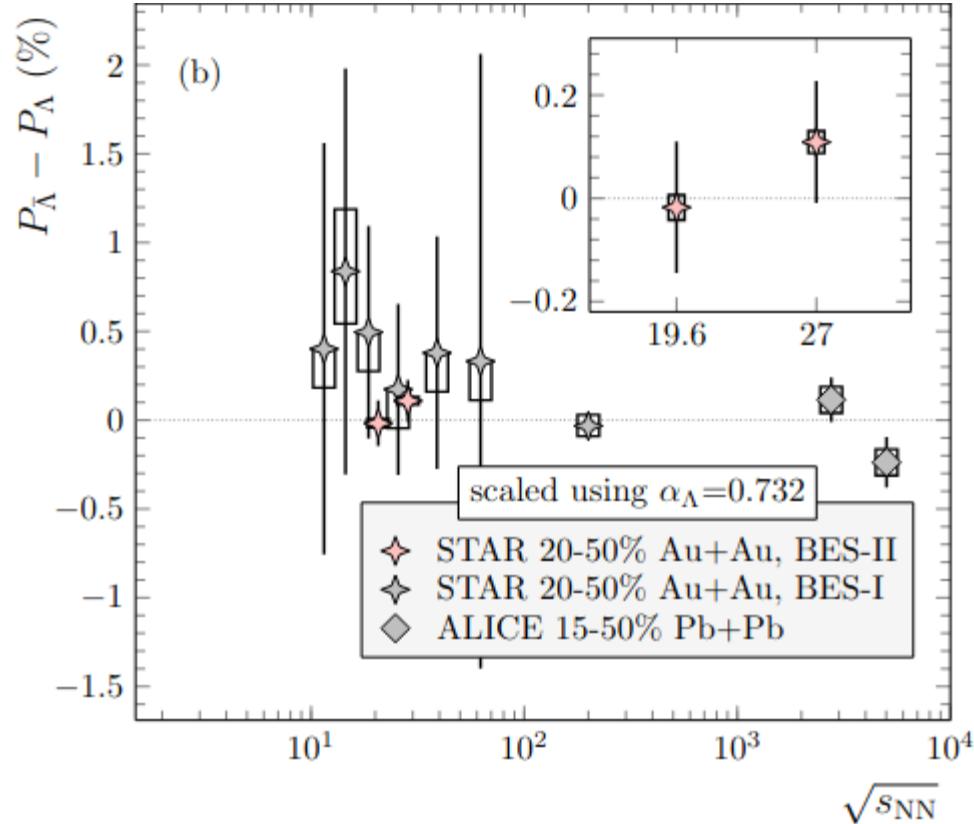
Liang, Wang, PRL 2005, PLB 2005



J.-H. Chen's talk

STAR collaboration, Nature  $e^{-\beta(H_0 - \mathbf{S} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega})}$   
2017

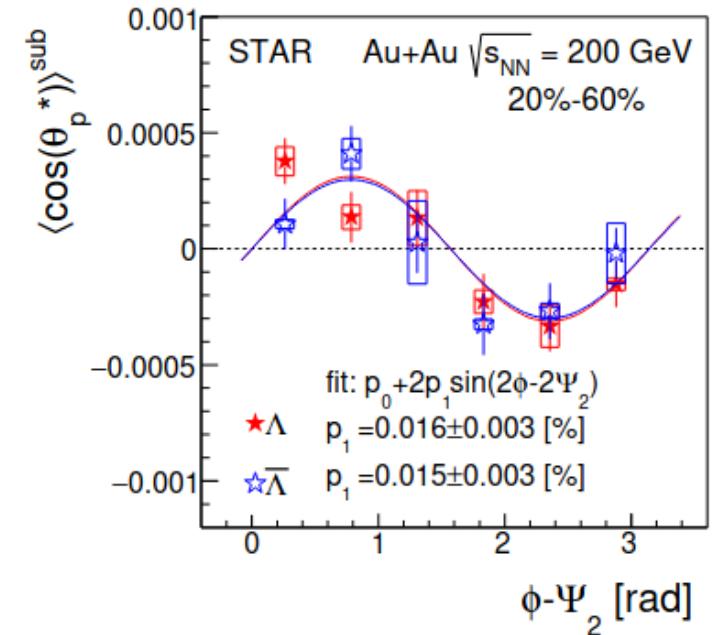
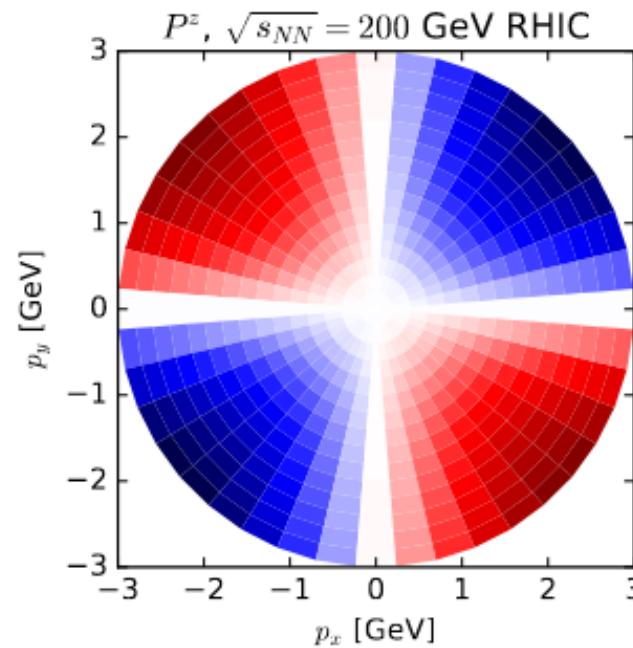
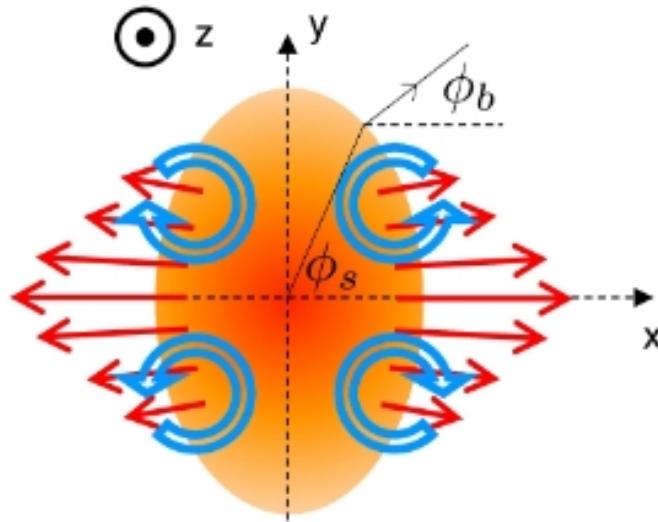
# Splitting in global spin polarization



$$e^{-\beta(H_0 - \mathbf{S} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} - q \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{B})}$$

Existence of splitting  
inconclusive yet

# local spin polarization puzzle



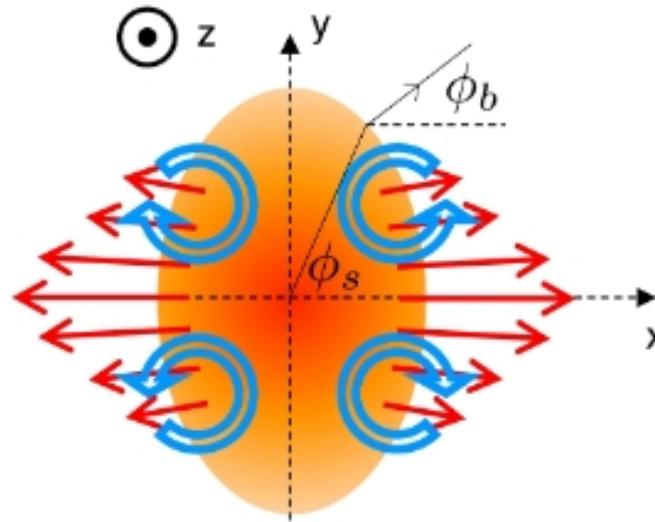
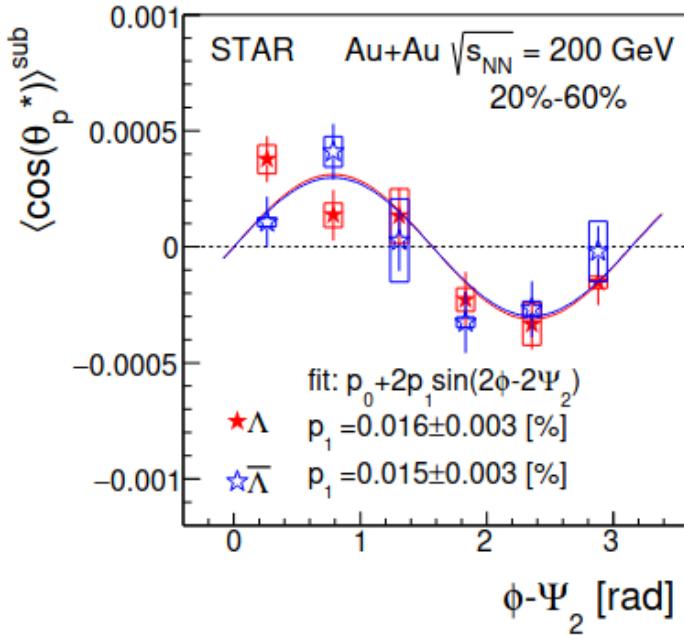
$$\mathcal{P}^i \sim \omega^i$$

Becattini, Karpenko, PRL 2018  
Wei, Deng, Huang, PRC 2019  
Wu, Pang, Huang, Wang, PRR 2019  
Fu, Xu, Huang, Song, PRC 2021

STAR collaboration, PRL 2019

J.-H. Chen's talk

# local spin polarization puzzle



vorticity + shear

$$\mathcal{P}^i \sim \omega^i$$

Does spin respond to shear?

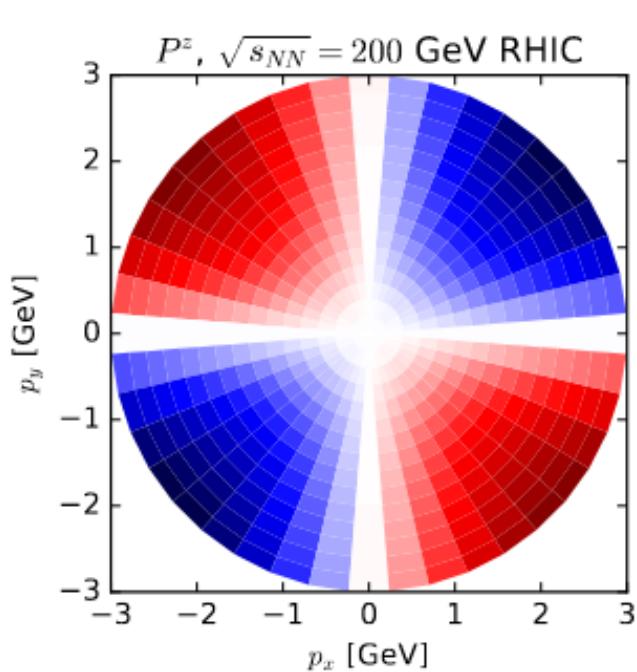
$$\mathcal{P}_i \sim \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_j \hat{p}_l \sigma_{lk}$$

$$\mathcal{P}^z \sim (\langle p_y^2 \rangle - \langle p_x^2 \rangle) \partial_y u_x$$

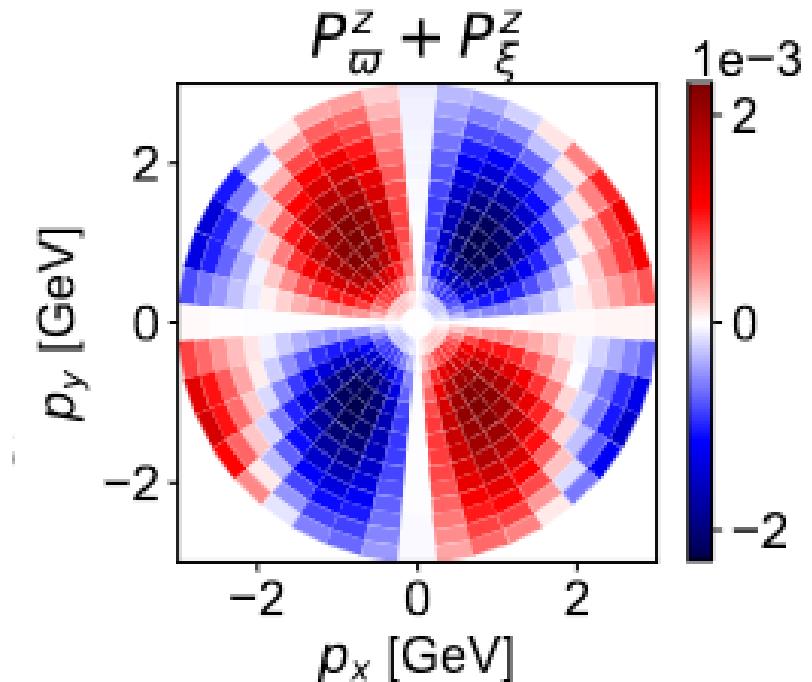
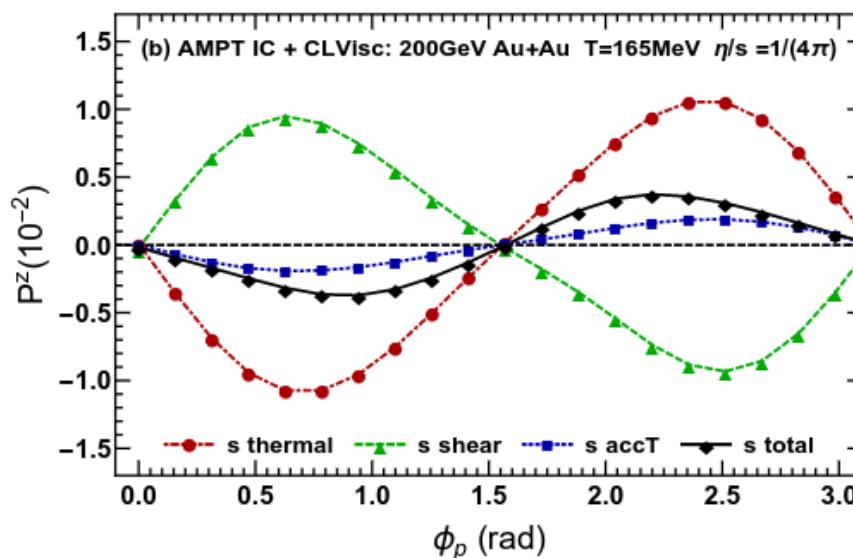
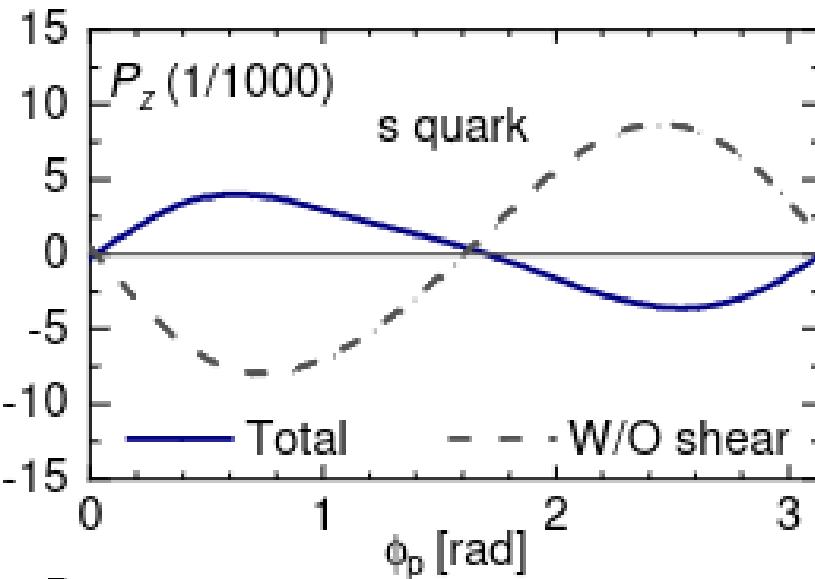
sign correct!

J.-H. Chen's talk  
X.-G. Huang' talk

# local spin polarization puzzle resolved?



vorticity only



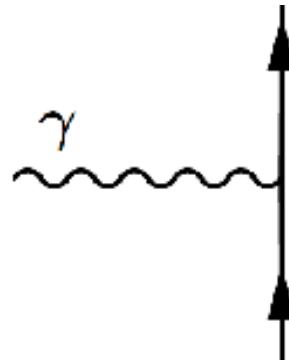
vorticity + shear

Fu, Liu, Pang, Song, Yin, PRL 2021  
Becattini, et al, PRL 2021  
Yi, Pu, Yang, PRC 2021

# Spin responses in heavy ion collisions

$$S^i \sim q \left( B^i + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_j E^k \right)$$

degenerate couplings to E&B



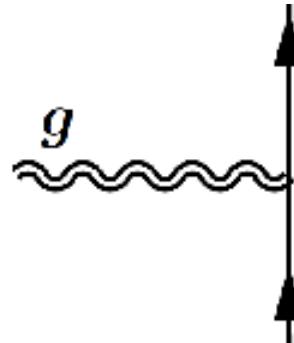
external EM fields

$$E^i \sim -\nabla_i \mu_B$$

Liu, Yin, PRD 2021

$$S^i \sim \left( \beta \omega^i + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_l \hat{p}_k \beta \sigma_{jl} + \partial_i \beta \right)$$

degenerate couplings  
to hydro gradient



hydrodynamic gradient  
(mimicked by metric)

Can radiative correction lift the degeneracy?

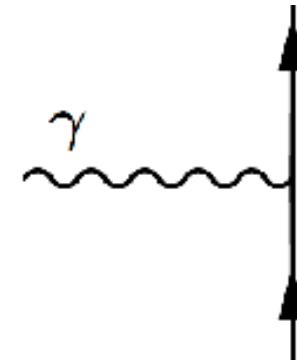
# Spin polarization from correlation functions

Wigner function

$$S_{\alpha\beta}^<(X = \frac{x+y}{2}, P) = \int d^4(x-y) e^{iP\cdot(x-y)/\hbar} (-\langle \bar{\psi}_\beta(y)\psi_\alpha(x) \rangle)$$

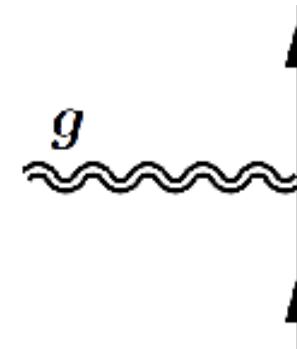
➤ Spin polarization in EM fields

$$\langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{eq}, A_\mu}$$



➤ Spin polarization in hydrodynamic state

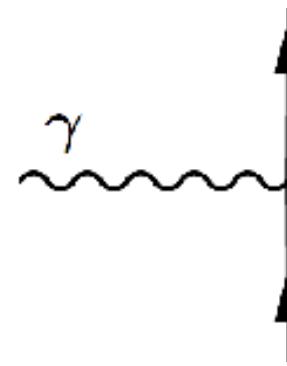
$$\langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{off-eq}} = \langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{eq}, h_{\mu\nu}}$$



$A_\mu, h_{\mu\nu}$  slow-varying  $\partial_X \ll P$

# Spin polarization in EM fields

$$\langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{eq}, A_\mu}$$



# Chiral kinetic theory description

consider

massless quark

$$\gamma_\mu \left( P^\mu + \frac{i}{2} \partial_X^\mu - \frac{i}{2} F^{\mu\nu} \partial_\nu^p \right) S^< = 0$$

Hidaka, Pu, Wang, Yang,  
PPNP 2022

$$S^< = \frac{1}{4} [ (1 + \gamma^5) \gamma^\mu R_\mu + (1 - \gamma^5) \gamma^\mu L_\mu ]$$

Spin polarization  $\mathcal{P}^i \sim \delta R^i - \delta L^i = 2\delta R^i$

$$L_\mu = -R_\mu$$

$$\delta R^0 = 2\pi \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{B} \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)$$

Hidaka, Pu, Yang 2016

$$\delta R^i = 2\pi [\epsilon^{ijk} E_j p_k + p_0 B_i] \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)$$

degenerate coupling

# Equivalent diagrammatic description: EM fields

$$\text{gauge link} = \text{scattering on EM fields}$$

$\delta R^0 = 2\pi \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{B} \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)$   
 $\delta R^i = 2\pi [\epsilon^{ijk} E_j p_k + p_0 B_i] \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)$

modified spectral function      equilibrium distribution  
SL, Tian, 2306.14811

Spin polarization = modified spectral function  $\times$  equilibrium distribution

# KMS relation

# In-medium electromagnetic form factors (FF)

$$\Gamma^\mu = F_0 u^\mu + F_1 \hat{p}^\mu + F_2 \frac{i\epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} u_\nu P_\rho Q_\sigma}{2(P \cdot u)^2}$$

$u^\mu$  QGP frame vector

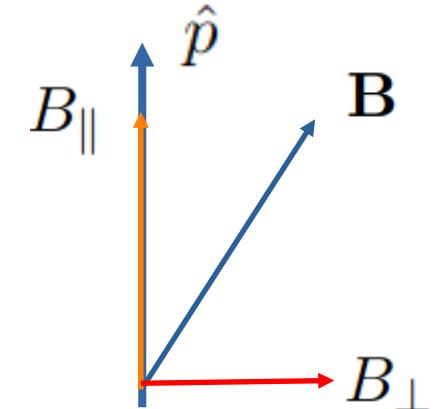
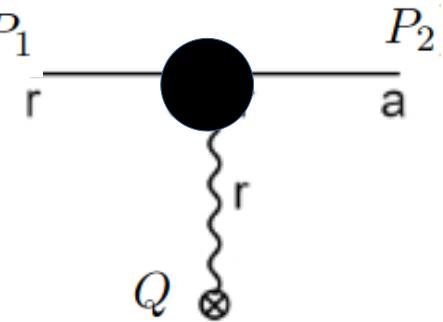
$$S^{<0} = 2\pi F_2 p B_{||} \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)$$

$$S^{*} = 2\pi [F_0 \epsilon^{ijk} E_j p_k + F_1 p_0 B_\perp^i + F_2 B_{||} p^i] \delta'(P^2) f(p_0)*$$

spin Hall  
effect

spin-perpendicular  
magnetic coupling

spin-parallel  
magnetic coupling

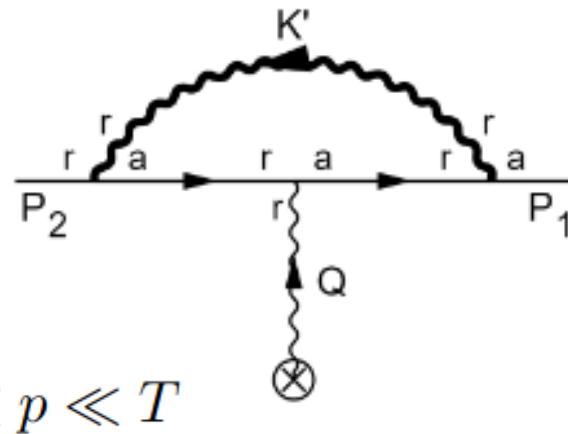


In vacuum  $F_0 = F_1 = F_2 = 1$

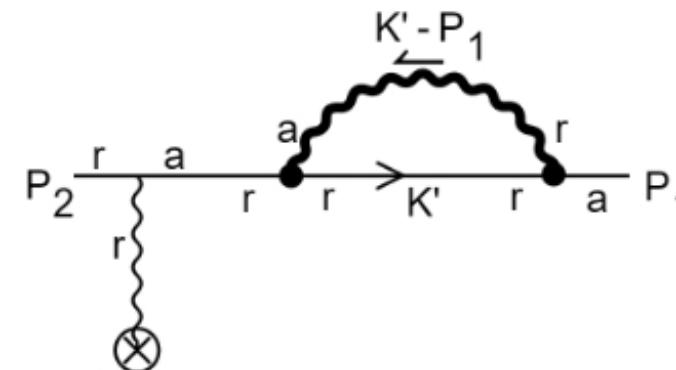
In medium: lift of degeneracy expected

SL, Tian, 2306.14811

# Radiative correction to in-medium electromagnetic FF



$$m_f \sim gT \ll p \ll T$$



$$\delta F_0 = \frac{2m_f^2}{p^2} X + \frac{m_f^2}{p^2} \left( 1 - \ln \frac{2p^2}{m_f^2} \right),$$

spin Hall effect

$$\delta F_1 = \frac{2m_f^2}{p^2} (X - 1) + \frac{m_f^2}{p^2} \left( 1 - \ln \frac{2p^2}{m_f^2} \right),$$

spin-perpendicular  
magnetic coupling

$$\delta F_2 = \frac{2m_f^2}{p^2} X + \frac{m_f^2}{p^2} \left( 1 - \ln \frac{2p^2}{m_f^2} \right),$$

spin-parallel  
magnetic coupling

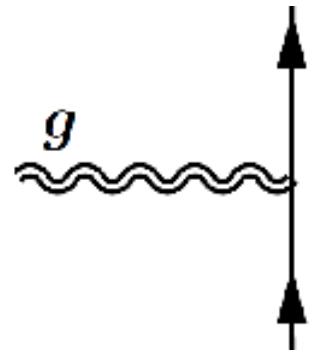
$$m_f^2 = \frac{1}{8} C_F g^2 T^2 \quad \text{quark thermal mass}$$

degeneracy partially  
lifted

SL, Tian, 2306.14811

# Spin polarization in hydrodynamic state

$$\langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{off-eq}} = \langle S^<(X, P) \rangle_{\text{eq}, h_{\mu\nu}}$$



# CKT for off-equilibrium state

$$\frac{i}{2} \not{\partial} S^< + \not{P} S^< = 0$$

$$S^< = \frac{1}{4} [ (1 + \gamma^5) \gamma^\mu R_\mu + (1 - \gamma^5) \gamma^\mu L_\mu ]$$

Hidaka, Pu, Yang 2016, 2017

$$R^\mu = -2\pi \delta(P^2) \left( P^\mu f_n + \frac{\epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} P_\rho n_\sigma}{2P \cdot n} \partial_\nu f_n \right)$$

$n^\mu$  arbitrary frame vector  $\rightarrow u^\mu$

$$\partial_i f \left( \frac{P \cdot u(X)}{T(X)} \right) \quad \text{modified KMS relation}$$

free theory dispersion +  
local equilibrium

$$f(p_0) \rightarrow f(p_0 - \frac{1}{2} \hat{p} \cdot \omega) \quad \text{modified distribution}$$



$$S^i \sim \left( \beta \omega^i + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_l \hat{p}_k \beta \sigma_{jl} + \partial_i \beta \right)$$

degenerate couplings to  
vorticity, shear, T-grad

# Classification of contributions to spin polarization

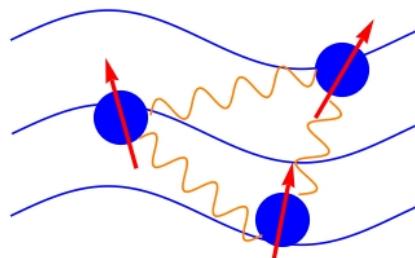
- modified spectral function
- modified distribution function
- modified KMS relation

At tree level, spin polarization in hydrodynamic QGP from  
**modified KMS + modified distribution**

# Radiative corrections to spin polarization in hydrodynamic QGP

- modified spectral function
- modified distribution function      in-medium gravitational FF    SL, Tian 2023
- modified KMS relation      Fang, Pu, Yang 2024

Focus on radiative correction to **spectral function**



Do quasi-particles get modified in hydrodynamic medium?

# Off-equilibrium spectral function

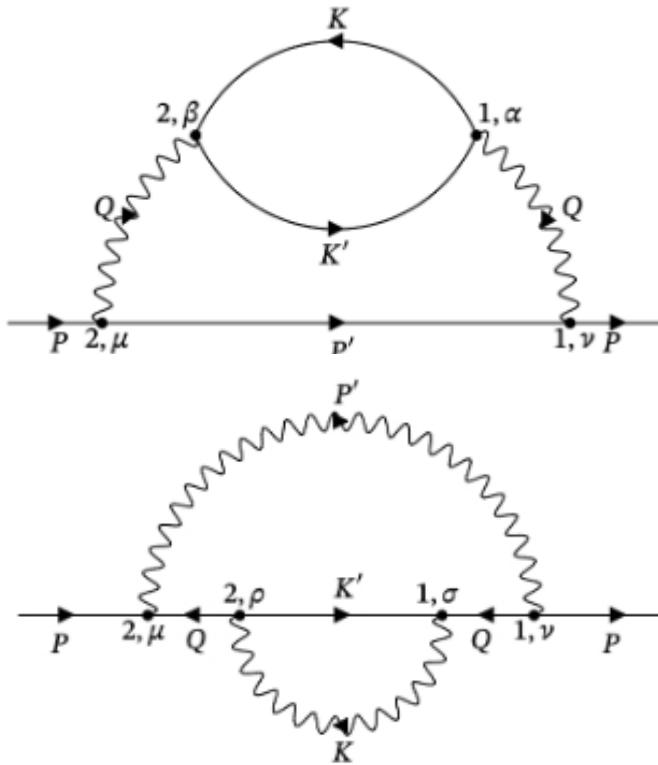
$$\rho_{\alpha\beta}(P) = \int d^4x e^{iP \cdot x} \langle \psi_\alpha(x) \bar{\psi}_\beta(0) + \bar{\psi}_\beta(0) \psi_\alpha(x) \rangle$$

$$S_{ra,\alpha\beta} = \int d^4x e^{iP \cdot x} \theta(x_0) \langle \psi_\alpha(x) \bar{\psi}_\beta(0) + \bar{\psi}_\beta(0) \psi_\alpha(x) \rangle$$

$$\rho(P) = 2\text{Re}[S_{ra}(P)] = 2\text{Im}[S_R]$$

valid for off-equilibrium state invariant under time-reversal

# Two-loop self-energy correction

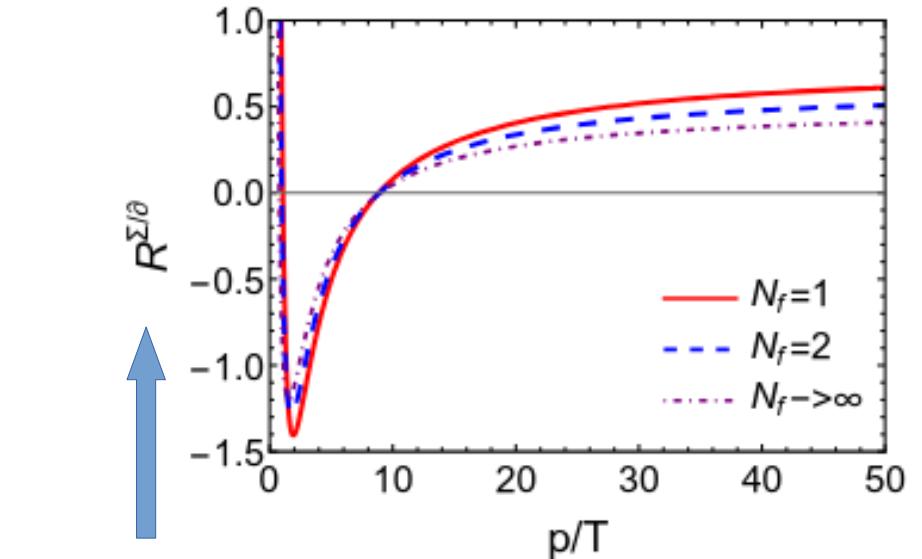


collisional effect

steady state  $\delta f \sim O\left(\frac{\partial}{g^4}\right)$

$$g^4 \times \delta f \sim O(\partial)$$

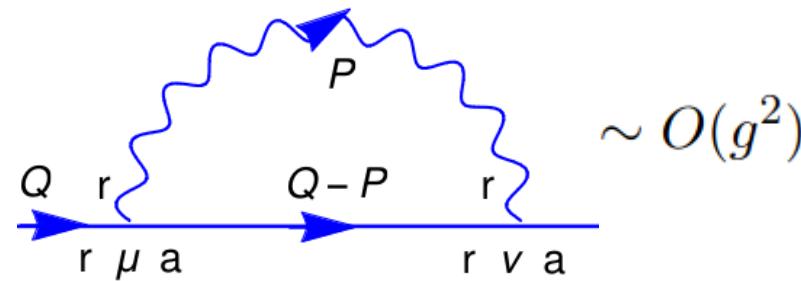
diagrammatic  
resummation  
Gagnon, Jeon,  
2006



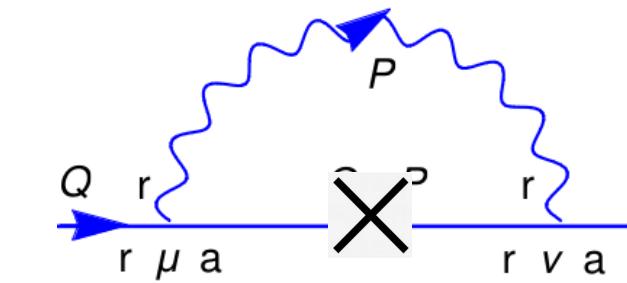
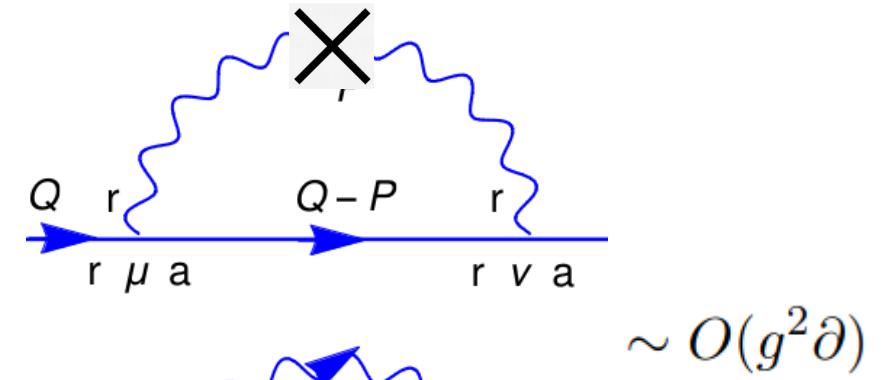
collisional/tree level

collisional contribution to spin-shear coupling:  
SL, Wang, 2022, 2024

# One-loop self-energy correction



equilibrium correction to  
spectral function



off-equilibrium correction to  
spectral function

both contribute to spin polarization!

# Self-energy correction to retarded function

$$\frac{i}{2} \not{\partial} S_R(X, P) + \not{P} S_R(X, P) - \left( \Sigma_R(X, P) S_R(X, P) + \frac{i}{2} \{ \Sigma_R(X, P), S_R(X, P) \}_{\text{PB}} \right) = -1$$

$$S_R = S_R^{(0)} + S_R^{(1)} + \dots,$$

$$\{A, B\}_{\text{PB}} = \partial_P A \cdot \partial_X B - \partial_X A \cdot \partial_P B.$$

slow-varying local equilibrium  
self-energy

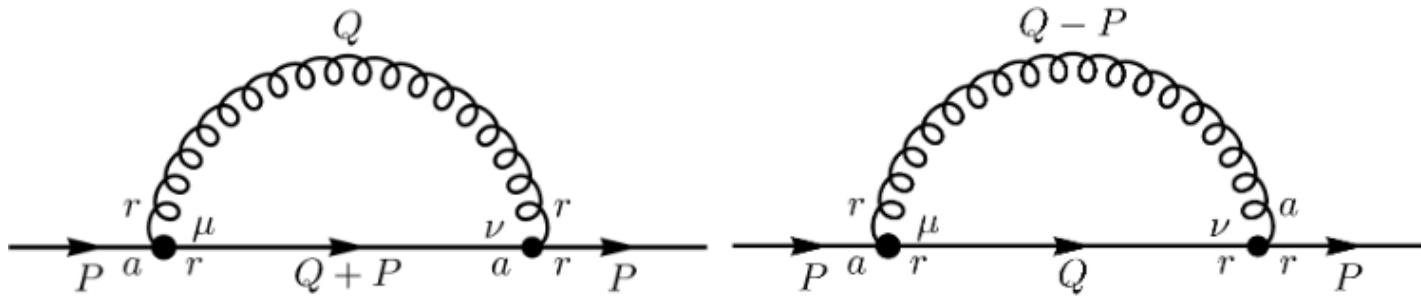
$$S_R^{(0)} = -\frac{1}{\not{P}} - \frac{1}{\not{P}} \Sigma_R \frac{1}{\not{P}}$$

$$S_R^{(1)} = -\frac{1}{\not{P}} \delta \Sigma_R \frac{1}{\not{P}} + \gamma^5 \gamma^\beta P^\nu T^{\mu\lambda} \epsilon_{\beta\lambda\mu\nu} \frac{-1}{(P^2)^2} \quad T_{\mu\lambda} = \partial_{[\mu} \Sigma_{\lambda]}^R$$

equilibrium/off-equilibrium self-energy

SL, Tian, 2410.22935

# Equilibrium self-energy



$P \gg T$ ,  $P^2 \ll p/\beta$ ,

Energetic particle  
close to mass shell

$$\frac{\Sigma_{ar}}{g^2 C_F} = 2i\cancel{P}(A + B) + 4ip_0\gamma^0 A.$$

→  $p_0 = p(1 + 8A)$

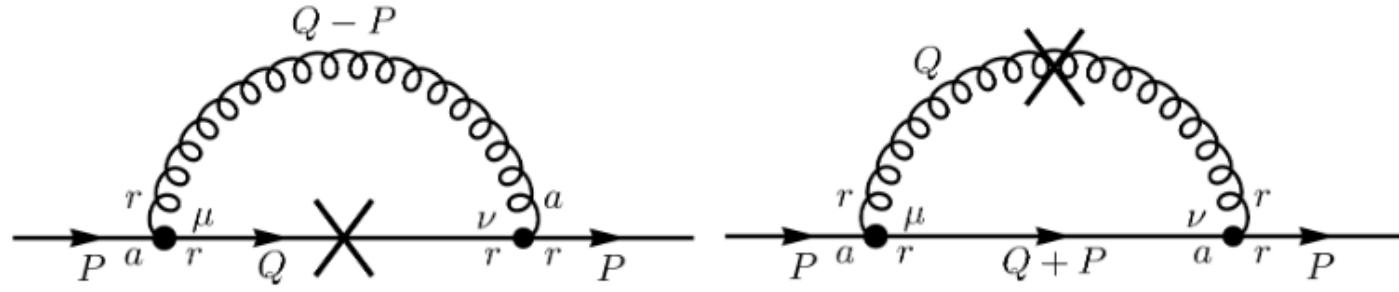
$$A = \frac{1}{2(2\pi)^2} \frac{-i\pi}{2p\beta}.$$

modified dispersion:  
finite damping

equilibrium self-  
energy linear in T

$$S_R^{(1)} = \gamma^5 \gamma_\beta P_\nu \partial_\mu \Sigma_\lambda^R \frac{-1}{(P^2)^2} \epsilon^{\beta\lambda\mu\nu} \sim O(T\partial)$$

# Off-equilibrium self-energy



off-equilibrium propagators for  
quark/gluon from CKT

Hidaka, Pu, Yang 2017

Huang et al 2020

Hattori, Hidaka, Yamamoto,  
Yang 2020

$$\frac{\delta \Sigma_{ar}}{g^2 C_F} = \gamma^5 \gamma^\mu \mathcal{A}_\mu,$$

$$P \gg T, \quad P^2 \ll p/\beta,$$

Energetic particle  
close to mass shell

$$\mathcal{A}^0 = i\omega^i p_i \beta (-4\delta A - 2\delta B),$$

$$\mathcal{A}^k = i\omega_\parallel^k \beta p (-4\delta A - 2\delta B) + \omega_\perp^k \beta p (-4\delta A - \delta B) + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_i \hat{p}_l \sigma_{jl} \beta p (-\delta B) + \epsilon^{ijk} p_i \partial_j \beta (-\delta C)$$

$$\delta C = \frac{1}{4(2\pi)^2} \left( \frac{-4C_a + 2C_b + i\pi C_a - 2C_a \ln \frac{p\beta(-1+a)}{2}}{2p\beta} \right) \quad a = p_0/p + i\eta.$$

off-equilibrium self-  
energy T-independent

$$\delta S_R^{(0)} = -\frac{1}{P} \delta \Sigma_R \frac{1}{P} \sim O(p\partial)$$

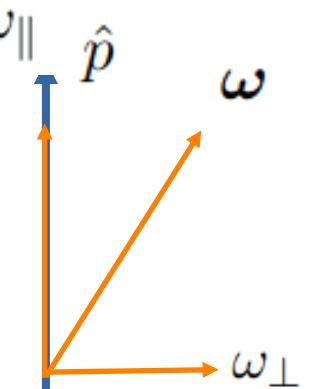
dominate equilibrium  
contribution

# Polarized quasi-particle

loop  $\int dp_0 \delta S^<(P) = \int dp_0 \delta \rho(P) f(p_0)$

$$= \frac{g^2 C_F}{2(2\pi)^2} \frac{\pi}{2p} \gamma^5 \gamma_i [0.95 \omega_{\parallel}^i + 1.48 \omega_{\perp}^i - 0.52 \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_j \hat{p}_l \sigma_{kl} - 0.02 \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_j \frac{\partial_k \beta}{\beta}] f(p),$$

tree  $\int dp_0 S_{(0)}^<(P) \simeq \gamma^5 \gamma_i \frac{2\pi\beta}{2} \left( \omega^i + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_k \frac{\partial_j \beta}{\beta} + \epsilon^{ijk} \hat{p}_k \hat{p}_l \sigma_{lj} \right) f(p),$



degeneracy in couplings to vorticity, shear, T-grad lifted

Polarized quasi-particle  
SL, Tian, 2410.22935

# Conclusion

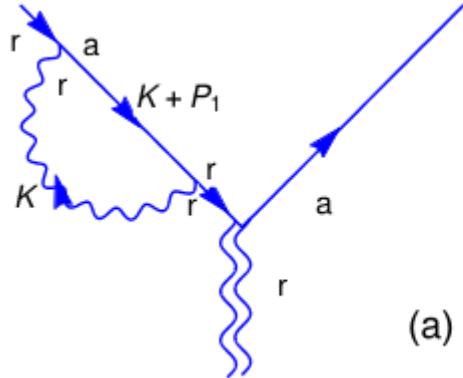
- ◆ Radiative correction to spin polarization in EM fields with electromagnetic FFs.
- ◆ Classification of contribution to polarization: modified spectral; modified distribution; modified KMS
- ◆ Radiative correction to spectral function in hydrodynamic QGP: spin polarized quasi-particles

# Outlook

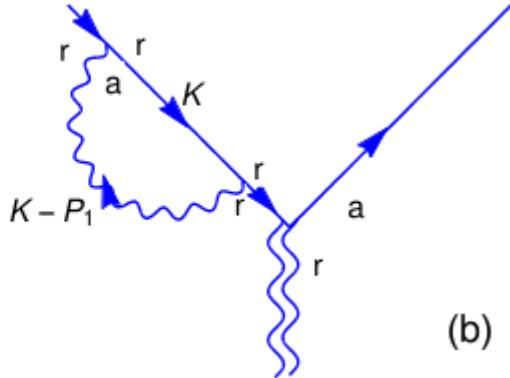
- ◆ Radiative correction to distribution function with gravitational FFs
- ◆ Radiative correction to modified KMS

Thank you!

# In-medium gravitational form factors



(a)



(b)

$$m_f \sim gT \ll p \ll T$$

loop correction to  
spin-vorticity  
coupling

$$\delta\Gamma^{\mu\nu} = \delta Z_+ \gamma^{\{\mu} P^{\nu\}}.$$

$$\delta Z_+ = \frac{m_f^2}{2p^2} \left( 1 - \ln \frac{2p^2}{m_f^2} \right)$$

tree level spin-  
vorticity coupling

$$\Gamma_{\mu\nu} = \gamma^{\{\mu} P^{\nu\}}$$